CITY OF LINCOLN, NEBRASKA



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

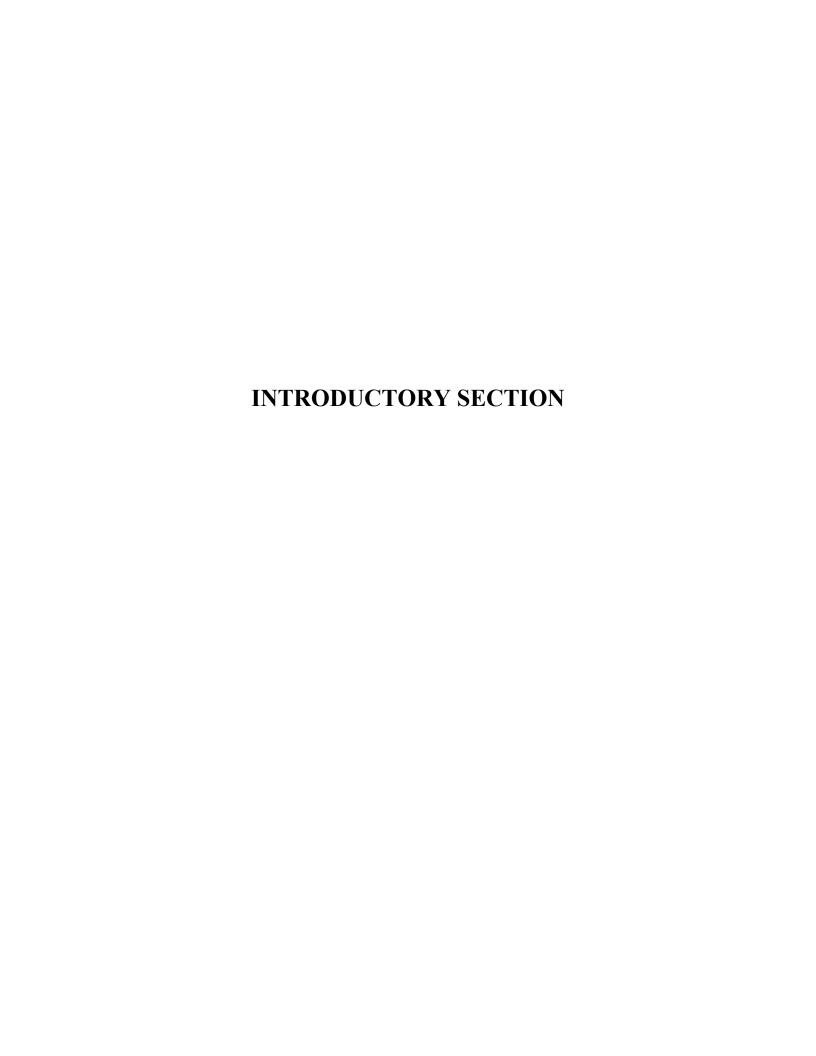
OF THE

CITY OF LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

Prepared by:

The Accounting Division of the Finance Department



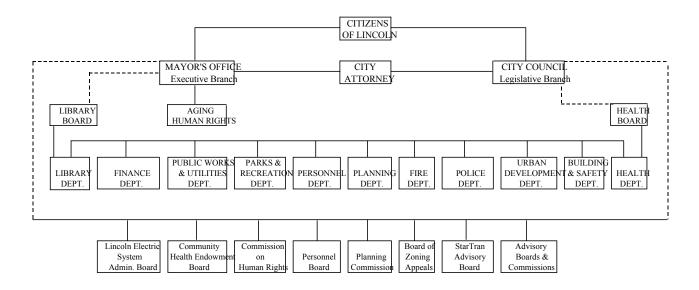
OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF LINCOLN

Don Wesely	Mayor
Jonathan Cook	
Jon Camp	
Glenn Friendt	
Annette McRoy	Council Member
Coleen Seng	
Ken Svoboda	
Terry Werner	Council Member

* * * * * *

Don Herz	Finance Director
Marvin Krout	Planning Director
Lynn Johnson	Parks and Recreation Director
Terry Bundy	Lincoln Electric System Administrator
Marc Wullschleger	
Carol Connor	Library Director
Allan Abbott	Public Works/Utilities Director
Mike Merwick	Building and Safety Director
Bruce Dart	Health Director
Georgia Glass	Personnel Director
Dana Roper	City Attorney
Thomas Casady	Police Chief
Mike Spadt	Fire Chief

CITY OF LINCOLN ORGANIZATION CHART



CITY OF LINCOLN, NE

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

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January 4, 2003

Dear Citizens and Public Officials:

I am pleased to submit the City of Lincoln's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2002.

Fiscal discipline is the rule of my Administration. We enforce fiscal responsibility to stay within the operating budget, despite difficult economic times. Our stable city government is an asset to Lincoln's overall economy.

Lincoln residents are proud of our City. The City's future is bright as it continues to grow and prosper. City finances are solid. Many departments continue to meet the increasing demand for services without additional resources.

Our ability to manage the City's fiscal affairs and ensure a full disclosure of the City's fiscal condition is exhibited by the unqualified audit opinion that follows. I am proud to report that the 2001 report submitted to the Government Finance Officers Association was recognized with the prestigious Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the nineteenth consecutive year. This recognition is a credit to the City and a compliment to our dedicated Finance Department.

I express a special thank you to the Finance Department employees for their commitment in dealing with these complex accounting issues and to all the city departments for their cooperation in the preparation of this document.

Sincerely,

Don Wesely Mayor of Lincoln (THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

January 3, 2003

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Lincoln:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2002, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the government's financial activities including all currently effective statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Single Audit Sections.

- ◆ The Introductory Section, which is unaudited, contains a listing of the Officials of the City of Lincoln, an Organization Chart, a Table of Contents, a Letter of Transmittal from the Mayor, this Letter of Transmittal, and a reproduction of the City's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the year preceding the report.
- ♦ The Financial Section includes an Independent Auditors' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements (including Notes to the Financial Statements), Combining, Subcombining, and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, and narrative explanations which can be used in understanding combining, subcombining, and individual fund statements and schedules.
- ♦ The Statistical Section, which is unaudited, presents comparative data for several periods of time or contains data from sources other than the accounting records. Statistical tables differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than two fiscal years and may present non-accounting data. Statistical tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends, and the fiscal capacity of the government.
- ◆ The Single Audit Section contains information related to the City's annual single audit, which is required under the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Included are a Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Notes to Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*, the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133, and a Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

The City of Lincoln provides a full range of services, including public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health, planning and zoning, parks, recreation, urban development, mass transportation, ambulance transport, electric utility, water utility, wastewater utility, sanitary landfill, golf courses, auditorium, parking facilities, and general administrative services. The City Council exercises budgetary and/or rate setting authority over the City Library and Lincoln Electric System (LES), neither of which are legally separate from the City and are thus included as part of the primary government. The Lincoln Water System, Lincoln

Wastewater System, Emergency Medical Services, Parking Lots, Parking Facilities, Golf Courses and Pershing Municipal Auditorium are all part of administrative departments under the direction of the Mayor and are included as part of the primary government. Separately audited financial statements are available for LES, Lincoln Water System, Lincoln Wastewater System, Emergency Medical Services, the City's Sanitary Landfill, and the Community Health Permanent Endowment Trust.

Economic Condition And Outlook

Population growth is one of the best indicators of a community's economic well being. As such, the Lincoln metropolitan area's population growth during the past several years reflects a community that is economically viable and is strongly positioned to meet future challenges.

The Lincoln metropolitan area population base (Lancaster County) continues to demonstrate a pattern of sustained growth. According to the U. S. Census figures, the Lincoln metropolitan area population grew over 17% between 1990 and 2000, adding over 3,350 people to the community each year. The 1990 population of 213,641 reached 250,291 persons with the 2000 census, setting the County's annualized rate of population growth for the 1990's at 1.6 percent.

While such a growth rate may be modest by some standards, this healthy pace of expansion places Lincoln as one of the fastest growing communities in this region. Recent projections envision Lincoln to continue to grow at a rate of 1.5 percent per year. As importantly, the City of Lincoln continues to absorb about 90% of all growth in Lancaster County.

Lincoln's unemployment rate at August 31, 2002, was 3%, well below the national average of 5.7%. Lincoln employment is strongest in the categories of government, services, and wholesale and retail trade.

Lincoln's construction activity has remained fairly stable over the past 5 years based on the number of permits issued. The total value of all forms of 2002 construction permits has risen approximately \$225 million over 1997 values.

Current net sales and use tax revenue increased 2% over the previous fiscal year.

Long-Term Planning And Major Initiatives

Urban Development

The City anticipates approximately \$15 million of public expenditures funded through various urban development projects and programs over the next three years. These projects are varied in type and size and are located in the Downtown and Haymarket areas, North 27th Street area, Havelock and University Place business areas, Focus Area neighborhoods and the Antelope Valley project area, and in low and moderate income areas throughout the City.

Financing will be provided by a variety of sources, including CDBG, HOME, EDI Special Project and Nebraska Affordable Housing Trust Fund grants, Tax Increment Financing, Advanced Land Acquisition funds, Special Assessments, General Fund and Street Construction funds. Funding is often combined with developer, grant or other private sector funds.

The City's involvement will vary depending upon the project and could likely include property acquisition, relocation and demolition; housing rehabilitation and development; commercial development; and construction of public improvements including parking, sidewalks, infrastructure and streetscapes.

Ongoing and anticipated projects include:

- ♦ Downtown Redevelopment Projects:
 - 1) Sale and redevelopment of the Old Federal Building
 - 2) Development of a downtown entertainment center
 - 3) Downtown I-180 entryway improvements
 - 4) 12th, "N" to "Q" Streets streetscape project

- ♦ The North 27th Street Corridor redevelopment projects include:
 - 1) Redevelopment of the "Old Broom Factory" site, "X" to "Y" Streets
 - 2) Redevelopment of 27th Street north of the alley between "O" and "P" Streets to "P" Street
 - 3) Redevelopment of the east side of 27th Street at approximately "X" Street
 - 4) Redevelopment of the east side of 27th Street between "S" and "T" Streets
 - 5) Construction of the pedestrian trail bridge at "X" Street
- Antelope Valley community revitalization projects as identified in the Redevelopment Plan, currently in progress with completion of the Plan anticipated in August, 2003
- Housing rehabilitation and development programs:
 - 1) Continuation of First-time Homebuyer, Investor-Owner, and Owner-Occupied housing rehabilitation loan programs
 - 2) Participation in Elliott School District Revitalization Project with Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (NIFA)
 - 3) Continuation of Troubled Property program
 - 4) Acquisition and development of Old Mill Village with Nebraska Housing Resource
- ♦ Housing Rehabilitation and Real Estate Division projects also include:
 - 1) Planning and negotiation for acquisition of park sites
 - 2) Acquisition and negotiation projects South 14th Street widening; Yankee Hill widening, 27th 40th; South 84th Street Widening (3 phases); Vine Street widening, 22nd 26th; Antelope Valley 19th Street, K Q; Storm Water management, Phase I, II & III; Vine Street bridge replacement; Salt Valley trunk sewer phase IIB; Pioneer Park pumping station project; 84th Street water main; East "O" Street widening; Pioneers Boulevard widening, 70th to 84th Streets; Sewer District 1175; special assessment and executive order projects; various projects in Public Works/Utilities 6-year program, other Parks and Recreation projects city-wide; and title research of water transmission Lincoln to Ashland
 - 3) Acquisition and disposition of surplus properties including tax sale lots, street and alley vacation, surplus park sites, surplus right-of-way and other miscellaneous properties
- Neighborhood Revitalization projects include:
 - Focus Areas Implementation of focus area public improvements. The focus areas are located in the Woods Park, Near South, Malone, Everett, Clinton, Downtown, North Bottoms and South Salt Creek neighborhoods. Projects include North Bottoms lighting and signage improvements and Vine Street revitalization.
- ♦ The Workforce Investment Act (WIA) is federal legislation which took effect on July 1, 2000. Under this legislation, Mayor Don Wesely is the designated Chief Elected Official and has appointed a 48 member Workforce Investment Board. This Board is constituted by law with a business majority. Other members represent community based organizations, education, economic development, organized labor, and program partner agencies. The Board and the Mayor developed a local plan to implement WIA which was approved by the State of Nebraska.

WIA has provided approximately \$2 million over the last three years to the workforce investment area of Lancaster and Saunders Counties. Gold's Galleria, located in downtown Lincoln, is the site of the newly remodeled One Stop Career Center.

Since 2000, the number of program partners providing access to services through the One Stop has increased from 5 to 21. And in the past year, over 15,000 customers have passed through the One Stop Career Center.

Antelope Valley Project

The City of Lincoln, Lower Platte South Natural Resources District and the University of Nebraska-Lincoln have jointly partnered with the Lincoln community to develop a set of strategies to strengthen the historical center of Nebraska's Capital City. The new stormwater, transportation and community revitalization

strategies have been incorporated into the Antelope Valley Amended Draft Single Package and formally approved by all three of the sponsoring governmental entities. The Joint Antelope Valley Authority (JAVA) has also submitted an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) proposing defined projects as the action that best satisfies the purposes and needs with the least adverse environmental impacts. The EIS was approved by a Record of Decision by the Federal Highway Administration on October 31, 2001.

When implemented the Antelope Valley Projects will provide significant benefits to the State of Nebraska. Recognizing these benefits, the State Legislature authorized and appropriated one million dollars each state fiscal year, for a period of 15 years, to the City of Lincoln to fund the various projects. The City is required to provide matching funds equal to the ratio of one dollar for each three dollars of the State distribution.

The Antelope Valley Projects include community revitalization strategies in the project area and the implementation of the Closer to Home Strategies, developed by neighborhood residents and the City's Urban Development Department, which includes street, alley, and curb improvements, housing rehabilitation, and neighborhood clean-ups. Additional community revitalization strategies will be further defined as part of the Redevelopment Plan process, and will include housing relocation, commercial development and strategies to further strengthen existing neighborhoods.

Other projects identified are the construction of the approximately 10.2 mile Antelope Valley Roadway, which includes an overpass over the mainline railway west of the Bob Devaney Center, an expanded 19th Street corridor, changing some streets from minor arterials to urban collectors and local streets, and reduction of the rail/vehicular/pedestrian conflicts at street crossings.

Also included is the implementation of the Antelope Valley flood control project by constructing a new, open channel to contain the waters of a designated "100-year" rainfall event. The new channel will be developed in a park-like atmosphere and a trail will be constructed along the length of the channel.

Work has begun on two projects that are part of the overall Antelope Valley Project. The Northeast Community Park project, located near 32nd and Leighton Streets, began in July, 2002, and will provide replacement ball fields for those University fields at 19th and Vine Streets that will be displaced due to the channel and roadway construction. Work began in January, 2003, on the first section of channel work between Salt Creek and the BNSF Railway.

Wastewater System

The Lincoln Wastewater System is projecting a capital improvements program in the amount of approximately \$65,921,100 over the 6-year period of 2002-2003 through 2007-2008. Of that total, approximately \$180,000 will be financed by developer contributions, approximately \$44,500,000 will be financed by revenue bonds, with the remaining \$21,241,100 to come from charges for services. The majority of these dollars are needed for nitrification and secondary treatment improvements at both the Theresa and Northeast treatment plants, trunk sewer extensions, disinfection and aeration system improvements at both treatment facilities, and general replacement of sanitary sewer lines.

Water System

The Lincoln Water System is projecting a capital improvements program in the amount of \$58,019,000 over the 6-year period of 2002-2003 through 2007-2008. Of these dollars, approximately \$30,000,000 will be financed through revenue bonds, approximately \$1,503,000 will be financed through developer contributions, \$530,000 will be financed by State funds, and the balance of \$25,986,000 will come from charges for services. The major projects contributing to these total dollars include the installation of transmission lines, replacement mains, replacement wells, and additional storage reservoirs.

Streets And Highways

The 2003-2008 Streets and Highways capital improvements program and Transportation improvement program identify average annual expenditures of over \$63 million for the next six years. Funding for these projects includes \$111 million in City revenues, \$208 million in federal aid, and \$60 million in other funds.

Infrastructure Impact Fees

The City's growth in both population and employment have created demands for new residential and nonresidential development, which in turn creates the need for additional public facilities, including water and wastewater systems, arterial streets, and neighborhood parks and trails. Under the City's current laws, taxes, fees, utility charges, and other forms of revenue generated from new development do not provide sufficient funds to finance these new facilities.

In response to these funding needs the City of Lincoln passed an ordinance to provide for the imposition of impact fees to ensure that facilities are available to serve new growth and that new development bears its proportionate share of the cost of improvements to the City's facilities. Impact fees for all types of new construction have been set and adopted by the City Council and are scheduled to begin June 2, 2003.

Internal Accounting Controls

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or dispositions, and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Several major internal controls within the Finance Department affect transactions from all City departments. The City Charter requires the City Controller to audit all departmental expenditures as to documentation, coding, etc., after they have been approved by the responsible department head. A monthly reconciliation is made between the City's accounting system and the Treasurer's Office. The Purchasing Ordinance requires that all purchase requisitions must include certification by the Director of the ordering department that money has been appropriated for that purpose. The City has a fixed asset system which includes monitoring acquisition and disposition of fixed assets. In addition to these major controls, there are numerous controls within the various departments. The above is not all-inclusive of the City's internal accounting controls, but serves to indicate that controls are adequate to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

As a recipient of federal, state and local financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the City.

As part of the City's Single Audit, tests were made of the City's internal control structure and its compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including those related to major federal financial assistance programs. The Single Audit for the year ended August 31, 2002, disclosed no material internal control weaknesses.

Accounting System And Budgetary Control

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/retained earnings, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. More information on descriptions of each fund and the accounting principles applied to each fund type is included in the Financial Section.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level by the encumbrance of balances with purchase orders prior to payment to vendors. Purchase orders which result in an overrun of department balances are not released until additional appropriations are made available. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at August 31, 2002. Except for certain Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds, budgets for Governmental Type Funds are adopted annually. Capital Project Funds are budgeted by

project and appropriations are continuing appropriations through completion of the project. Enterprise, Internal Service and Pension Trust Fund budgets are adopted annually.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Property Tax Collections

As of August 31, 2002, current tax collections by the County Treasurer were 96.35% of the tax levy, a decrease of .28% from last year. Allocations of property tax levy by purpose for 2001-2002, and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

City Tax Levy By Purpose	<u>2001-2002</u>	<u>2000-2001</u>	<u>1999-2000</u>
General Fund	.17798	.18692	.18282
Library	.05219	.04673	.04614
Social Security	.01527	.01576	.01632
Police And Fire Pension	.01261	.01090	.01057
General Obligation Debt	.05647	.06356	.06802

Parking Facilities

The City of Lincoln operates the following parking garages:

	Number	Date
	Of Stalls	<u>Opened</u>
Center Park	1,048	November, 1978
Cornhusker Square	405	December, 1983
University Square	436	April, 1990
Que Place	700	October, 1994
Carriage Park	710	February, 1995
Market Place	430	August, 2000
Haymarket	420	August, 2002

The City's parking garages have been built to promote downtown redevelopment efforts by working with private industry in providing necessary parking to various businesses in the downtown area.

Revenue generated by the parking facilities and on-street parking meters, as well as unappropriated street construction funds, are pledged for debt service of both the 2001 Parking Revenue Bonds and the 1999 Parking Revenue and Refunding bonds. Comparative data for the past two fiscal years are presented in the following table:

-5 mo. 0.	<u>2001-2002</u>	<u>2000-2001</u>
Operating Revenue	\$4,347,985	3,964,969
Operating Income Before Depreciation	2,383,596	1,837,619
On-Street Parking Meter Revenue	935,000	932,190
Revenue Available For Debt Service	3,318,596	2,769,809
Debt Service	2,160,650	1,696,538
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.54	1.63

Sanitary Landfill

The City of Lincoln owns and operates a solid waste disposal area and a construction and demolition disposal area which are subject to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency rule "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria", which establishes closure and postclosure care requirements. As of August 31, 2002, the City estimates that it will incur costs approximating \$16 million to adhere to such requirements (see Note 19 of Notes to the Financial Statements).

Water And Wastewater System

The City's Water Utility System showed an increase in operating revenue and a decrease in operating income. Comparative data for the past two fiscal years is presented in the following table:

Water System	<u>2001-2002</u>	<u>2000-2001</u>
Operating Revenue	\$22,064,404	20,869,133
Operating Income	5,459,267	5,487,655
Revenue Available For Debt Service	11,213,356	11,326,824
Debt Service	4,990,590	4,995,075
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	2.25	2.27

The City's Wastewater Utility System showed an increase in operating revenue and a decrease in operating income. Comparative data for the past two fiscal years is presented in the following table:

Wastewater System	<u>2001-2002</u>	<u>2000-2001</u>
Operating Revenue	\$15,026,486	14,945,415
Operating Income	2,366,636	3,499,364
Revenue Available For Debt Service	7,063,462	8,576,287
Debt Service	1,309,347	1,317,472
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	5.39	6.51

Lincoln Electric System (LES)

The City owns and operates its own electric utility system which is managed by an administrative board. Actions of the board with regard to rates, budgets, and long-term financing are subject to final review and approval by the City Council. In accordance with Section 2.55.090 of the Lincoln Municipal Code, LES operates on a January 1 - December 31, fiscal year. Audited financial information as of and for LES' fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, is included in the City's August 31, 2002, financial statements.

Cash Management

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in interest-bearing deposits of U.S. government securities. During the 2001-2002 fiscal year, 98.91% of available funds were invested in interest-bearing deposits or government securities. The average yield on investments was 2.69%. Note 4 of Notes to the Financial Statements discloses the City's investment policies and the manner in which these investments are held.

Risk Management

The City's Risk Management Division is responsible for the administration of insurance and self-insurance loss control, wellness, benefits, claims administration and collections to control and finance the City's loss exposures. Responsibilities include researching insurance markets, preparing bid specifications and cost-effectively purchasing coverage; reviewing coverage; budgeting annual costs and maintaining actuarial soundness of self-insured claims funds; administering self-insured claims programs in a cost effective manner; and increasing City effectiveness in subrogation/collection recoveries, along with leading the City's safety/loss control and wellness efforts. The City has a high self-insured retention for workers' compensation,

general liability, and employee long-term disability. The City also has some liability exposures related to public officials, property, law enforcement, and public transportation. These programs remain successful for the City. Since implementation, the self-insurance programs have provided the City considerable savings compared to fully insuring all loss exposures.

Independent Audit

The City Charter requires an annual audit to be made of all City funds and accounts by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. The Federal government, under the revised OMB Circular A-133, and the Single Audit Act of 1984 as amended by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, requires local governments that expend \$300,000 or more in Federal funds in any fiscal year to have a financial and compliance audit performed. Through the efforts of the Finance Department staff and staff from the Public Works and Aging Services departments, the City was able to accommodate the Federal government's single audit requirements for grants.

Certificate Of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2001. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I would also like to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Don Herz Finance Director

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lincoln, Nebraska

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2001

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

Executive Director

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lincoln, Nebraska:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2002, which collectively comprise the City of Lincoln, Nebraska's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska as of August 31, 2002, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and street construction fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in notes 1 and 3, the City of Lincoln, Nebraska has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, No. 37, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, and GASB Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2003, on our consideration of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 14 and the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions included in note 13 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements listed in the foregoing table of contents and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

/s/ KPMG LLP

January 3, 2003

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska (the City) offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2002. Please consider this discussion in conjunction with the additional information provided in the Letter of Transmittal (beginning on page viii) and the transactions, events and conditions reflected in the City's financial statements (beginning on page 16).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at August 31, 2002, by \$1,072,976,089 (net assets). Of this amount, \$125,959,478 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$70,126,667. Of this amount \$54,675,536, or 78 percent, was an increase in governmental activities and \$15,451,131, or 22 percent, related to business-type activities.
- As of August 31, 2002, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$170,547,426, an increase of \$11,161,199 in comparison with the prior year. Over half of this total amount, \$96,798,919, is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- As of August 31, 2002, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$36,735,397, or 47 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total bonded debt increased by \$108,337,000 (27 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was the issuance of \$141,150,000 in revenue bonds by Lincoln Electric System.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the year ended August 31, 2002. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general administrative services, public safety, streets and highways, health, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, libraries, aging services, job programs, urban development, mass transportation, engineering, self-insurance, and fleet management. The business-type activities of the City include water, wastewater and electric utilities, ambulance transport, sanitary landfill, golf courses, auditorium, and parking.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-17 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and government-wide activities.

The City maintains thirty-eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Street Construction fund, and the Community Health Permanent Endowment fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and most other governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General and Street Construction major funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-22 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its parking facilities and lots, golf courses, auditorium, sanitary landfill, ambulance services, wastewater, water, and electric systems. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its data processing, engineering, insurance, fleet management, telecommunications, and copy services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Wastewater and Electric Systems, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statement. Individual fund data for these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-25 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30-62 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its police and fire employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 54 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis requires focus on the current-year results in comparison with the prior year and the positive and negative aspects of this comparison. Since 2002 is the first year to report government-wide activities on the accrual basis of accounting, a comparison to the prior year is not possible in all areas of analysis. In subsequent years' reports, the current year/prior year comparisons will be displayed to enhance the reader's understanding of the City's financial position and results of operations.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,072,976,089 at August 31, 2002.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (74 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, utility plant, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City Of Lincoln Condensed Statement of Net Assets August 31, 2002

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current and Other Assets	\$	223,316,292	308,555,656	531,871,948
Capital Assets	_	372,780,466	855,103,760	1,227,884,226
Total Assets		596,096,758	1,163,659,416	1,759,756,174
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		82,430,754	509,299,026	591,729,780
Other Liabilities	_	19,897,186	75,153,119	95,050,305
Total Liabilities		102,327,940	584,452,145	686,780,085
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt		321,761,052	476,054,560	797,815,612
Restricted		101,499,367	47,701,632	149,200,999
Unrestricted	_	70,508,399	55,451,079	125,959,478
Total Net Assets	\$	493,768,818	579,207,271	1,072,976,089

An additional portion of the City's net assets (14 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (12 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At August 31, 2002, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

City Of Lincoln Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Year ended August 31, 2002

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Revenues:	•			
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	33,708,219	214,711,471	248,419,690
Operating Grants and Contributions		56,861,307	3,296	56,864,603
Capital Grants and Contributions		22,629,262	6,073,286	28,702,548
General Revenues:		, ,	, ,	, ,
Property Taxes		34,991,750	_	34,991,750
Sales and Use Tax		47,049,405	_	47,049,405
Other Taxes		20,414,161	_	20,414,161
Unrestricted Grants and Contributions		3,425,878	_	3,425,878
Investment Income		3,495,539	5,239,848	8,735,387
Other		1,407,755	353,338	1,761,093
Total Revenues	•	223,983,276	226,381,239	450,364,515
Expenses:				
General Government		23,530,070	_	23,530,070
Public Safety		58,784,389	_	58,784,389
Streets and Highways		21,073,128	_	21,073,128
Culture and Recreation		21,219,904	_	21,219,904
Economic Opportunity		14,097,457	_	14,097,457
Health and Welfare		18,133,340	_	18,133,340
Mass Transit		8,176,390	_	8,176,390
Equipment Management		906,227	_	906,227
Engineering Services		1,810,386	_	1,810,386
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Debt		2,680,738	_	2,680,738
Parking		-	3,914,224	3,914,224
Golf Courses		-	2,785,793	2,785,793
Auditorium		-	2,303,780	2,303,780
Sanitary Landfill		-	5,428,560	5,428,560
Ambulance Transport		-	3,518,764	3,518,764
Wastewater		-	12,659,850	12,659,850
Water		-	18,206,099	18,206,099
Electric		-	161,026,000	161,026,000
Total Expenses		170,412,029	209,843,070	380,255,099
Increase in Net Assets Before Transfers		53,571,247	16,538,169	70,109,416
Transfers		1,104,289	(1,087,038)	17,251
Increase in Net Assets	•	54,675,536	15,451,131	70,126,667
Net Assets 09/01/01		439,093,282	563,756,140	1,002,849,422
Net Assets 08/31/02	\$	493,768,818	579,207,271	1,072,976,089

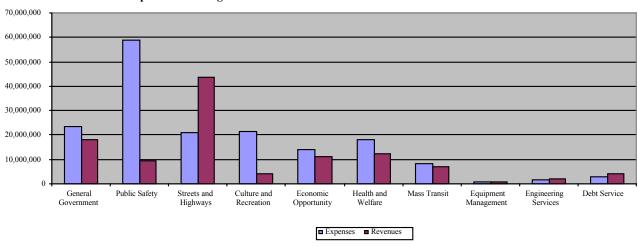
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$54,675,536, accounting for 78 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the City of Lincoln. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

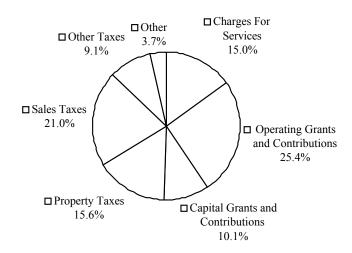
- Property taxes increased by approximately \$2.1 million (6 percent) during 2002. Adjustments were made to property values to comply with state guidelines regarding the relationship of taxable valuations to market value. The value created by new growth (improvements, new construction, additions of new property, and annexations) in the tax base was 4.3%, prior to the revaluation of property. Total growth in the tax base, which includes revaluations and other adjustments, was 11.5%.
- Net sales and use tax increased by approximately \$3.1 million (7.0 percent) during 2002. A significant factor in this increase was a 27.5 percent reduction in the amount of sales and use taxes that were refunded pursuant to a business expansion incentive program created by State law. Gross sales and use tax, which is the amount collected before the business incentive refunds, increased by 4.6 percent during 2002. This percentage increase more closely mirrors the economic growth within the City during 2002.

- Operating and capital grants increased as a result of several major construction projects receiving state and federal funding and an aggressive grant application strategy undertaken during 2002.
- For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. One noteworthy exception was the City's highways and streets program. The growth in expenses reflects the City's decision to change its policy regarding the letting of construction projects. Previously, the policy was to delay letting of contracts until adequate cash was on hand to pay for the contract. The current policy is to award contracts when the resources have been secured even if some of the resources are received in subsequent periods.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



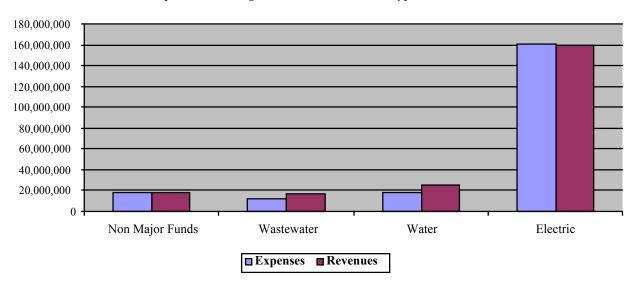
Revenues By Source - Governmental Activities



BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

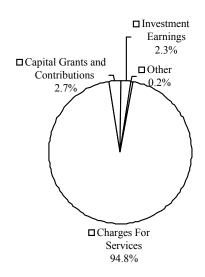
Business-type activities increased the city's net assets by \$15,451,131, accounting for 22 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services increased by approximately \$5.5 million, or 3 percent. The Water System accounts for a significant portion of this increase, largely due to increased water usage related to the severe drought conditions experienced by Nebraska this past year. In June 2002, the Mayor of the City of Lincoln asked the customers of the System to voluntarily comply with alternate day watering restrictions, which became mandatory a month later. These restrictions lasted into September 2002. Revenues also increased for the Electric System due to 22% higher wholesale revenue from an increase in wholesale sales.
- Capital Contributions were an increased revenue source for the Water System as the result of significant construction activity during the year.



Expenses And Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Revenues By Source - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of August 31, 2002, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$170,547,426, an increase of \$11,161,199 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, 57 percent constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to:

- liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$20,838,111),
- pay debt service (\$12,630,821),
- generate income for the purpose of funding health and health-related programs for the citizens of Lincoln (\$37,000,000), and
- a variety of other restricted purposes (\$3,279,575).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At August 31, 2002, the unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$36,735,397, while total fund balance reached \$38,131,061. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 47 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 49 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$2,443,129 during 2002. Due to a weakening economy at the federal and state level, plus a slowing of the growth rate of the City's sales tax revenues, several steps were taken early in the year that resulted in reductions of General fund expenditures. These steps included a:

- freeze on certain capital improvement projects funded with General funds,
- temporary hiring freeze that delayed the filling of approximately 30 positions,
- temporary travel freeze that saved approximately \$72,000 when comparing budget to actual dollars spent.

The Street Construction fund had a total fund balance of \$22,840,924, which is to be used in the construction and maintenance of street and highways. The net decrease in fund balance during 2002 in the Street Construction fund was \$3,058,635. This decrease was anticipated as a result of the Public Works department's strategy to increase its capital construction program and to implement the acceleration of the awarding of construction contracts.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Wastewater System, Water System, Electric System, and other enterprise funds amounted to \$14,798,667, \$8,703,342, \$29,226,000 and \$2,723,070, respectively, at August 31, 2002. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor (decrease of \$74,416 in appropriations) and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$(120,526) in miscellaneous decreases in general government activities.
- \$22,500 in increases allocated to traffic engineering.
- \$23,697 in increases allocated to street maintenance.
- \$(208,000) in decreases allocated to parks and recreation.
- \$207,913 in increases allocated for general fund transfers to other City funds.

Variances between actual General fund revenues and expenditures and the final amended budget included the following:

- \$2,913,599 positive variance in property taxes. Actual property tax collections were 96% for the 2001 levy, while estimated tax revenue is based on 90% collections as provided by the City Charter.
- \$(2,068,594) negative variance in sales taxes. Projected collections for 2002 reflect a 6.7% increase over prior year collections, while 2002 actual collections on a budget basis increased by only 2% due to refunds and a slowing economy.
- \$1,485,807 positive variance in occupation taxes. Actual collections include the receipt of underpayments of the telecommunications tax in prior years.
- \$2,283,552 positive variance in general government/miscellaneous function expenditures. This variance was the result of better than anticipated insurance costs, delayed expenditures when possible in anticipation of reduced revenues, and contingency funds left unspent.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of August 31, 2002, amounts to \$1,227,884,226 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, streets, bridges, storm sewers, electric plant, and water and sewer plant. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for 2002 was 8 percent (a 14 percent increase for governmental activities and a 6 percent increase for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during 2002 included the following:

- Construction was completed on two new library facilities; current year expenditures were \$1,579,702.
- Construction was completed on a new swimming pool; current year expenditures were \$1,672,458.
- Construction was completed on a new community recreation center; current year expenditures were \$1,449,845.
- 20 new buses were added to the City's bus system at a value of \$5,107,150.
- A variety of street construction widening and expansion projects for existing streets and bridges began; construction-in-progress as of August 31, 2002, reached \$55,410,408. Current year expenditures for street construction right-of-way were approximately \$6,012,000.
- The utility plant increase represents the completion of the Rokeby 3 unit (a simple cycle industrial-frame peaking unit). The design and construction of the Salt Valley Generating Station began in 2001 and will be commercial in 2003.
- Wastewater System anaerobic digester modifications and improvements; construction-in-progress as of August 31, 2002, is \$3,305,930.

- Wastewater System aeration system improvements; construction-in-progress as of August 31, 2002, is \$2,780,457.
- Construction of a 10 million gallon water storage reservoir; construction-in-progress as of August 31, 2002, reached \$3,393,317.
- Major modification to existing Water System pumping facilities; the asset was placed in service during 2002 at a total cost of \$3,256,910.
- Construction of new and replacement water distribution mains and related projects; construction-in-progress as of August 31, 2002, reached \$8,423,251.
- Construction of a softball complex, through the partnership of the City, University of Nebraska, and a private investor, was completed in the current year. Ownership of the facilities passed to the City through a lease arrangement with the University and the private investor. Total value of the softball complex was recorded at \$3,000,000. The related baseball complex was recorded as an asset in 2001.

City Of Lincoln Capital Assets (net of depreciation) August 31, 2002 and 2001

		Governmental			Business-type							
	_	Activities			Activities				Total			
		2002		2001		2002	2002 2001			2002		2001
Land	\$	37,810,841	30	0,992,503		14,185,253		13,592,178		51,996,094		44,584,681
Buildings		42,017,061	2	7,384,764		123,066,708	12	20,649,382		165,083,769		148,034,146
Improvements Other Than Buildings		31,967,261	2	7,765,012		225,201,069	2	15,839,899		257,168,330		243,604,911
Machinery and Equipment		29,958,223	2	3,025,302		10,731,801		10,493,886		40,690,024		33,519,188
Utility Plant		-		-		396,247,000	30	63,635,000		396,247,000		363,635,000
Infrastructure		171,464,392	16	5,198,108		-		-		171,464,392		166,198,108
Construction-in-progress	_	59,562,688	5	0,397,524		85,671,929	:	84,564,371	_	145,234,617	_	134,961,895
Total	\$	372,780,466	32:	5,763,213		855,103,760	8	08,774,716	_	1,227,884,226	_	1,134,537,929

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 43-45 of this report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At August 31, 2002, the City of Lincoln had total bonded debt outstanding of \$504,645,000. Of this amount, \$56,687,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City and \$310,000 is special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City Of Lincoln Outstanding Bonded Debt (dollar amounts in thousands) August 31, 2002 and 2001

	Governmental		Busines	ss-type			
	 Activities		Activ	rities	Total		
	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 56,687	53,998	-	-	56,687	53,998	
Special Assessment Debt With							
Governmental Commitment	310	420	-	-	310	420	
Tax-supported Revenue Bonds	11,080	-	-	-	11,080	-	
Revenue Bonds	 		436,568	341,890	436,568	341,890	
Total	\$ 68,077	54,418	436,568	341,890	504,645	396,308	

The City's total debt increased by \$108,377,000 (27 percent) during 2002. The key factor in this increase was a \$141,150,000 revenue bond issuance for the City's electric system to fund construction of the Salt Valley Generating Station. The City also issued \$7,500,000 in storm sewer bonds to finance drainage improvements in existing residential areas; \$11,080,000 in tax-supported Antelope Valley project bonds; \$6,000,000 in parking revenue bonds issued primarily for construction of the City's Haymarket parking garage.

During 2002, the City issued revenue refunding bonds to refinance previously outstanding golf course revenue bonds to take advantage of favorable interest rates. The result is expected to be a decrease in future debt service payments of \$600,533.

In addition, \$35,510,000 in outstanding Lincoln Electric 1992 Series A bonds were refunded with taxable commercial paper notes. LES advance refunded the 1992 bonds to restructure its debt and to provide for more flexible covenants and improve business operation.

The City maintains the following credit ratings:

	Moody's	Standard	Fitch
	Investors	And	Investors
	<u>Service</u>	Poor's	<u>Service</u>
General Obligation Bonds	Aa1	AAA	
Municipal Infrastructure			
Redevelopment Fund Bonds	Aa2	AAA	
Water Revenue	Aa2	AA+	
Parking Revenue	A2	A	
Electric Revenue:			
1993 Bonds	Aa2	AA+	AA
1998 Bonds	Aa2	AA	AA
2001 Bonds	Aa2	AA	AA
Commercial Paper – tax exemp	t	A1+	F1+
Commercial Paper – taxable	MIG 1	A1+	F1+

Under the City's Home Rule Charter, there is no legal debt margin.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 of the notes to the financial statements on pages 46-51 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The increase in the City's property tax base provided by real growth is estimated at 3.2% for 2003. Total growth, including revaluations of current property, is estimated at 3.8%
- Sales tax collections have increased by 2% over each of the past two years, with current collections through January 2003 also showing an increase over the same period in 2002. The sales tax base has been expanded by the Nebraska Legislature to include certain services. Sales tax collections have been negatively impacted by slowing economic growth and record high rate of refunds which are part of the business incentives provided by State law.
- Current overall revenue growth is projected to slow to less than 2%.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2003 fiscal year.

During 2002, unreserved fund balance in the general fund increased to \$36,735,397. The City of Lincoln anticipates appropriating \$6,111,631 of this amount for spending in the 2003 fiscal year budget. It is intended that this use of available fund balance will avoid the need to raise property taxes during the 2003 fiscal year.

The water and electric utility rates were increased for the 2003 budget year. The water rates were increased by 7 percent while the average increase in the electric rates was 4 percent. The rate increases affected both residential and industrial consumers by approximately the same percentage. These increases are necessary to fund debt service on the new debt issued by the utilities.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lincoln's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lincoln, Finance Department, 555 South 10th Street, Lincoln, NE 68508.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AUGUST 31, 2002

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 79,163,708	5,851,755	85,015,463
Investments	93,836,199	42,354,372	136,190,571
Invested Securities Lending	7,653,943	-	7,653,943
Receivables, (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	11,591,240	26,417,432	38,008,672
Internal Balances	970,767	(970,767)	-
Due from Other Governments Inventories	25,111,985	6,702 6,859,278	25,118,687 8,371,715
Plant Operation Assets	1,512,437	4,073,000	4,073,000
Prepaid Items	454,131	653,454	1,107,585
Deferred Charges and Other Assets	230,786	25,059,912	25,290,698
Restricted Assets:	200,700	20,000,012	20,200,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	421,999	7,474,462	7,896,461
Investments	423,736	190,586,632	191,010,368
Receivables	1,677	189,424	191,101
Net Pension Asset	374,000	-	374,000
Investment in Joint Venture	1,569,684	-	1,569,684
Capital Assets:			
Non-depreciable	97,373,529	99,857,182	197,230,711
Depreciable (Net)	275,406,937	755,246,578	1,030,653,515
Total Assets	596,096,758	1,163,659,416	1,759,756,174

LIABILITIES	5 400 00T	14 110 005	10 500 000
Accounts Payable	5,483,637	14,113,325	19,596,962
Accrued Liabilities	4,270,383	7,394,468	11,664,851
Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue	412,690 1,255,451	122,308 78,000	534,998 1,333,451
Obligations under Securities Lending	7,653,943	70,000	7,653,943
Other Liabilities	690,966	5,218,156	5,909,122
Notes Payable	-	34,710,000	34,710,000
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable	104,250	-	104,250
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	25,866	13,516,862	13,542,728
Noncurrent Liabilities:	.,	.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Compensated Absences:			
Payable within One Year	4,812,008	660,088	5,472,096
Payable in More Than One Year	2,075,565	264,827	2,340,392
Claims and Judgements:			
Payable within One Year	2,692,407	-	2,692,407
Payable in More Than One Year	2,814,937	-	2,814,937
Bonds, Notes and Leases Payable:			
Due within One Year	5,583,150	15,732,038	21,315,188
Due in More Than One Year	64,452,687	482,802,073	547,254,760
Deferred Credits and Other Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual	-	3,274,000	3,274,000
Landini Ciosure/Posiciosure Acciual		6,566,000	6,566,000
Total Liabilities	102,327,940	584,452,145	686,780,085
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	321,761,052	476,054,560	797,815,612
Restricted for:			
Debt Service, Net of Related Debt	14,326,179	29,751,466	44,077,645
Revenue Bond Indentures	-	15,645,422	15,645,422
Capital Projects	42,617,666	2,230,848	44,848,514
Other	-	73,896	73,896
Trust Donations	1,201,549	-	1,201,549
Health Care:			
Expendable	5,624,910	-	5,624,910
Nonexpendable	37,000,000	-	37,000,000
Claims	729,063	- EE 451 070	729,063
Unrestricted	70,508,399	55,451,079	125,959,478
Total Net Assets	\$ 493,768,818	579,207,271	1,072,976,089

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets Operating Capital Governmental Business-Type Grants and Charges for Grants and Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Expenses **Functions/Programs** Governmental Activities: (23,530,070)General Government 13,145,419 1,339,987 3,789,597 (5,255,067)(5,255,067)(58,784,389)5,780,009 3,629,385 (49,374,995)(49,374,995)Public Safety Streets and Highways 3,140,077 25,099,088 15,469,854 (21,073,128)22,635,891 22,635,891 2,455,509 763,949 (17,027,717)Culture and Recreation (21,219,904)972,729 (17,027,717)Economic Opportunity (14,097,457)1,945,026 9,276,326 (2,876,105)(2,876,105)Health and Welfare (18, 133, 340)2,737,636 9,551,826 (5,843,878)(5,843,878)Mass Transit (8,176,390)1,559,453 5,307,904 303,639 (1.005,394)(1,005,394)**Equipment Management** (906, 227)811,855 (94,372)(94,372)**Engineering Services** (1,810,386)1,877,110 202,028 268,752 268,752 Interest on Long-Term Debt (2,680,738)256,125 1,684,062 2,100,195 1,359,644 1,359,644 33,708,219 56,861,307 22,629,262 (57,213,241) (57, 213, 241)**Total Governmental Activities** (170, 412, 029)Business-Type Activities: Parking Lots (187,586)203,360 15,774 15,774 Golf (2,785,793)2,550,487 230,397 (4,909)(4,909)Parking Facilities 4,344,732 618,094 618,094 (3,726,638)Municipal Auditorium (2.303.780)1.804.255 5.365 (494, 160)(494.160)Sanitary Landfill (5,428,560)5,601,252 36,734 209,426 209,426 **Emergency Medical Services** (3,518,764)3,894,100 375,336 375,336 Wastewater System (12,659,850)14,926,446 2,036,060 4,302,656 4,302,656 Water System (18,206,099)21,971,839 3,296 3,764,730 7,533,766 7,533,766 159,415,000 Electric System (161,026,000)(1,611,000)(1,611,000)Total Business-Type Activities (209,843,070) 214,711,471 3,296 6,073,286 10,944,983 10,944,983 **Total Primary Government** \$ (380,255,099) 248,419,690 56,864,603 28,702,548 (57, 213, 241)10,944,983 (46, 268, 258)General Revenues: Property Tax 34,991,750 34,991,750 3,589,367 3,589,367 Motor Vehcile Tax Wheel Tax 7,758,565 7,758,565 Sales and Use Tax 47,049,405 47,049,405 Sundry and In Lieu Tax 45,685 45,685 Occupation Tax 9,020,544 9,020,544 Unrestricted Grants and Contributions 3,425,878 3,425,878 Unrestricted Investment Earnings 3,495,539 5,239,848 8,735,387 Miscellaneous General Revenues 492,161 204,685 696,846 Gain on Sale of Assets 915,594 148,653 1,064,247 Transfers 1,104,289 (1,087,038)17,251 Total General Revenues and Transfers 111,888,777 4,506,148 116,394,925 Change in Net Assets 70,126,667 54,675,536 15,451,131 Net Assets - Beginning, as restated 439,093,282 563,756,140 1,002,849,422 Net Assets - Ending 493,768,818 579,207,271 1,072,976,089

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

		General	Street Construction	Community Health Permanent Endowment	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	-	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,218,690	9,740,924	191,851	42,550,842	72,702,307
Investments		6,770,645	12,563,677	42,387,688	22,282,793	84,004,803
Invested Securities Lending		-	-	7,653,943	- 000 171	7,653,943
Receivables, (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles) Due from Other Funds		4,400,536	387,629	1,807	6,288,171	11,078,143
Due from Other Governments		970,476 9,309,003	12,865,030	-	507,979 2,638,253	1,478,455 24,812,286
Inventories		332,024	51,360	_	718,378	1,101,762
Prepaid Items		222,971	-	_	-	222,971
Restricted Assets:		,				,
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-	421,999	-	421,999
Investments		-	-	423,736	-	423,736
Receivables	_	-		1,677		1,677
Total Assets	=	42,224,345	35,608,620	51,082,701	74,986,416	203,902,082
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		469,390	834,849	43,162	819,503	2,166,904
Contracts Payable		-	2,645,532	-	169,288	2,814,820
Accrued Liabilities		2,229,197	112,394	5,749	1,505,141	3,852,481
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments		384,702	10,855 53	8	552,665	948,230
Unearned Revenue		310,333	55	-	98,819 603,155	409,205 603,155
Obligations under Securities Lending		_	-	7,653,943	003,133	7,653,943
Deferred Revenue		699,662	9,164,013	-	4,936,357	14,800,032
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable		-	-	-	104,250	104,250
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	_			1,636		1,636
Total Liabilities	_	4,093,284	12,767,696	7,704,498	8,789,178	33,354,656
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for:						
Encumbrances		840,669	17,216,170	-	2,781,272	20,838,111
Inventories		332,024	51,360	-	718,378	1,101,762
Prepaid Items Debt Service		222,971	-	-	19 620 921	222,971
Trust Donations		_	-	-	12,630,821 1,201,549	12,630,821 1,201,549
Health Care (non-expendable)				37,000,000	1,201,343	37,000,000
Claims		_	_	753,293	_	753,293
Unreserved, Reported in:						,
General Fund		36,735,397	-	-	-	36,735,397
Special Revenue Funds		-	5,573,394	-	18,678,118	24,251,512
Debt Service Funds		-	-	-	4,866,366	4,866,366
Capital Projects Funds		-	-	-	25,320,734	25,320,734
Permanent Fund	_			5,624,910		5,624,910
Total Fund Balances		38,131,061	22,840,924	43,378,203	66,197,238	170,547,426
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ =	42,224,345	35,608,620	51,082,701	74,986,416	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	n the	statement of net	assets are differen	t because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activitie					the funds	364,643,085
Net Pension Asset is not a financial resource				-	· the runds	374,000
Investment in Joint Venture is not a financial			•			1,569,684
					in the funds	
Other long-term assets are not available to pa		=	-			14,800,032
Internal service funds are used by manageme and liabilities of the internal service funds a						18,647,544
Accrued pension contribution liability requir reported in the funds.	es th	ne use of unavaila	able financial resou	arces and, therefor	e, is not	(37,064)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payab	le, aı	re not due and pa	yable in the curren	t period and, there	fore, not reported	
in the funds.						(76,775,889)
Net assets of governmental activities						\$ 493,768,818

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		General Fund	Street Construction Fund	Community Health Permanent Endowment Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	•	T dire				
Taxes:						
Property	\$	20,127,857	-	-	15,841,734	35,969,591
Motor Vehicle		3,589,367	-	-	-	3,589,367
Wheel		-	-	-	7,758,565	7,758,565
Sales and Use		47,049,405	-	-	-	47,049,405
Sundry and In Lieu		29,393	-	-	16,292	45,685
Occupation		9,020,544	-	-	-	9,020,544
Special Assessments		3,937	-	-	1,701,958	1,705,895
Intergovernmental		5,058,689	26,562,396	-	27,408,524	59,029,609
Permits and Fees		2,959,797	239,433	-	9,250,649	12,449,879
Reimbursement for Services		4,802,221	14,446	-	788,890	5,605,557
Program Income		-	-	-	1,354,481	1,354,481
Investment Earnings		755,791	573,608	1,900,793	1,376,633	4,606,825
Donations		710,313	-	-	813,832	1,524,145
Keno Proceeds		-	-	-	3,209,235	3,209,235
Sale of Assets		7,867	-	-	745,446	753,313
Miscellaneous		432,022	3,206,339	13,630	585,782	4,237,773
Total Revenues	•	94,547,203	30,596,222	1,914,423	70,852,021	197,909,869
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		22,014,208	-	-	5,222,926	27,237,134
Public Safety		40,792,147	-	-	9,121,022	49,913,169
Streets and Highways		4,831,446	4,382,704	-	1,618,905	10,833,055
Culture and Recreation		9,643,518	-	-	7,331,280	16,974,798
Economic Opportunity		272,406	-	-	13,745,195	14,017,601
Health and Welfare		279,970	-	2,476,088	15,233,545	17,989,603
Mass Transit		-	-	-	12,691,837	12,691,837
Debt Service		-	-	-	7,411,878	7,411,878
Capital Outlay		<u> </u>	36,687,770		12,774,108	49,461,878
Total Expenditures		77,833,695	41,070,474	2,476,088	85,150,696	206,530,953
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		16,713,508	(10,474,252)	(561,665)	(14,298,675)	(8,621,084)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		1,451,576	10,114,321	-	24,817,497	36,383,394
Transfers Out		(15,721,955)	(2,698,704)	-	(16,901,045)	(35,321,704)
Issuance of Debt		-	-	-	18,580,000	18,580,000
Premiums / Discounts on Debt Issued		_	_	_	140,593	140,593
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(14,270,379)	7,415,617		26,637,045	19,782,283
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,443,129	(3,058,635)	(561,665)	12,338,370	11,161,199
Fund Balances - Beginning		35,687,932	25,899,559	43,939,868	53,858,868	159,386,227
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	38,131,061	22,840,924	43,378,203	66,197,238	170,547,426

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	11,161,199
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		
current period.		38,162,734
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital contributions is to increase net assets.		8,755,169
Revenues in the statement of activites that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		9,439,349
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		(13,519,180)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(741,069)
Changes in the net pension asset do not represent financial activity in governmental funds.		(403,000)
Changes in the interest in the underlying capital assets of the joint venture do not represent financial activity in governmental funds.		1,569,684
Some pension contribution expenses require the use of unavailable financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(37,064)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds.	_	287,714
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	54,675,536

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		D 1.71			Variance with Final Budget
		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_	Original	Tillal	Amounts	(Ivegative)
Real Estate and Personal Property Tax	\$	20,996,385	20,996,385	23,909,984	2,913,599
Taxes Collected by Others		47,462,085	47,462,085	45,393,491	(2,068,594)
Sundry Taxes and In Lieu		29,015	29,015	31,621	2,606
Occupation Taxes		7,819,746	7,819,746	9,305,553	1,485,807
Special Assessments		700	700	5,917	5,217
Intergovernmental		4,691,415	4,691,415	5,157,125	465,710
Permits and Fees		2,561,189	2,561,189	2,356,969	(204,220)
Reimbursement for Services		1,524,149	1,524,149	1,839,068	314,919
Court Fees		880,019	880,019	584,485	(295,534)
Recreation Receipts		1,812,071	1,812,071	1,636,142	(175,929)
Investment Earnings		1,057,893	1,057,893	992,092	(65,801)
Donations		779,776	779,776	779,776	- (00.440)
Rental Income		369,114	369,114	346,695	(22,419)
Parking Revenue		935,000	935,000	935,000	1 007
Sale of Assets Miscellaneous		6,200	6,200	7,867	1,667
		388,960	388,960	739,630	350,670
Total Revenues		91,313,717	91,313,717	94,021,415	2,707,698
Expenditures: General Government:					
Legislative		269,174	269,174	220,597	48,577
Executive		1,285,807	1,301,495	1,109,630	191,865
Financial Administration		2,177,254	2,177,254	1,959,948	217,306
Law		1,770,933	1,770,933	1,640,380	130,553
Personnel Administration		754,155	754,155	715,684	38,471
Planning and Zoning		1,540,714	1,540,714	1,425,545	115,169
Urban Development		648,203	648,203	580,275	67,928
Miscellaneous		16,545,896	16,409,682	14,126,130	2,283,552
Total General Government		24,992,136	24,871,610	21,778,189	3,093,421
Public Safety:		,,			
Police		24,758,273	24,758,273	24,041,677	716,596
Fire		16,206,419	16,206,419	15,610,128	596,291
Traffic Engineering		1,675,499	1,697,999	1,430,401	267,598
Total Public Safety		42,640,191	42,662,691	41,082,206	1,580,485
Streets and Highways:					
Street Maintenance		2,377,319	2,401,016	1,871,325	529,691
Street Lighting		3,225,800	3,225,800	3,219,375	6,425
Total Streets and Highways		5,603,119	5,626,816	5,090,700	536,116
Culture and Recreation:					
Parks and Recreation		9,877,918	9,669,918	9,524,713	145,205
Libraries		60,931	60,931	60,931	
Total Culture and Recreation		9,938,849	9,730,849	9,585,644	145,205
Economic Opportunity:					
Lincoln Area Agency on Aging		267,239	267,239	267,239	
Health and Welfare:		070.100	070.100	070.100	
Lincoln/Lancaster County Health		279,198	279,198	279,198	
Total Expenditures		83,720,732	83,438,403	78,083,176	5,355,227
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		7,592,985	7,875,314	15,938,239	8,062,925
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		1,512,733	1,512,733	1,476,584	(36,149)
Transfers Out		(18,672,909)	(18,880,822)	(15,762,962)	3,117,860
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(17,160,176)	(17,368,089)	(14,286,378)	3,081,711
Net Change in Fund Balances		(9,567,191)	(9,492,775)	1,651,861	11,144,636
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_	27,694,318	27,694,318	27,694,318	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	18,127,127	18,201,543	29,346,179	11,144,636

STREET CONSTRUCTION FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	•	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
	•	<u> </u>			
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	13,500,000	13,500,000	14,896,941	1,396,941
Permits and Fees		-	-	236,288	236,288
Reimbursement for Services		400,000	400,000	14,446	(385,554)
Investment Earnings		1,000,000	1,000,000	686,812	(313,188)
Rental Income	_			387	387
Total Revenues	-	14,900,000	14,900,000	15,834,874	934,874
Expenditures Streets and Highways:					
Personal Services		2,546,323	2,546,323	2,675,720	(129,397)
Materials and Supplies		296,435	296,435	404,819	(108,384)
Other Services and Charges		1,512,250	1,512,250	1,231,147	281,103
Capital Outlay		78,100	78,100	66,026	12,074
Total Expenditures	-	4,433,108	4,433,108	4,377,712	55,396
-	-				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	10,466,892	10,466,892	11,457,162	990,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		10,114,321	10,114,321	10,114,321	-
Transfers Out	_	(2,698,704)	(2,698,704)	(2,698,704)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,415,617	7,415,617	7,415,617	
Net Change in Fund Balances		17,882,509	17,882,509	18,872,779	990,270
Amount Not Required to be Budgeted		-	-	(22,543,481)	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	-	22,745,043	22,745,043	22,745,043	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	40,627,552	40,627,552	19,074,341	(21,553,211)

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

		AUGUS1 31, 200	12			
	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln	Other		Activities Internal
	Wastewater	Water	Electric	Enterprise		Service
ASSETS	System	System	System	Funds	Total	Funds
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents S		1,432,135	105,000	3,815,695	5,851,755	6,461,401
Investments Restricted Current Assets:	11,455,211	994,221	24,305,000	5,599,940	42,354,372	9,831,396
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,073,360	1,584,586	-	_	2,657,946	-
Accrued Interest Receivable	-	2,200	-	-	2,200	-
Accounts Receivable, (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	1 456 100	3.015.155	0 202 000	2.002.232	14 700 505	400.706
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,456,198 62,034	3,015,155	8,293,000 408,000	2,002,232 54.342	14,766,585 524,530	400,786 112,311
Unbilled Revenues	1,315,633	2,573,684	7,237,000	-	11,126,317	-
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	12,537	12,537	460,022
Due from Other Governments Inventories	100,397	841,169	5,753,000	6,702 164,712	6,702 6,859,278	299,699 410,675
Plant Operation Assets	100,557	-	4,073,000	104,712	4,073,000	410,073
Prepaid Expenses			543,000	110,454	653,454	231,160
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets:	15,961,758	10,443,304	50,717,000	11,766,614	88,888,676	18,207,450
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	687,317	1,652,304	-	2,476,895	4,816,516	-
Investments	17,113,728	6,977,209	163,710,000	2,785,695	190,586,632	=
Accounts Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable	127.676	29,373	-	5,553 24,622	5,553 181,671	-
Total Restricted Assets	17,928,721	8,658,886	163,710,000	5,292,765	195,590,372	
Deferred Charges	-	331,177	24,083,000	645,735	25,059,912	-
Capital Assets: Land	2,138,362	4,386,767		7.660.124	14,185,253	48,250
Buildings	36,948,285	87.276.794	-	48,321,297	172,546,376	351.081
Improvements Other Than Buildings	114,131,419	169,366,277	=	21,888,912	305,386,608	1,163,159
Machinery and Equipment	7,988,285	6,742,019	-	9,178,461	23,908,765	19,800,695
Utility Plant Construction in Progress	14,177,593	12,626,211	628,316,000 58.567,000	301,125	628,316,000 85,671,929	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(53,922,048)	(64,161,666)	(232,069,000)	(24,758,457)	(374,911,171)	(13,225,804)
Total Capital Assets, Net	121,461,896	216,236,402	454,814,000	62,591,462	855,103,760	8,137,381
Total Assets	155,352,375	235,669,769	693,324,000	80,296,576	1,164,642,720	26,344,831
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Ass	sets):					
Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities	-	-	13,290,000 7,159,000	823,325 235,468	14,113,325 7,394,468	501,913
Accrued Compensated Absences	- -	-	7,139,000	206,064	206,064	380,838 490,073
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	715,304	715,304	19,480
Due to Other Governments	=	=	=	122,308	122,308	3,485
Unearned Revenue Claims	-	-	-	78,000	78,000	652,296 2,692,407
Accrued Interest	-	-	-	7,156	7,156	-
Notes Payable	-	-	34,710,000	-	34,710,000	-
Current Portion of Capital Lease Other	-	-	5,211,000	289,538	289,538 5,211,000	-
Total Current Liabilities (Payable			3,211,000		5,211,000	
from Current Assets)			60,370,000	2,477,163	62,847,163	4,740,492
Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted A Accounts Payable	Assets): 1,006,144	450,894	_	552,757	2.009.795	_
Accrued Liabilities	365,366	688,742	=	-	1,054,108	=
Accrued Compensated Absences	212,239	241,785	-	-	454,024	-
Construction Contracts Arbitrage Rebate	922,368	2,128,429	-	40,666	3,050,797 40,666	-
Accrued Interest	59,561	238,730	7,019,000	44,205	7,361,496	-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	1,032,500	3,010,000	10,035,000	1,365,000	15,442,500	
Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets)	2 500 170	6 750 500	17.054.000	2,002,628	20 412 206	
Noncurrent Liabilities:	3,598,178	6,758,580	17,054,000	۵,002,028	29,413,386	
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	268,000	268,000	-
Accrued Compensated Absences	89,731	153,176	=	21,920	264,827	141,858
Claims Long-Term Debt, Net	4,560,066	34,549,779	346,623,000	20,720,134	406,452,979	2,814,937
Capital Lease Payable	-	-	-	1,349,094	1,349,094	-
Commercial Paper Notes Payable	-	-	75,000,000	-	75,000,000	-
Deferred Credits and Other Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual	=	=	3,274,000	6,566,000	3,274,000 6,566,000	=
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,649,797	34,702,955	424,897,000	28,925,148	493,174,900	2,956,795
Total Liabilities	8,247,975	41,461,535	502,321,000	33,404,939	585,435,449	7,697,287
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related De	eb 115,869,330	179,007,800	141,664,000	39,513,430	476,054,560	8,137,381
Restricted Net Assets for:						,
Debt Service, Net of Related Debt	1,719,318	5,568,755	20,113,000	2,350,393	29,751,466	-
Revenue Bond Indentures Improvements	14,717,085	928,337	-	2,230,848	15,645,422 2,230,848	-
Other	-	-	-	73,896	73,896	-
Unrestricted Total Net Assets	14,798,667	8,703,342	29,226,000	2,723,070	55,451,079	10,510,163
Total Net Assets	147,104,400	194,208,234	191,003,000	46,891,637	579,207,271	18,647,544

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Business-Typ	e Activities Ente	erprise Funds		Governmental
	Lincoln Wastewater System	Lincoln Water System	Lincoln Electric System	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Services S Fees	15,026,486	22,064,404	159,415,000	3,894,100 8,021,085	200,399,990 8,021,085	22,778,552
Parking Facility Revenue Pledged	-	-	-	8,021,083	8,021,083	-
as Security for Revenue Bonds	-	-	-	2,584,158	2,584,158	-
Parking Facility Revenue - Unpledged	-	-	-	1,962,434	1,962,434	-
Performance Revenue Other Operating Revenue	-	-	-	1,732,094 304,858	1,732,094 304,858	-
Total Operating Revenues	15,026,486	22,064,404	159,415,000	18,498,729	215,004,619	22,778,552
Operating Expenses Personal Services	_	_	_	6,177,490	6,177,490	9,786,078
Contractual Services	_	- -	-	3,292,647	3,292,647	3,760,076
Operation and Maintenance	7,431,452	9,747,888	9,736,000	4,107,691	31,023,031	11,505,119
Purchased Power	-		81,197,000	-	81,197,000	-
Depreciation	4,027,563	5,130,704	19,138,000	3,087,898	31,384,165	2,038,411
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Administrative Costs	1,200,835	1,726,545	5,680,000 23,976,000	-	5,680,000 26,903,380	-
Total Operating Expenses	12,659,850	16,605,137	139,727,000	16,665,726	185,657,713	23,329,608
Operating Income (Loss)	2,366,636	5,459,267	19,688,000	1,833,003	29,346,906	(551,056)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Investment Earnings	705,263	623,385	3,467,000	444,200	5,239,848	437,253
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	-	(00.050)	- (0.000.000)	(3,142)	(3,142)	53,997
Amortization of Deferred Charges Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	-	(33,256) (1,567,706)	(3,923,000) (17,376,000)	(47,760) (1,085,840)	(4,004,016) (20,029,546)	(197)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	705,263	(977,577)	(17,832,000)	(692,542)	(18,796,856)	491,053
	,	(3.1.,3.1.)	(=1,001,000)	(0000,0000)	(==,,==,,==,)	
Income (Loss) Before	9 071 000	4 401 000	1 050 000	1 140 401	10 550 050	(00,000)
Contributions and Transfers	3,071,899	4,481,690	1,856,000	1,140,461	10,550,050	(60,003)
Capital Contributions	2,036,060	3,764,730	-	187,329	5,988,119	305,118
Transfers In	-	-	-	346,993	346,993	42,599
Transfers Out	-	-	(1,123,000)	(311,031)	(1,434,031)	-
Change in Net Assets	5,107,959	8,246,420	733,000	1,363,752	15,451,131	287,714
Total Net Assets Beginning of Year	141,996,441	185,961,814	190,270,000	45,527,885	563,756,140	18,359,830
Total Net Assets End of Year	147,104,400	194,208,234	191,003,000	46,891,637	579,207,271	18,647,544

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

Lincolat		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental
Receipts from Customers and Users \$1,496,300 \$2,108,121 \$16,598,000 \$16,7123 \$2,137,465 \$6,237,367 \$7,118,398 \$6,237,367 \$7,118,398 \$6,237,367 \$7,118,398 \$7,18,398 \$7,18		Wastewater	Water	Electric	Enterprise	Total	Service
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services 1,280,853 3,412,875 (199,425,000 6,522,3740 (19,342,465) (9,808,121) (9,702,285) Payments for Intertinal Services Provided (441,400 (1,283,878 1,283,870 (1,104,044 (2,835,220 (1,055,614) (1,0		14,908,300	21,084,121	166,903,000	18,242,224	221,137,645	6,237,367
Payments for Inderfund Services Provided (441,409) (1,288,785) (1,101,4044) (2,885,5214) (1,055,614) (1,056,614)	Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,280,853)	(3,412,872)	(109,425,000)	(5,223,740)	(119,342,465)	(9,880,213)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities S.070,754 11,115,796 43,596,000 6,281,517 69,064,067 2,617,655	Payments for Interfund Services Provided Payments in Lieu of Taxes			-	(1,104,944)	(2,835,231) (5,584,000)	
Transfers from Other Funds	•	8,070,754	11,115,796	43,596,000			2,617,655
Parametrs to Other Funds		s			200,000	200.000	42.500
Payment to General Fund		-	-	(1,086,000)			42,599
Interest Paid to General Fund (83,344) (1977) (1086,000) (736,723) (1832,723) (1839,722) (1088,000) (736,723) (1832,723) (1839,722) (1088,000) (736,723) (1832,723) (1839,722) (1088,000) (736,723) (1832,723) (1839,722) (1088,000) (-	-				(181 334)
Cash Flows from Capital Assets	Interest Paid to General Fund				(83,344)	(83,344)	(197)
Additions to Capital Assets	Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activition	-		(1,086,000)	(746,723)	(1,832,723)	(138,932)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets 4.586 35.599 - 14.635 188.38 162.281			(16 706 800)	(38 030 000)	(7.047.534)	(60 566 001)	(1.089.682)
Debt Issanane Cost	Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets			-	148,653	188,838	
Net Cost of Retiring Plant		- -	-	186,052,000			-
Principal Payments of Capital Debt (992,500) (2,880,000) (47,000,000) (4,764,889) (55,637,389) 1 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (8,70,910) (21,054,704) 83,799,000 (4,115,272) 49,858,114 (1,826,401) Cash Flows from Investing Activities (3,290,982) (9,495,559) (309,328,000) (17,238,975) (369,043,516) (11,398,799) Interest and Maturities of Investments (3,2980,982) (9,495,559) (309,328,000) (17,238,975) (369,043,516) (11,398,799) Interest and Other Receipts (1,381,349) (2,9495,559) (309,328,000) (2,196,791) (121,944,587) (17,244,457) Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash (2,531,505) (1,038,175) (508,000) (7,774,49) (4,855,129) (2,377,067) Balances - Beginning of Year (4,791,107) (5,707,200) (613,000) (7,774,49) (4,855,129) (2,377,067) Balances - Beginning of Year (4,791,107) (5,707,200) (613,000) (7,774,49) (4,855,129) (4,843,544) Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Vertical Provided by Operating Activities (4,027,563) (5,130,704) (1,948,800) (1,833,003) (2,9346,906) (551,056) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Vertical Provided by Operating Activities (4,027,563) (4,0	Net Cost of Retiring Plant	-	-	(750,000)	· -	(750,000)	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(992,500)	(2,880,000)	(47,000,000)			-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Tyroceads from Sale and Maturities of Investments 30,135,000 17,700,000 178,920,000 14,502,388 241,257,388 12,419,211 Purchases of Investments 30,135,000 30,9328,0000 30,9328,0000 33,910,000 33,916,10		(10,338)	(1,503,494)	(16,464,000)	(1,146,989)	(19,124,821)	
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments		(8,770,910)	(21,054,704)	83,799,000	(4,115,272)	49,858,114	(1,826,401)
Purchases of Investments (32,980,982) (9,495,559) (309,328,000) (17,238,795) (369,043,516) (11,398,799) (Interest and Other Receipts 1.014,633 696,292 3.591,000 (2,196,971) (121,944,587) (17,247,475) (121,944,587) (17,247,475) (121,944,587) (17,247,475)	Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest and Other Receipts	Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments						
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash (2.531,505) (1.038,175) (508,000) (777,449) (4.855,129) (2.377,067) Balances Beginning of Year (4.791,107) (5.707,200) (613,000) (7.707,039) (1.8181,346) (4.084,334) Balances End of Year (2.259,602)			,				
Balances Beginning of Year 4,791,107 5,707,200 613,000 7,070,039 18,181,346 4,084,334 Balances End of Year 2,259,602 4,669,025 105,000 6,292,590 13,326,217 6,461,401 Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Vet Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) to Vet Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operaciation 4,027,563 5,459,267 19,688,000 1,833,003 29,346,906 (551,056) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Met Cash Provided by Operating Activities: 4,027,563 5,130,704 19,138,000 3,087,898 31,384,165 2,038,411 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: 4,027,563 5,130,704 19,138,000 3,087,898 31,384,165 2,038,411 Due from Other Funds 4,075 (450,529) 2,911,000 265,478 2,766,654 184,835 Due from Other Governments - - - 3,349 3,349 6,313 Due from Other Governments - - (100,000 4,989 (9,817) (15,559)	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(1,831,349)	8,900,733	(126,817,000)	(2,196,971)	(121,944,587)	1,724,745
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Income (Loss) to Section 19,688,000 1,833,003 29,346,906 (551,056)		(2,531,505)	(1,038,175)	(508,000)	(777,449)	(4,855,129)	2,377,067
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Separating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Description							
Provided by Operating Activities \$2,366,636 5,459,267 19,688,000 1,833,003 29,346,906 (551,056)	·		4,007,023	103,000	0,272,370	13,320,217	0,401,401
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation		t Cash					
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation			5,459,267	19,688,000	1,833,003	29,346,906	(551,056)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable and Unbilled Revenue: 40,705 (450,529) 2,911,000 265,478 2,766,654 184,835 Due from Other Funds - - - 1,064 1,062 2,	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Accounts Receivable and Unbilled Revenue: 40,705 (450,529) 2,911,000 265,478 2,766,654 184,835 Due from Other Funds 3,349 (6,313) (6,313) Due from Other Governments 1,064 1,064 100,164 Inventories 49,087 107,085 (161,000) (4,989) (9,817) (15,559) Plant Operation Assets (509,000) - (509,000) - (509,000) - Prepaid Expenses - 1,400 35,426 49,426 (231,160) Other Assets 1,400 35,426 49,426 (231,160) Other Assets (403,000) - (4,027,563	5,130,704	19,138,000	3,087,898	31,384,165	2,038,411
Due from Other Governments	Accounts Receivable and Unbilled Revenues	40,705	(450,529)	2,911,000	,		
Plant Operation Assets		-	-	-			
Prepaid Expenses Other Assets - - 14,000 (403,000) 35,426 (403,000) 49,426 (403,000) (231,160) Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities 1,617,678 820,633 (3,454,000) 368,400 (34,540) (647,289) 97,938 Accrued Liabilities (41,403) 14,815 - 27,244 (106,393) 656 (23,285) Accrued Compensated Absences 10,488 33,821 - 73,236 (106,393) 117,545 (106,393) 68,084 (10,287) Due to Other Funds - - - 47,653 (106,393) 47,653 (106,393) (116,287) Due to Other Governments - - - 47,653 (158,852) 47,653 (8,224) Unearned Revenue - - - (158,852) (158,852) 288,527 Claims - - - - 158,852) (158,852) 288,527 Claims - - - 189,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - 189,000 - </td <td></td> <td>49,087</td> <td>107,085</td> <td></td> <td>(4,989)</td> <td></td> <td>(15,559)</td>		49,087	107,085		(4,989)		(15,559)
Accounts Payable	Prepaid Expenses	-	-	14,000	35,426	49,426	(231,160)
Accrued Liabilities (41,403) 14,815 - 27,244 656 23,285 Accrued Compensated Absences 10,488 33,821 - 73,236 117,545 68,084 Due to Other Funds (106,393) (106,393) (116,287) Due to Other Governments 47,653 47,653 48,224) Unearned Revenue (158,852) (158,852) 288,527 Claims (158,852) (158,852) 288,527 Claims (158,852) (158,852) 288,527 Claims 189,000 96,000 Other Current Liabilities 189,000 - 189,000 189,000 Other Current Liabilities 189,000 - 189,000 Other Current Liabilities 6,087,000 - 189,000 Other Current Credits and Other Liabilities 809,000 809,000 Other Current Credits and Other Liabilities 809,000 809,000 Other Current Credits and Other Liabilities		1,617,678	820,633		368,400		97,938
Due to Other Funds - - - (106,393) (106,393) (116,287) Due to Other Governments - - - 47,653 47,653 (8,224) Unearned Revenue - - - (158,852) (158,852) 288,527 Claims - - - - - 745,010 In Lieu of Taxes 96,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - Other Current Liabilities - - 189,000 - 189,000 - Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities - - 6,087,000 - 6,087,000 - Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual - - - - 809,000 809,000 - Total Adjustments 5,704,118 5,656,529 23,908,000 4,448,514 39,717,161 3,168,711 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 8,070,754 11,115,796 43,596,000 6,281,517 69,064,067 2,617,655 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing				-			
Unearned Revenue - - - - (158,852) 288,527 Claims - - - - - 745,010 In Lieu of Taxes 96,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - Other Current Liabilities - - 189,000 - 189,000 - Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities - - 6,087,000 - 6,087,000 - Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual - - - 809,000 809,000 - Total Adjustments 5,704,118 5,656,529 23,908,000 4,448,514 39,717,161 3,168,711 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 8,070,754 11,115,796 43,596,000 6,281,517 69,064,067 2,617,655 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital, and Financing Activities: - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins - - 16,763 16,763 1,888	Due to Other Funds	10,466	33,821	-			
Claims - - - - 745,010 In Lieu of Taxes 96,000 - 96,000 - 96,000 - Other Current Liabilities - - 189,000 - 189,000 - Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities - - 6,087,000 - 6,087,000 - Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual - - - 809,000 - 809,000 - Total Adjustments 5,704,118 5,656,529 23,908,000 4,448,514 39,717,161 3,168,711 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 8,070,754 11,115,796 43,596,000 6,281,517 69,064,067 2,617,655 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contribution of Capital Assets \$ 2,036,060 3,557,867 - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins - - - - 16,763 1,888		-	-	-			
Other Current Liabilities - - 189,000 - 189,000 - Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities - - - 6,087,000 - 6,087,000 - Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual - - - - 809,000 809,000 - Total Adjustments 5,704,118 5,656,529 23,908,000 4,448,514 39,717,161 3,168,711 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities 8,070,754 11,115,796 43,596,000 6,281,517 69,064,067 2,617,655 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital, and Financing Activities: - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins - - - 16,763 16,763 1,888	Claims	-	-	-	(130,032)	=	
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities - - 6,087,000 - 6,087,000 - 809,000 809,000 -		-	-	189,000	-		-
Total Adjustments 5,704,118 5,656,529 23,908,000 4,448,514 39,717,161 3,168,711 Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$ 8,070,754 11,115,796 43,596,000 6,281,517 69,064,067 2,617,655 Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contribution of Capital Assets \$ 2,036,060 3,557,867 - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins 16,763 16,763 1,888		-	-				-
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contribution of Capital Assets \$ 2,036,060 3,557,867 - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins 16,763 16,763 1.888	Total Adjustments				4,448,514	39,717,161	
Capital, and Financing Activities: Contribution of Capital Assets \$ 2,036,060 3,557,867 - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins - - - 16,763 16,763 1,888	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$	8,070,754	11,115,796	43,596,000	6,281,517	69,064,067	2,617,655
Contribution of Capital Assets \$ 2,036,060 3,557,867 - 187,329 5,781,256 305,118 Capital Asset Trade-Ins - - - 16,763 16,763 1.888							
Change in Fair Value of Investments 10,703 10,703 11,806 Change in Fair Value of Investments 23,235 23,235 (11,036)		2,036,060	3,557,867	-			
		<u>-</u>			23,235	23,235	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

		Police And		
		Fire Pension	Agency	
	_	Trust Fund	Funds	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,916,919	4,237,573	6,154,492
Investments		129,839,911	-	129,839,911
Receivables:				
Contributions		159,201	-	159,201
Accrued Interest Other		411,167	16 155,473	411,183 155,473
Due from Other Governments		259	133,473	259
Contractor Retainage	_		1,162,558	1,162,558
Total Assets		132,327,457	5,555,620	137,883,077
LIABILITIES				
Warrants Payable		-	2,920,905	2,920,905
Accounts Payable		1,386	100,384	101,770
Accrued Liabilities		3,386	-	3,386
Accrued Compensated Absences		4,232	-	4,232
Due to Other Governments		-	556,263	556,263
Due to Contractors		-	1,791,905	1,791,905
Due to Joint Venture		-	173,791	173,791
Due to Bondholders	_	<u> </u>	12,372	12,372
Total Liabilities	_	9,004	5,555,620	5,564,624
NET ASSETS				
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	132,318,453	-	132,318,453

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Police And Fire Pension Trust Fund
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer \$	1,585,319
Employee	2,129,880
Total Contributions	3,715,199
Investment Earnings:	
Net Investment Earnings and Depreciation	
in Fair Value of Investments	5,007,072
Total Additions	8,722,271
Deductions:	
Benefit Payments	8,285,454
Refunds of Contributions	299,914
Administrative Costs	247,755
Total Deductions	8,833,123
Change in Net Assets	(110,852)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits Beginning of Year	132,429,305
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits End of Year \$	132,318,453

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Lincoln, Nebraska (City) was incorporated on April 7, 1869. The City operates under a Home Rule Charter and has a Mayor-Council form of government with an elected full-time chief executive, the Mayor, and an elected legislative body, the Council, composed of 7 members. Three Council members are elected at large and 4 by district on a nonpartisan basis for a term of 4 years. The administration of City government is performed under the direction of the Mayor through administrative departments.

The accompanying financial statements present the government of the City. Based upon the criteria identified in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, none of the City's significant potential component units are required to be included as part of the reporting entity. Regarding related organizations, the City's Mayor appoints and the City Council approves all of the board appointments of the Housing Authority of the City of Lincoln, however, the City has no further accountability for this organization.

FISCAL YEAR-END

All fund types of the City, with the exception of Lincoln Electric System (LES), are reported as of and for the year ended August 31, 2002. December 31st is the fiscal year-end of LES as established by the City Charter, and the last separate audit was as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001. The amounts included in the City's August 31, 2002, financial statements for LES are audited figures as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001.

FINANCIAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, was issued in June 1999 and adopted by the City effective September 1, 2001. This statement established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments. GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, were issued in June 2001 and adopted by the City effective September 1, 2001.

The adoption of these statements required the City to make several changes to the presentation of its basic financial statements, which include the following significant items:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis, which precedes the basic financial statements, has been presented.
- Government-wide financial statements are presented, prepared using accrual accounting for all
 of the City's activities.
- Retained earnings have been reclassified into Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt, Restricted, and Unrestricted net assets.
- Expanded disclosures for long-term debt and capital assets have been presented.
- Cash flow statements have been presented using the direct method.

GASB Interpretation No. 6, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements*, was issued in March 2000 and adopted by the City effective September 1, 2001. This Interpretation clarifies the application of standards for modified accrual recognition of certain liabilities and expenditures, including compensated absences.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to finance the City's programs, are excluded from the government-wide statements. The material effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *total economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, highway user fees, interdepartmental charges, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Special assessments are recorded as revenues in the year the assessments become current. Annual installments not yet due are reflected as special assessment receivables and deferred revenues. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> finances the day-to-day operation of the basic governmental activities, such as legislative, judicial, administration, police and fire protection, legal services, planning, and parks and recreation.

The <u>Street Construction Fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for the maintenance, construction, and improvement of the streets and highways in the City.

The <u>Community Health Permanent Endowment Fund</u> accounts for the cash proceeds realized by the City from the sale of Lincoln General Hospital together with any interest or other investment income earned. The endowment may be increased by donations, bequests, or appropriations to the fund. Monies in the fund are used for funding health and health-related programs that further the health, safety, or welfare of the citizens of Lincoln.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The <u>Lincoln Wastewater System Fund</u> accounts for the activities of the government's wastewater utility.

The <u>Lincoln Water System Fund</u> accounts for the activities of the government's water distribution operations.

The <u>Lincoln Electric System Fund</u> accounts for the activities of the government's electric distribution operations.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> account for data processing, engineering, risk management, fleet management, telecommunications, and copy services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The <u>Pension Trust Fund</u> accounts for the receipt, investment, and distribution of retirement contributions made for the benefit of police officers and firefighters.

The <u>Agency Funds</u> account for the collection of various taxes, fines, fees and loan programs due to other government entities; good faith money due to contractors upon project completion; funds held to pay outstanding warrants; funds to pay phone system charges; defeased bond proceeds to pay called bonds for which the City Treasurer is trustee; funds for the joint administrative entity known as JAVA, created to coordinate planning and implementation of the Antelope Valley Project; and funds deposited by Gateway Shopping Center in fulfillment of a condition of the use permit for expansion.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to November 30, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. Only the City's Lincoln Wastewater System and Lincoln Water System funds have elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and charges between the business-type functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, fines and forfeitures, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for goods and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, cash held by City Treasurer, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. These investments are not specifically identified with any one fund. Interest is allocated to the individual funds on the basis of average cash balances.

The City may invest "in certificates of deposit, in time deposits, and in any securities in which the state investment officer is authorized to invest pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act and as provided in the authorized investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council in effect on the date the investment is made."

Investments are carried at fair value, except for short-term investments which are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value, based on relevant market information of similar financial instruments. Income from investments held by the individual funds is recorded in the respective funds as it is earned.

In accordance with authorized investment laws, the Pension Trust Fund of the City is allowed to invest in various mortgage-backed securities, such as collateralized mortgage obligations. They are reported in aggregate as mortgage-backed securities in the disclosure of custodial credit risk (see Note 4).

Receivables and Payables

Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets, in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables generally is deferred until they become current receivables.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Amounts of governmental fund inventories and prepaid items are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they do not represent "available spendable resources".

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the enterprise funds revenue bonds, resources set aside for their repayment, as well as funds for subsequent period operations are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Assets included in the Bond Principal and Interest Account and the Bond Reserve Account are restricted for the payment of bond principal and interest. Assets included in the Surplus Account and the Depreciation and Replacement Account are

restricted for purposes including improvements, repairs and replacements, acquisition of equipment and the payment of bond principal and interest. Assets included in the Construction Account are restricted for paying the cost of the capital projects.

Certain assets of the Golf enterprise fund are classified as restricted assets to be used for capital improvements.

Certain assets of the Pershing Municipal Auditorium enterprise fund are classified as restricted assets to be used for improvements and to supplement event net losses.

Certain assets of the Community Health Permanent Endowment trust fund are classified as restricted assets to provide for all reimbursable claims pursuant to the terms of the Lincoln General Hospital sale agreement. Additional assets are restricted because their use is restricted by donors for specific purposes.

A recap of restrictions and related balances at August 31, 2002, are as follows:

			D 1:				Community	
			Pershing	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln	Health	
		Parking	Municipal	Wastewater	Water	Electric	Permanent	
Fund Account	Golf	Facilities	Auditorium	System	System	System	Endowment	Totals
Principal and								
Interest \$		209,091			86,786	7,293,000		7,588,877
Reserve	316,500	2,089,568		1,445,958	5,481,969	12,705,000		22,038,995
Surplus		594,702		16,482,763	3,176,917			20,254,382
Depreciation and								
Replacement	100,000	768,224						868,224
Construction		844,562				143,596,000		144,440,562
Loan Payments				1,073,360				1,073,360
Capital Improvements	119,959		176,263					296,222
Marketing			73,896					73,896
Communications Escrow						116,000		116,000
Claims							754,929	754,929
Donor Specific Purpose							92,483	92,483
Operations					1,500,000			1,500,000
\$ _	536,459	4,506,147	250,159	19,002,081	10,245,672	163,710,000	847,412	199,097,930

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, drainage systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalization value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	10 - 50
Improvements	5 - 40
Infrastructure	20 - 100
Equipment	2 - 20
Utility Plant	30 - 40

The one exception to this rule is Library media, which uses a composite depreciation method.

Compensated Absences

City employees generally earn vacation days at a variable rate based on years of service. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation time up to a maximum allowed accumulation which is in no case longer than 30 days.

Employees earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month with total accumulation limits established by the employees' bargaining unit. Upon retirement, an employee is reimbursed for one-fourth or one-half of accumulated sick leave, with maximums depending on the employees' bargaining unit contract. In some cases payment may be placed directly in a medical spending account rather than reimbursing the employee directly. Police union employees who leave the City service in good standing after giving two weeks notice of termination of employment are compensated for one-fourth of accumulated sick leave to the date of separation. LES is covered by a separate personnel plan regarding vacation and sick leave with the liability for these benefits recorded in Accrued Liabilities.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as the benefits are earned if the leave is attributable to past service and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for such benefits. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as the benefits are earned only to the extent it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for such benefits through cash payments conditioned on the employee's termination or retirement. Such accruals are based on current salary rates and include salary related payments directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences on termination.

All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. In the governmental funds, only compensated absences expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded as a fund liability.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as current expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for specific purposes. Designations of unrestricted fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

BUDGETARY DATA

The City Council follows these procedures, set out in the City Charter, in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) At least 40 days prior to the end of the budget and fiscal year, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed annual budget for the ensuing year. The annual budget is a complete financial plan for the ensuing budget year and consists of an operating budget and a capital budget.
- 2) Public hearing on the proposed budget is scheduled for not later than 10 days prior to the budget adoption date.
- 3) Not later than 5 days prior to the end of the fiscal year, the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the City Council.
- 4) The Mayor is authorized to transfer unencumbered balances between appropriations of the same department or agency. The Mayor also has authority to lower appropriations in any fund where actual revenues are less than appropriated in order to avoid incurring a budget deficit for the year.
 - Appropriation transfers between departments or agencies may only be authorized by resolution of the City Council. The Council may not make any appropriations in addition to those authorized in the annual budget, except that it may authorize emergency appropriations in the event of an emergency threatening serious loss of life, health, or property in the community.
- 5) Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Since encumbrances are included in the City's budget accounting, year-end encumbrances are reappropriated to the next year in the budget process. Budget basis expenditures are presented on a cash basis.
 - Amendments to the adopted budget were made this year and result from prior fiscal year encumbrances identified subsequent to budget adoption, appropriation of unanticipated revenues to certain funds as provided in the budget resolution, and appropriation revision between or among departments as provided for under the City Charter.
- 6) Appropriation controls are required at the departmental level. However, as a matter of policy and practice, appropriations generally are controlled at the next level of organization (division) or by fund within a department.
- 7) Operating appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for capital improvement appropriations and year-end encumbrances against operating budgets. Capital improvement appropriations are continuing appropriations through completion of the project.
- 8) Budgets are adopted by resolution for the following fund types: general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, permanent, enterprise, internal service, and pension trust. Legally adopted annual budgets are not established for certain special revenue (Advance Acquisition, Tax Sales Revolving, Special Assessment, Property Tax Refunds, Parks and Recreation Special Projects, and Commission on Aging Gift Trust), debt service (Special Assessment), and agency funds. In addition, capital project funds are not budgeted on an annual basis, but rather a project basis. As a result, budget to actual comparisons have not been presented for these funds.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds." The details of the \$76,775,889 difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$	68,076,944
Less deferred charge for issuance costs		(230,786)
Less issuance discounts		(3,066)
Plus issuance premiums		143,659
Capital Leases Payable		1,818,300
Accrued Interest Payable		690,966
Claims Payable		24,230
Compensated Absences	_	6,255,642
Net difference	\$_	76,775,889

EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *change in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$38,162,734 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	52,095,029
Depreciation expense	_	(13,932,295)
Net difference	\$_	38,162,734

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$(13,519,180) difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:

Capital lease financing	\$	(84,775)
Issuance of tax-supported Antelope Valley		
project bonds		(11,080,000)
Issuance of general obligation storm sewer be	onds	(7,500,000)
Deferred charge for issuance costs		230,786
Issuance discounts		3,066
Issuance premiums		(143,659)
Principal repayments	_	5,055,402
Net difference	\$_	(13,519,180)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$(741,069) difference are as follows:

Loss on disposal of capital assets	\$	(47,756)
Accrued interest		(243,083)
Claims		10,270
Compensated absences	_	(460,500)
Net difference	\$_	(741,069)

(3) PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Net Assets of business-type activities on the statement of activities and in the fund financial statements have been reclassified as of the beginning of the year. The distinction between contributed capital and retained earnings is no longer operative under the new reporting model as directed by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.*

Beginning balance restatements have also been recorded in the governmental funds due to various fund reclassifications as implemented under GASB Statement No. 34 – and the effects related to the required change in measurement focus and basis of accounting.

In prior periods the City has recorded a current liability for compensated absences based on an estimated amount to be used in the following year. However, GASB Interpretation No. 6 states that the accumulation of financial resources in a governmental fund for the eventual payment of unmatured liabilities does not constitute an outflow of current financial resources. Therefore, the reclassification of compensated absences in the governmental funds has been recorded as an adjustment restating the beginning fund balance of those governmental funds. Adjustments are as follows:

		Nonmajor	
	Street	Special	
General	Construction	Revenue	
 Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
\$ 2.843.557	96.924	1.250.546	4.191.027

(4) <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

DEPOSITS

State Statutes 15-846 and 15-847 R.R.S., 1943 require banks either to give bond or to pledge government securities (types of which are specifically identified in the Statutes) to the City Treasurer in the amount of the City's deposits. The Statutes allow pledged securities to be reduced by the amount of the deposit which is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

For purposes of classifying categories of custodial risk, the bank balances of the City's deposits as of August 31, 2002, are either entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

INVESTMENTS

For reporting purposes, the carrying amount of securities is classified into the following three categories of custodial risk:

- 1) Insured or registered, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.
- 2) Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- 3) Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Pension Fund

At August 31, 2002, the Pension Trust fund had investments as follows:

	Category	Reported	Fair
	3	Amount	Value
Mortgage-backed Securities	\$ 57,855,252	57,855,252	57,855,252
Government Securities	27,087,905	27,087,905	27,087,905
Government Agencies	2,080,000	2,080,000	2,080,000
Repurchase Agreements	675,000	675,000	675,000
	\$ <u>87,698,157</u>	87,698,157	87,698,157
Open-end Mutual Funds		42,141,754	42,141,754
_		\$ <u>129,839,911</u>	129,839,911

Lincoln Electric System (LES)

At December 31, 2001, LES had investments as follows:

	Catego	Category 2		
	Reported	Fair		
	Amount	Value		
Government Securities	\$ 4,385,000	4,496,000		
Government Money Markets	183,630,000	183,630,000		
	\$ <u>188,015,000</u>	188,126,000		

Lincoln Wastewater System

At August 31, 2002, Lincoln Wastewater System had investments as shown below:

	Catego	Category 3		
	Reported	Fair		
	Amount	Value		
Government Securities	\$ <u>16,568,939</u>	16,780,662		

Lincoln Water System

At August 31, 2002, Lincoln Water System had investments as follows:

	Categ	Category		Fair
	2	3	Amount	Value
Government Securities	\$ -	2,494,214	2,494,214	2,495,400
Repurchase Agreements	5,477,216		5,477,216	5,477,216
-	\$ <u>5,477,216</u>	<u>2,494,214</u>	7,971,430	7,972,616

Community Health Permanent Endowment

At August 31, 2002, Community Health Permanent Endowment had investments as follows:

	<u>Category</u>	Reported	Fair
	2	Amount	Value
Government Securities	\$ 1,210,899	1,210,899	1,210,899
Government Agencies	12,586,993	12,586,993	12,586,993
Corporate Bonds	28,956,337	28,956,337	28,956,337
Foreign Obligations	57,195	57,195	57,195
	\$ <u>42,811,424</u>	42,811,424	42,811,424
Securities Lending Short-term			
Investment Pool		7,653,943	7,653,943
		\$ <u>50,465,367</u>	50,465,367

All Other City Funds

Investments of all other City funds do not vary significantly in either type or risk. These investments at August 31, 2002, were as follows:

	Category		Reported	Fair	
		2	3	Amount	Value
Government Agencies	\$	2,031,706	80,876,384	82,908,090	82,926,656
Government Money Markets		206,989	26,146,841	26,353,830	26,353,830
	\$_	2,238,695	107,023,225	109,261,920	109,280,486
Interfund Investments				1,136,130	1,136,130
Inter-government Loan				996,000	996,000
				\$111,394,050	111,412,616

Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances

Following is a reconciliation of the City's deposit and investment balances as of August 31, 2002:

Investments Certificates of Deposit Bank Accounts Cash on Hand	\$ - \$_	Totals 504,254,697 55,242,000 4,135,412 129,100 563,761,209		
	(Government-wide	Fiduciary Funds	
	_	Statement of Net Assets	Statement of Net Assets	Totals
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	85,015,463	6,154,492	91,169,955
Investments Invested Securities Lending		136,190,571 7,653,943	129,839,911	266,030,482 7,653,943
Restricted Assets:		, ,		, ,
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments		7,896,461 191,010,368	-	7,896,461 191,010,368
, •50•	\$=	427,766,806	135,994,403	563,761,209

There were no investments that resulted in significantly greater custodial risk held during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2002, than those held at year end.

The City's Pension Trust Fund invests in collateralized mortgage obligations to maximize investment earnings. These securities are based on cash flows from principal and interest payments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which may result from a decline in interest rates.

The policies of the Community Health Endowment (CHE) Board of Trustees authorize the CHE fund to participate in securities lending transactions, where securities are loaned to brokers and broker dealers with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The custodial bank administers the securities lending program and receives cash at least equal in value to the market value of the loaned securities as collateral for securities of the type on loan at year-end. Securities lent at year-end for cash collateral are presented as unclassified in the preceding schedule of custodial risk. At year-end, CHE has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts CHE owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe CHE. The cash can not be spent by CHE unless the borrower defaults. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned, and there were no losses resulting from borrower default during the year.

Either CHE or the borrowers can terminate all securities loans on demand. Cash collateral is invested in one of the lending agent's short-term investment pools that had an average duration of 44 days. Because loans were terminable at will, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral. Loss indemnification is provided to the Fund by the contract with the custodian.

(5) **RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at August 31, 2002, consist of the following (in thousands):

					Special A	ssessment	Accrued	Gross	Allowance For	
Fund		Taxes	Accounts	Contributions	Current	Deferred	Interest	Receivables	Uncollectibles	Net
General	\$	2,356	1,960	-	-	-	84	4,400	-	4,400
Street Construction		-	276	-	-	-	112	388	-	388
Community Health										
Endowment		-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3
Wastewater System		-	2,772	-	-	-	190	2,962	-	2,962
Water System		-	5,589	-	-	-	32	5,621	-	5,621
Electric System		-	15,530	-	-	-	408	15,938	-	15,938
Nonmajor -										
Special Revenue		1,013	295	-	-	-	93	1,401	-	1,401
Debt Service		776	-	-	555	3,669	78	5,078	317	4,761
Capital Projects		-	-	-	-	-	127	127	-	127
Enterprise		-	2,971	-	-	-	79	3,050	964	2,086
Internal Service		-	401	-	-	-	112	513	-	513
Fiduciary	_		155	159			411	725		725
	\$_	4,145	29,949	159	555	3,669	1,729	40,206	1,281	38,925

Enterprise funds customer accounts receivable include unbilled charges for services.

Delinquent Special Assessment Receivables at August 31, 2002, were \$273,036.

No other receivables are expected to be uncollected within one year.

(6) <u>DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS</u>

The total of Due From Other Governments of \$25,118,687 includes the following significant items:

<u>Fund/Fund Type</u> General/Governmental	<u>Amount</u> \$8,590,994	State of Nebraska, July/August Sales and Use Tax
	339,627	August Motor Vehicle Taxes Collected by Lancaster County
	154,224	Federal Government, Cost Reimbursements
	75,069	Lancaster County, Cost Reimbursements
Street Construction/Governmental	2,629,116	State of Nebraska, July/August Highway User Fees
	9,085,787	Federal Government, Cost Reimbursements
	1,150,127	State of Nebraska, Project Cost Reimbursements
Lincoln Area Agency on Aging/Special Revenue	107,918	Federal Government, Cost Reimbursements
Lincoln/Lancaster Co. Health/Special Revenue	366,526	Lancaster County, Cost Reimbursements
Snow Removal/Special Revenue	91,108	August Motor Vehicle Taxes Collected by Lancaster County
StarTran/Special Revenue	47,985	Federal Government, Subsidies
Federal Grants/Special Revenue	1,235,946	Federal Government, Cost Reimbursements
Antelope Valley/Debt Service	166,167	State of Nebraska, July/August
Vehicle Tax/Capital Projects	619,559	Development Fund disbursements August Motor Vehicle Taxes Collected by Lancaster County
Information Services/Internal Service	189,274	Lancaster County Billings
Engineering Revolving/Internal Service	58,822	State of Nebraska, Project Cost Reimbursements
Copy Services/Internal Service	19,346	Lancaster County Billing

(7) <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital Asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2002, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:	_				
Land	\$	30,992,503	6,852,515	34,177	37,810,841
Construction in Progress	_	50,397,524	19,345,482	10,180,318	59,562,688
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	_	81,390,027	26,197,997	10,214,495	97,373,529
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:					
Buildings		45,732,176	16,051,632	124,860	61,658,948
Improvements Other Than Buildings		41,050,510	5,551,052	69,169	46,532,393
Machinery and Equipment		53,571,943	12,411,969	3,368,553	62,615,359
Infrastructure		240,400,880	13,207,193		253,608,073
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated		380,755,509	47,221,846	3,562,582	424,414,773
I A 14 ID 343 6					
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings		18,347,934	1,413,346	119,393	19,641,887
Improvements Other Than Buildings		13,285,498	1,348,803	69,169	14,565,132
Machinery and Equipment		30,546,119	5,267,648	3,156,631	32,657,136
Infrastructure		74,202,772	7,940,909	-	82,143,681
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	136,382,323	15,970,706	3,345,193	149,007,836
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	_	244,373,186	31,251,140	217,389	275,406,937
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	325,763,213	57,449,137	10,431,884	372,780,466
		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type Activities:		_			
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:		40.500.450			
Land	\$	13,592,178	595,385	2,310	14,185,253
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	_	84,564,371 98,156,549	65,154,478 65,749,863	64,046,920 64,049,230	85,671,929 99,857,182
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	_	76,130,347	03,747,803	04,047,230	77,037,102
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:					
Buildings		166,473,802	6,079,718	7,144	172,546,376
Improvements Other Than Buildings		289,738,150	16,209,344	560,886	305,386,608
Machinery and Equipment		22,958,410	2,192,415	1,242,060	23,908,765
Utility Plant Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	_	579,185,000 1,058,355,362	51,055,000 75,536,477	1,924,000 3,734,090	628,316,000 1,130,157,749
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	_	1,038,333,302	13,330,477	3,/34,090	1,130,137,749
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings		45,824,420	3,662,392	7,144	49,479,668
Improvements Other Than Buildings		73,898,251	6,840,893	553,605	80,185,539
Machinery and Equipment		12,464,524	1,742,880	1,030,440	13,176,964
Utility Plant	_	215,550,000	19,138,000	2,619,000	232,069,000
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	347,737,195	31,384,165	4,210,189	374,911,171
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	_	710,618,167	44,152,312	(476,099)	755,246,578
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	808,774,716	109,902,175	63,573,131	855,103,760

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	747,653
Public Safety		1,312,001
Streets and Highways, including Infrastructure		7,650,187
Culture and Recreation		2,964,570
Economic Opportunity		49,281
Health and Welfare		132,448
Mass Transit		1,076,155
Internal Service Funds Capital Assets		
Depreciation is charged to the various		
functions based on usage of the assets.		2,038,411
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	\$	15,970,706
	•	
Business-type Activities:		
Parking Lots	\$	21,995
Golf		469,001
Parking Facilities		896,419
Pershing Municipal Auditorium		153,451
Sanitary Landfill		1,370,918
Emergency Medical Services		176,114
Wastewater System		4,027,563
Water System		5,130,704
Lincoln Electric System		19,138,000
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type	\$	31,384,165

Capital asset activity of each major fund was as follows:

		Beginning			Ending
		Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Lincoln Wastewater System:					
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:					
Land	\$	2,138,362	=	=	2,138,362
Construction in Progress		7,967,906	7,157,847	948,160	14,177,593
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	_	10,106,268	7,157,847	948,160	16,315,955
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:					
Buildings		36,843,157	105,128	-	36,948,285
Improvements Other Than Buildings		111,275,542	2,855,877	-	114,131,419
Machinery and Equipment		7,565,989	638,028	215,732	7,988,285
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	_	155,684,688	3,599,033	215,732	159,067,989
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings		14,827,383	993,355	-	15,820,738
Improvements Other Than Buildings		31,011,581	2,601,707	-	33,613,288
Machinery and Equipment		4,266,666	432,501	211,145	4,488,022
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	50,105,630	4,027,563	211,145	53,922,048
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	_	105,579,058	(428,530)	4,587	105,145,941
Wastewater System Capital Assets, Net	\$	115,685,326	6,729,317	952,747	121,461,896

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Lincoln Water System:					
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:					
Land	\$	4,386,218	549	-	4,386,767
Construction in Progress	_	5,620,139	15,500,705	8,494,633	12,626,211
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	_	10,006,357	15,501,254	8,494,633	17,012,978
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:		97.050.377	226 517		97 276 704
Buildings		87,050,277	226,517	5(0.996	87,276,794
Improvements Other Than Buildings		157,101,487	12,825,676	560,886	169,366,277
Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated		6,471,617	425,193	154,791	6,742,019
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated		250,623,381	13,477,386	715,677	263,385,090
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings		18,708,349	1,572,140	-	20,280,489
Improvements Other Than Buildings		36,815,932	3,213,661	553,605	39,475,988
Machinery and Equipment		4,174,291	344,903	114,005	4,405,189
Total Accumulated Depreciation		59,698,572	5,130,704	667,610	64,161,666
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	_	190,924,809	8,346,682	48,067	199,223,424
Water System Capital Assets, Net	\$	200,931,166	23,847,936	8,542,700	216,236,402
	_				
		Beginning			Ending
	_	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Lincoln Electric System: Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:					
Construction in Progress	\$	70,500,000	42,196,000	54,129,000	58,567,000
Construction in Flogress	Φ	70,300,000	42,190,000	34,129,000	38,307,000
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:					
Utility Plant		579,185,000	51,055,000	1,924,000	628,316,000
Less Accumulated Depreciation		215,550,000	19,138,000	2,619,000	232,069,000
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net		363,635,000	31,917,000	(695,000)	396,247,000
Electric System Capital Assets, Net	\$	434,135,000	74,113,000	53,434,000	454,814,000

During 2002, Lincoln Wastewater System incurred \$306,508 of interest cost which was capitalized into construction in progress. Lincoln Water System incurred \$2,174,802 of interest cost, of which \$607,096 was capitalized into construction in progress.

Lincoln Electric System utility plant includes an allowance for funds used during construction of projects costing in excess of \$2 million. The allowance for funds used during construction consists of interest costs on proceeds of commercial paper notes/bonds, less net earnings on proceeds temporarily invested. The weighted-average rate for 2001 was 3.9%.

The Parking Facilities fund incurred interest expense of \$936,436, of which \$103,840 was capitalized into buildings.

(8) PROPERTY TAXES

The Home Rule Charter of the City imposes a tax ceiling for general revenue purposes. The City tax ceiling was established by using the September 1, 1966, City dollar tax limit as an initial tax limit, and increasing that tax limit each year following 1966 by 7% so that in each fiscal year thereafter, the amount of the City tax limit shall be the amount of the City tax limit for the previous year plus 7% thereof. In addition, the City has the power to levy taxes each year sufficient to pay any judgment existing against the City, the interest on bonded debt, and the principal on bonded debt maturing during the fiscal year or within 6 months thereafter, as well as taxes authorized by state law. The 2001 tax levy, for the 2001-2002 fiscal year, was \$44,637,707 below the legal limit, with a tax rate per \$100 valuation of 0.31452. The assessed value upon which the 2001 levy was based was \$10,724,685,837.

The tax levies for all political subdivisions in Lancaster County are certified by the County Board on or before October 15th. Real estate taxes are due on December 31st and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1st following the levy date and become delinquent in two equal installments on April 1st and August 1st. Personal property taxes are due December 31st and become delinquent on April 1st and August 1st following the levy date. Delinquent taxes bear 14% interest.

Property taxes levied for 2001-2002 are recorded as revenue when expected to be collected within 60 days after August 31, 2002. Prior-year levies were recorded using these same principles, and remaining receivables are re-evaluated annually. Property taxes expected to be collected after 60 days are recorded as deferred revenue on the fund balance sheets.

The City-owned electric utility is required by City Charter to make payments in lieu of taxes, aggregating 5% of its gross retail operating revenues derived from within the City limits of incorporated cities and towns served.

(9) LONG-TERM DEBT

The City issues general obligation, special assessment, and revenue bonds to finance the acquisition and construction of major capital assets. Bonded indebtedness has also been entered into to advance refund several general obligation and revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. Special assessment bonds are repaid from amounts levied against affected property owners, but in the unlikely event collections are not sufficient to make debt payments, the responsibility rests with the City to meet that obligation. For revenue bonds the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay the debt service.

Net assets of \$6,526,669, \$2,613,313, \$3,657,506, and \$4,699,699 are currently available in the debt service funds to service the General Obligation Bonds, Tax Supported Bonds, Tax Allocation Bonds, and Special Assessment Bonds, respectively. Revenue Bonds are funded partially from reserve accounts set up for debt repayment and partially from proceeds of daily operations.

The City has entered into lease agreements for financing the acquisition of land, buildings, emergency ambulances and defibrillators, and computer equipment and software. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities
Land	\$	42,000	\$	210,000
Buildings		2,185,750		-
Machinery and Equipment		206,597		1,748,261
Less: Accumulated Depreciation,				
(where applicable)	_	(440,237)	_	(228,999)
Total	\$	1,994,110	\$_	1,729,262

Under the City's Home Rule Charter, there is no legal debt margin. The various bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, minimum amounts to be maintained in various bond reserve funds, and minimum revenue bond coverages. In the opinion of management, the City is in compliance with all such significant limitations and restrictions.

On August 15, 2001, LES issued \$34.725 million in taxable commercial paper notes with an interest rate of 3.575% to advance refund \$35.510 million in outstanding 1992 Series bonds with an average interest rate of 5.721%. LES advance refunded the 1992 bonds to restructure its debt and to provide for flexible covenants and business operations. The refunding resulted in an accounting loss of approximately \$6 million, which is deferred and amortized through 2016, the period over which LES expects to recover the costs. The net proceeds of \$34.412 million plus an additional \$2.44 million of the 1992 series reserve fund were used to purchase U.S. government securities and money market funds and were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1992 bonds. As a result, the 1992 bonds have been removed from the financial statements.

In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of the refunding bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On August 31, 2002, the following bonds outstanding are considered defeased:

Revenue Bonds:

08/15/80	Lincoln Wastewater	\$	5,000
Various	Lincoln Electric		76,000,000
01/15/93	Hospital Revenue	_	19,895,000

Total Defeased Bonds Outstanding \$\,_95,900,000

LES issued short-term taxable commercial paper notes dated August 15, 2001, as noted above, to refund the 1992 Series bonds. The notes matured in June 2002, and had an interest rate of 2.145% at December 31, 2001.

On November 27, 2001, the City issued \$3,165,000 in Golf Course Revenue Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.66% to refund \$3,310,000 in outstanding 1991 Series bonds with an average interest rate of 6.87%. The refunding resulted in a cash flow differential of \$600,533 and an economic gain of \$424,500.

Established by City Ordinance, LES may borrow up to \$125 million under a commercial paper note program. At December 31, 2001, LES had \$75 million of commercial paper notes outstanding. The notes mature at various dates but not more than 270 days after the date of issuance. The weighted-average interest rate for the year ended December 31, 2001, was 3 percent. The annual requirement to pay interest on this outstanding debt is approximately \$2,250,000. The outstanding commercial paper notes are secured by a revolving credit agreement which provides for borrowings up to \$125 million. LES pays a commitment fee for the credit agreement. Under the terms of the agreement LES refinances the commercial paper upon maturity.

Long-term bonded debt and loans of the City are comprised of the following individual issues (in thousands of dollars):

Original Amount	Issued	Issue	Average Interest Rate	When Due	Date Callable	Interest Date	_Outstanding
General (Obligation Bo	ands:					
General I		nus.					
5,193	09/15/89	Sanitary Improvement District #7	5.00000	Ser. '91 to '10	1990	Annually	\$ 2,032
4,570	06/01/93	Various Purpose Refunding	4.47364	Ser. '94 to '06	1998	Semiannually	1,305
10,740	07/01/93	Downtown Redev. Refunding	4.26203	Ser. '93 to '02	1998	"	1,265
4,000	04/15/95	Storm Sewer	5.45795	Ser. '95 to '15	2002	"	2,600
6,500	08/01/95	Various Purpose	5.18442	Ser. '96 to '15	2002	"	4,550
8,250	08/15/97	Storm Sewer and Drainage	4.92735	Ser. '99 to '17	2005	"	7,380
14,435	03/01/99	Various Purpose Series A	4.46209	Ser. '00 to '14	2009	"	12,195
7,365	03/01/99	Various Purpose Series A	4.46209	Term '15 to '19	2009	"	7,365
8,220	03/01/99	Various Purpose Series B	3.81227	Ser. '99 to '11	2007	"	5,965
7,500	05/29/02	Storm Sewer and Drainage	4.71847	Ser. '04 to '20	2010	"	7,500
	Total Genera	al Bonds					\$ 52,157
Municipa	l Infrastruct	ure Redevelopment Bonds:					
3200	06/13/00	Municipal Infrastructure Redev.	5.04700	Ser. '01 to '09	2005	Semiannually	\$ 2,685
Tax Alloc	ation Bonds:						
1,310	11/15/92	Tax Allocation Bonds	5.87280	Ser. '93 to '06	1997	Semiannually	\$ 445
105	11/15/92	Tax Allocation Bonds	6.35000	Term '93 to '06	1997	"	55
90	11/15/92	Tax Allocation Bonds	6.30000	Term '93 to '05	1997	"	45
303	10/18/94	Tax Allocation Bonds	8.00000	Term '95 to '05	Anytime	"	129
232	04/21/00	Tax Allocation Bonds	5.49750	Ser. '01 to '10	2000	"	196
1,200	05/01/01	Tax Allocation & Refunding Bonds	3.63774	Ser. '01 to '04	2003	"	975
		llocation Bonds					\$1,845
	Total Genera	al, MIRF, And Tax Allocation Bonds					\$56,687_
Special A	ssessment Bo	onds:					
3,860	11/15/89	Special Assessment Revolving	6.47384	Ser. '90 to '04	1996	Semiannually	\$310_
	TOTAL GE	NERAL OBLIGATION BONDS					\$56,997_
Tax-Sunr	orted Reven	ue Bonds					
11,080	2/27/02	Antelope Valley Project	4.49907	Ser. '02 to '16	2012	Semiannually	\$11,080_
,						2	+
Revenue	Bonds And L	oans:					
60,000	08/15/93	Water Revenue	5.13966	Ser. '94 to '12	2003	Semiannually	\$37,810_
9,018	02/05/91	Wastewater Revenue Project Loan	5.00000	1992 to 2007	1992	Semiannually	\$5,593_
6,815	09/08/99	Parking Revenue Series A	5.18256	Ser. '00 to '14	2001	Semiannually	\$ 5,920
6,695	09/08/99	Parking Revenue Series A	5.18256	Term 2014	2001	"	6,695
2,125	09/08/99	Parking Revenue Series B	6.25000	Ser. '00 to '04	2001	"	940
6,000	12/05/02	Parking Revenue	4.78376	Ser.'02 to '21	2011	"	5,715
	Total Parkin	g Bonds					\$ 19,270
3,165	10/23/01	Golf Course Revenue Refunding	3.66003	Ser. '02 to '11	2008	Semiannually	\$
184,650	07/01/93	Electric Refunding '93 Series A	4.68942	Ser. '94 to '11	2004	Semiannually	128,055
62,005	07/01/93	Electric Refunding '93 Series A	5.25000	Term 2015	2012	"	62,005
45,560	02/15/98	Electric Revenue Bonds '98 Series A	4.65000	Ser. '98 to '18	2008	"	39,825
141,150	08/15/01	Electric Revenue Bonds '01	5.07478	Ser. '06 to '20	2011	"	141,150
	Total Electri	c Bonds					\$ 371,035
	TOTAL RE	VENUE BONDS AND LOANS					\$ 436,568

Annual requirements to pay principal and interest to maturity on outstanding debt follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal	_	Governmental Activities							
Year Ended		General Obli	gation Bonds	Special Assess	sment Bonds	Tax-Supported I	Revenue Bonds	Capital	Leases
August 31		Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2003	\$	5,060	2,523	105	18	270	446	148	86
2004		3,850	2,333	105	10	555	436	158	80
2005		3,936	2,168	100	3	565	423	142	73
2006		3,770	2,004	-	-	580	409	138	67
2007		3,519	1,840	-	-	595	391	102	61
2008 - 2012		16,222	6,866	-	-	3,305	1,618	594	220
2013 - 2017		13,395	3,486	-	-	5,210	773	347	84
2018 - 2022		6,345	718	-	-	-	-	189	12
2023 - 2027		590	15	-	-	-	-	-	-
	\$	56,687	21,953	310	31	11,080	4,496	1,818	683

Fiscal	_		Business-Ty	pe Activities	
Year Ended	F	Revenue Bon	ds And Loans	Capital	Leases
August 31	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2003	\$	15,442	22,087	290	64
2004		18,123	21,367	300	53
2005		19,038	20,507	310	40
2006		20,922	19,595	320	28
2007		20,828	18,584	207	14
2008 - 2012		115,200	76,604	212	5
2013 - 2017		137,835	44,915	-	-
2018 - 2022		89,180	9,224	-	-
	\$	436,568	232,883	1,639	204

Major fund annual requirements to pay principal and interest to maturity on outstanding debt follows (in thousands of dollars):

Fiscal			Majo	or Funds		
Year Ended	Wastewat	er System	Water S	System	Electric	System
August 31	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2003	\$ 1,032	268	3,010	1,972	10,035	19,106
2004	1,083	214	3,155	1,825	12,450	18,327
2005	1,127	160	3,305	1,667	13,170	17,746
2006	1,177	103	3,465	1,499	13,790	17,118
2007	1,174	44	3,640	1,318	15,460	16,450
2008 - 2012	-	-	21,235	3,491	85,390	70,276
2013 - 2017	-	-	-	-	110,830	45,797
2018 - 2022	-	-	-	-	109,910	14,273
	\$ 5,593	789	37,810	11,772	371,035	219,093

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2002, was as follows:

		09/01/01 Beginning			08/31/02 Ending	Due Within
		Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:	_					
Bonds and Leases Payable:						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	48,794	7,500	(4,137)	52,157	4,178
Municipal Infrastructure						
Redevelopment Bonds		2,960	-	(275)	2,685	290
Tax Allocation Bonds		2,244	-	(399)	1,845	593
Special Assessment Debt with				` /		
Government Commitment		420	_	(110)	310	105
Tax-Supported Antelope Valley				, ,		
Project Bonds		_	11,080	-	11,080	270
Capital Leases		1,868	85	(135)	1,818	147
Gross Bonds and Leases Payable	_	56,286	18,665	(5,056)	69,895	5,583
Deferred Amounts:		,	,	() /	,	,
For Issuance Premiums		_	144	_	144	_
For Issuance Discounts		_	(3)	_	(3)	_
Net Bonds and Leases Payable	_	56,286	18,806	(5,056)	70.036	5,583
Other Liabilities:		,	,	(=,===)	,	-,
Compensated Absences		6,359	5,021	(4,492)	6,888	4,812
Claims and Judgements		4,762	2,449	(1,704)	5,507	2,692
ciamo ana vaugemento	_	.,,,,,		(1,701)		
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$=	67,407	26,276	(11,252)	82,431	13,087
D						
Business-Type Activities:						
Bonds, Notes and Leases Payable:	Φ.	40.600		(2.000)	27.010	2.010
Water Revenue Bonds	\$	40,690	-	(2,880)	37,810	3,010
Wastewater Revenue Project Loan		6,585	-	(992)	5,593	1,032
Parking Revenue Bonds		14,385	6,000	(1,115)	19,270	1,085
Golf Course Revenue Bonds		3,310	3,165	(3,615)	2,860	280
Electric System Bonds		276,885	141,150	(47,000)	371,035	10,035
Commercial Paper Notes		65,000	10,000	(274)	75,000	200
Capital Leases	_	1,326	587	(274)	1,639	290
Gross Bonds, Notes and Leases Payable		408,181	160,902	(55,876)	513,207	15,732
Deferred Amounts:		120	2.1.0	(0.1)	2 2 4 5	
For Issuance Premiums		139	3,160	(84)	3,215	-
For Issuance Discounts		(22,988)	-	5,146	(17,842)	-
For Refunding	_		(50)	5	(45)	
Net Bonds, Notes and Leases Payable		385,332	164,012	(50,809)	498,535	15,732
Other Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences	_	807	702	(584)	925	660
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	386,139	164,714	(51,393)	499,460	16,392

Internal Service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds, therefore, their long-term liabilities are included with the governmental activities above. Compensated absences are liquidated in both the governmental and business-type funds as applicable. The claims and judgements liability will generally be liquidated through the City's Insurance Revolving internal service fund, which will finance the payment of those claims by charging other funds based on management's assessment of the relative insurance risk that should be assumed by individual funds.

Long-term liability activity for the major funds for the year ended August 31, 2002, was as follows:

Lincoln Westernston Content	_	09/01/01 Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	08/31/02 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Lincoln Wastewater System: Loans Payable and Other Liabilities:						
Wastewater Revenue Project Loan	\$	6,585	_	(992)	5,593	1,032
Compensated Absences	Ψ	291	224	(213)	302	212
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	6,876	224	(1,205)	5,895	1,244
Lincoln Water System:						
Bonds Payable:						
Water Revenue Bonds	\$	40,690	-	(2,880)	37,810	3,010
Deferred For Issuance Discounts	_	(275)		25	(250)	2.010
Net Bonds Payable Other Liabilities:		40,415	-	(2,855)	37,560	3,010
Compensated Absences		361	270	(236)	395	242
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	40,776	270	(3,091)	37,955	3,252
Lincoln Electric System:						
Bonds and Notes Payable:	•	274 005	1.41.150	(47,000)	271 025	10.025
Electric System Revenue Bonds	\$	276,885	141,150	(47,000)	371,035	10,035
Commercial Paper Notes Deferred For Issuance Premiums		65,000	10,000	(94)	75,000	-
Deferred For Issuance Premiums Deferred For Issuance Discounts		139	3,160	(84) 5,121	3,215	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	s-	(22,713) 319,311	154,310	(41,963)	<u>(17,592)</u> 431,658	10,035
	~=		10.,510	(11,705)	.51,000	10,030

(10) FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the opinion of management, the carrying value of financial instruments, including commercial paper notes, of the City's utility proprietary funds (Lincoln Wastewater, Lincoln Water, and Lincoln Electric Systems) is presented in the City's financial statements at values which approximated fair value at August 31, 2002, (December 31, 2001 for Lincoln Electric System), with the exception of long-term debt for which the estimated fair value is \$5,500,000, \$35,200,000 and \$377,000,000, respectively.

(11) **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The City has issued revenue bonds and other debt instruments to finance capital construction and acquisitions for both the Parks and Recreation and Public Works/Utilities departments. The Golf division of the Parks and Recreation department operates the City's golf courses and is accounted for in the Golf Fund. The Parking Facilities division of the Public Works/Utilities department operates the City's downtown parking garages and is accounted for in the Parking Facilities Fund. Summary financial information as of and for the year ended August 31, 2002, for these two divisions is presented as follows:

	Golf	Parking Facilities
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	<u> </u>	Facilities
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$ 617,595	942,252
Restricted Assets	536,459	4,506,147
Deferred Charges	69,488	563,621
Capital Assets	8,087,044	37,285,438
Total Assets	9,310,586	43,297,458
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	403,990	137,953
Due to Other Funds	9,744	1,602
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	301,048	1,701,580
Noncurrent Liabilities	2,909,128	18,185,000
Total Liabilities	3,623,910	20,026,135
Net Assets:	 -	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	4,864,405	18,579,059
Restricted	515,411	3,889,567
Unrestricted	306,860	802,697
Total Net Assets	\$ 5,686,676	23,271,323
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES,		_
EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,637,361	4,347,985
Depreciation Expense	(469,001)	(896,419)
Other Operating Expenses	(2,141,707)	(1,964,389)
Operating Income	26,653	1,487,177
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):	20,000	1,107,177
Investment Earnings	35,717	200,561
Gain/Loss on Disposal of Assets	(2,310)	
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(172,775)	(865,830)
Capital Contributions	145,230	-
Change in Net Assets	32,515	821,908
Beginning Net Assets	5,654,161	22,449,415
Ending Net Assets	\$ 5,686,676	23,271,323
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$ 562,739	2,837,208
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,424,191)	(2,140,712)
Investing Activities	936,508	(1,962,448)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	75,056	(1,265,952)
Beginning Balance	806,982	3,905,228
Ending Balance	\$ 882,038	2,639,276
3		, , -

(12) <u>DEFICIT NET ASSETS</u>

The following fund had a net asset deficit as of August 31, 2002, which will be eliminated through the recording of future ambulance service fees, net of expenses:

Emergency Medical Services Enterprise Fund \$(59,171)

(13) EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLANS

The employees of the City are covered by several retirement plans. The Police and Fire Department Plan (PFDP) is administered by the City and is included in the Fiduciary Fund type. PFDP recognizes plan member contributions in the period in which they are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All other plans are administered by outside trustees and are not included in the City's combined financial statements.

POLICE AND FIRE PENSION

<u>Plan Description</u> - PFDP is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of Lincoln. PFDP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Cost-of-living adjustments are provided to members and beneficiaries in accordance with the plan document. Article II Section 3 of the Lincoln Charter assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City Council. The City does not issue a separate report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PFDP.

The City has added a new program, Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP), for police and fire pension members. The DROP program allows a member to retire for pension purposes, but to continue working. The member receives a paycheck and the member's monthly pension benefit is deposited into the member's DROP account. At the end of five years, or anytime before five years, the member must "retire-in-fact". Contributions to the pension are eliminated at the beginning of the DROP period. Pension benefits are set, and will not be increased because of raises, promotions, increased years of service or pension enhancements. When a member retires-in-fact, their monthly pension benefit will be paid directly to them and the member will have access to the funds in their DROP account.

Membership of the pension plan consisted of the following at August 31, 2002, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	305
Terminated plan members entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	36
Active plan members (non-DROP)	536
DROP members	47
Total	924
Number of participating employers	1

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established by City Ordinance #15728 dated September 24, 1990, and may be amended by the City Council. Plan members are required to contribute between 7% and 8% of their annual covered salary based on an election made by the employee. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for fiscal year 2002 was 6.93% of annual covered payroll. Actual contributions by the City were 5.96% of annual covered payroll as the City has chosen to accelerate the period over which the funding credit is being amortized. Administrative costs of PFDP are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the August 31, 2000, actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial funding method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 5.0 –9.0% per year, and (c) the assumption that benefits will not increase after retirement. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a four year smoothed market method. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis over a period of five years.

Three-Year Trend Information (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Year	Annual	Annual	Percentage	Net
Ended	Pension	Pension	of APC	Pension
August 31	Cost (APC)	Contribution	Contributed	Obligation
2002	\$ 1,989	\$ 1,585	80 %	\$ (374)
2001	894	1,156	129	(777)
2000	48	958	1996	(516)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Funding Progress (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
August 31, 2002	\$ 128,319	\$ 130,875	\$ 2,556	98.0 %	\$ 26,607	9.6 %
August 31, 2001	128,070	122,661	(5,409)	104.4	28,216	(19.2)
August 31, 2000	121,404	115,671	(5,733)	105.0	25,808	(22.2)
August 31, 1999	113,903	104,692	(9,211)	108.8	23,611	(39.0)
August 31, 1998	109,213	94,848	(14,365)	115.1	21,860	(65.7)
August 31, 1997	101,476	91,023	(10,453)	111.5	20,909	(50.0)

^{*} Non-DROP payroll in 2002 and later

Schedule of Employer Contributions (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Year Ended August 31	Annual Required Contribution	Annual Pension Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2002	\$ 1,878	\$ 1,585	84 %
2001	821	1,156	141
2000	92	958	1041
1999	962	904	94
1998	531	504	95
1997	546	433	79

At August 31, 2002, the City has recorded a net pension asset of \$374,000 in the government-wide statement of net assets.

ELECTRIC SYSTEM

The City owns and operates its own electric system which is included in the enterprise funds in the accompanying basic financial statements. The electric system is controlled and managed by an administrative board and is not supported by the City's general tax revenues. The electric system provides retirement benefits to its employees under its own separate plan, such benefits being funded solely from revenues derived from the operation of the electric system. A summary of the electric system plan is as follows:

LES has a defined contribution retirement plan covering all employees upon employment; however, employees are not eligible to receive employer contributions until they have been employed six months.

The plan is a straight-money purchase plan, administered by a financial institution. LES's contribution is equal to 200% of the employees' contributions which range from 2-5% of gross wages. This plan and related contribution requirements were authorized by the administrative board of directors under LES' retirement plan, on October 12, 1972, (latest restatement June 15, 1989). Vesting of LES contributions occurs over a five-year period. Employee forfeitures are used to reduce employer contributions. Vested benefits are fully funded. LES incurred contribution expense of approximately \$2,155,300 (9.5% of covered payroll) and its employees contributed approximately \$1,105,000 (4.9% of covered payroll).

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Directors of City departments are eligible the first of the month following the date employed to be covered by the Director's Money Purchase Plan, established by City Ordinance, and administered by an insurance company. The Plan is a defined contribution plan requiring the City to contribute 6% of the first \$4,800 of earned income plus 12% of earned income over \$4,800 in one calendar year. Employees covered by the Plan may also make voluntary contributions. Participant accounts are immediately 100% vested. Total and covered payroll for the year ended December 31, 2001, was \$1,268,730. City contributions totaled \$147,323 or 11.6% of covered payroll. Voluntary employee contributions of \$25,425 were made for the year ended December 31, 2001.

ALL OTHER CITY EMPLOYEES

All other City employees are eligible after 6 months' service and age 19 to be covered under the City's Money Purchase Pension Plan, established by City Ordinance, and administered by an insurance company. Enrollment in the program is mandatory at age 40 with 5 years service. Vesting occurs in increments between 3 and 7 years of enrollment in the plan. The Plan is a defined contribution plan requiring employees to contribute 3% of earnings on the first \$4,800 and 6% on the balance of earnings. Currently, the City contributes 200% of the employees' contribution. Employee forfeitures are used to reduce employer contributions. Employees covered by the Plan may also make voluntary contributions. During the year ended December 31, 2001, total payroll was approximately \$54,898,000 and covered payroll was approximately \$45,693,000. City contributions totaled \$4,345,732 or 9.5% of covered payroll and employee contributions totaled \$2,559,800 or 5.6% of covered payroll. Employees made \$38,200 in voluntary contributions for the year ended December 31, 2001.

(14) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

GENERAL

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. Federal financial assistance programs are subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies is not determinable at this time; however, City officials do not believe that such amounts would be significant.

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits in its normal course of operations and management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such lawsuits will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial statements.

The City of Lincoln owns a solid waste disposal area which discontinued operations in 1990, but still requires certain closure and postclosure care, including the construction of final cover soil, monitoring of groundwater conditions and landfill gas migration, and general site maintenance. While accrual of closure and postclosure care costs has been reflected in the financial statements in the current year, additional corrective action costs related to landfill gas migration and groundwater conditions may be identified once testing is completed and regulatory officials have made a final review of reported findings.

STREET CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

The City's Street Construction Capital Projects fund has commitments under major construction contracts in progress of approximately \$13,709,000 as of August 31, 2002, which will be financed primarily through highway user fees, federal and state grants, and developer contributions.

LINCOLN WASTEWATER SYSTEM

The Lincoln Wastewater System has commitments under major construction contracts in progress of approximately \$9,800,000 as of August 31, 2002, which will be financed primarily through operations.

Lincoln Wastewater System has commitments to fund Lincoln Water System's purchase of automated meter reading system equipment. Under the agreement, Lincoln Wastewater System will fund approximately \$400,000 per year for the next five years. The maximum remaining commitment is approximately \$2,000,000.

LINCOLN WATER SYSTEM

The Lincoln Water System has commitments under major construction contracts in progress of approximately \$4,000,000 as of August 31, 2002, which will be financed primarily through operations and available funds.

Lincoln Water System has commitments to purchase approximately \$1,000,000 of automated meter reading system equipment for the next five years. The maximum remaining commitment is approximately \$5,000,000.

LINCOLN ELECTRIC SYSTEM (LES)

Participation Contract with NPPD for Cooper Nuclear Station

LES has a contract with Nebraska Public Power District (NPPD) which provides for the purchase of 12.5 percent of the output of NPPD's nominally rated 800-megawatt nuclear facility. The contract provides that LES will pay a proportionate share of the nuclear fuel costs (based on energy actually delivered) plus 12.5 percent of all other costs of the facility. Fixed cost payments under the contract are on the same percentage basis whether or not the plant is operating or operable. LES recognized expense for its share of the total fixed demand costs of approximately \$26,500,000 in 2001.

The contract continues through September 22, 2003, and may be extended if NPPD continues operating the facility after that date. The nuclear facility's operating license issued by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission has been extended to 2014. Upon expiration of the contract, if the facility is no longer operated, LES would be liable for 12.5 percent of the costs of decommissioning the nuclear facility. The most recent study indicates the total cost of decommissioning the facility would approximate between \$474,000,000 and \$492,000,000 in 1996 dollars. The available cash balances of various NPPD funds at that time will be used to offset the total cost of decommissioning the nuclear facility. At December 31, 2001, the available fund balances approximated \$291,300,000. LES recognized expense for these potential costs of approximately \$2,900,000 in 2001.

Participants are also billed for disposal costs of nuclear fuel burned based on energy produced. LES recognized related costs of approximately \$605,000 in 2001.

LES is responsible for 12.5 percent of capital additions and improvements at the nuclear facility. These projects are financed by NPPD and billed to LES over periods ranging from six to eight years. LES recognized as purchased power approximately \$1,300,000 in 2001 for its share of these costs.

Internal financial statements of the nuclear facility reflect \$73,900,000 in revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2001. Fixed cost payments of LES include the debt service payments necessary to retire 12.5 percent of the principal and interest on bonds issued by NPPD for the facility. LES's share of debt service payments was approximately \$4,400,000 in 2001.

Expected fixed cost payments to NPPD under this contract, including debt service payments, payments for decommissioning costs, fixed costs, and other costs as noted above, aggregate approximately

\$21,900,000 and \$18,700,000, respectively, in each of the two years subsequent to December 31, 2001.

Various lawsuits have been filed related to the construction of a low-level radioactive waste facility in Nebraska, which would be utilized by NPPD. LES is unable to predict the effect the lawsuits could have on the construction and operation of the waste facility, but the operation of the nuclear facility, as well as access to waste storage facilities, could be adversely affected.

Other Participation Contracts with NPPD

LES has participating interests in the output of two existing NPPD power plants, a thirty percent (approximately 68 Mega Watts (MW)) and eight percent (approximately 109 MW) entitlement to the output of the Sheldon Station Power Plant (nominally rated 225 MW coal plant) and Gerald Gentleman Station Power Plant (nominally rated 1,268 MW coal plant), respectively.

LES is responsible for its respective participating interests in the two facilities' capital additions and improvements. LES's share of debt service payments necessary to retire the respective participation interests of principal and interest on bonds issued by NPPD for the facilities was approximately \$6,200,000 in 2001. LES recognizes its share of capital acquisition costs and debt service payments as power costs in the period the costs are billed. Fixed cost payments under the agreements are on a participation basis whether or not such plants are operating or operable. LES recognized expense for its share of the total fixed costs of approximately \$14,500,000 in 2001.

The participation contracts continue until the facilities are removed from commercial operation or the final maturity occurs on the related debt incurred by NPPD to finance the facilities, whichever occurs last. The expected fixed cost payments to NPPD under these contracts, including capital additions and improvements, debt service payments, and fixed costs and credits aggregate approximately \$17,100,000, \$16,900,000, \$16,100,000, \$16,800,000, and \$16,400,000, respectively, in each of the five years subsequent to December 31, 2001.

Laramie River Station (LRS)

LES is an 12.76 percent co-owner of the Missouri Basin Power Project which includes LRS, a three-unit, 1,650 MW coal-fired generating station in eastern Wyoming and a related transmission system. Costs, net of accumulated depreciation, associated with LRS of approximately \$67,000,000 are reflected in utility plant at December 31, 2001.

LES has a participation power sales agreement with the County of Los Alamos, New Mexico (the County) whereby the County purchases from LES 10 MW of LES's capacity interest in LRS. The agreement provides for the County to pay LES approximately \$116,000 per month through July 1, 2002, for demand charges. The amount is subject to change each July 1 based on debt costs of LES relative to the current market rates, until termination of the agreement. At July 1, 2002, it was determined that the rate would increase to approximately \$118,000 per month. The agreement remains in effect until either the final maturity occurs on any LRS related debt, LRS is removed from commercial operation or the County gives LES notice to terminate the agreement. During 2001, LES billed the County approximately \$2,200,000 for demand and energy charges.

(15) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 31, 2002, subsequent to LES' December 31, 2001, reporting date, the LES administrative board approved a settlement with NPPD regarding claims and court actions related to their Power Sales Contract and to the Cooper Nuclear Station management and operating performance. The settlement included a new Power Sales Agreement with NPPD effective August 1, 2002, through September 30, 2003; an amendment to the agreement for Gerald Gentlemen Station relating to LES' entitlement to fully schedule an additional 7 megawatts from the Station; and authorization for LES to file documents for the dismissal of all outstanding litigation with NPPD related to Cooper Nuclear Station.

A significant factor in the overall settlement is the provision to release LES from any future decommissioning obligation, and also to indemnify and hold LES harmless from any claims arising from or related to the power sales contract or the operation of Cooper Nuclear Station. Economic benefits include an estimated \$5 million in available decommissioning funds, \$3.5 million in savings in power costs, and approximately \$1 million per year in additional savings from low cost Gerald Gentlemen Station energy for so long as the station continues to operate.

In October 2002, the City issued \$148,190,000 of Lincoln Electric System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, series 2002, to provide funds which, together with certain other available funds, will be used for the payment and redemption of a portion of certain of the City's outstanding Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1993 Series A. The 2002 Bonds are also being issued to refund a portion of LES' tax exempt commercial paper, fund a deposit to the 2002 Debt Service Reserve Fund and pay for certain costs and expenses related to the issuance of the 2002 Bonds. The interest rates on the 2002 bonds range from 4.00-5.00 percent and the final maturity is on September 1, 2025. Debt service payments range from \$3,685,000 - \$13,510,000.

In November 2002, the City issued \$18,510,000 of Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, to provide funds necessary to pay costs incident to providing certain improvements to the municipally owned water system, establishing a reserve fund with respect to the 2002 bonds, and paying expenses incident to issuance of the bonds. The interest rates on the 2002 bonds range from 2.75-5.00 percent and the final maturity is on August 15, 2022. Debt service payments are scheduled annually at amounts that range from \$735,000 - \$1,465,000.

The City will issue \$32,180,000 of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003, to provide a portion of the funds required for the payment and redemption on August 15, 2003, of \$34,800,000 aggregate principal amount of the City's outstanding Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 1993 and paying expenses incident to issuance of the 2003 bonds. The interest rate on the 2003 bonds is 5.00 percent and the final maturity is on August 15, 2012. Debt service payments are scheduled annually at amounts that range from \$3,115,000 - \$4,335,000.

(16) RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET BASIS TO GAAP

Amounts presented on a non-GAAP budget basis of accounting differ from those presented in accordance with GAAP due to the treatment afforded accruals, encumbrances, and funds for which legally adopted annual budgets are not established. A reconciliation for the year ended August 31, 2002, which discloses the nature and amount of the adjustments necessary to convert the actual GAAP data to the budgetary basis, is presented below:

Net Change in Fund Balances:		General Fund	Street Construction <u>Fund</u>
Balance on a GAAP basis Basis differences (accruals) occur because the cash basis of	\$	2,443,129	(3,058,635)
accounting used for budgeting differs from the modified accrual basis of accounting prescribed for governmental funds.		(791,268)	(612,067)
Entity differences occur when the budget excludes programs or entities that fall within the financial reporting entity as			
defined by GAAP. Balance on a budget basis	\$_	<u>-</u> 1,651,861	22,543,481 18,872,779

(17) <u>INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY</u>

Balances Due To/From Other Funds at August 31, 2002, consists of the following:

Due From		Due To									
		General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service	Total					
General Fund	\$	-	868	7,005	376,829	384,702					
Street Construction		=	-	5,532	5,323	10,855					
Community Health Endowmer	ıt	-	-	-	8	8					
Nonmajor Governmental		17	507,111	-	45,537	552,665					
Nonmajor Enterprise		970,419	-	-	12,885	983,304					
Internal Service	_	40		<u> </u>	19,440	19,480					
Total	\$	970,476	507,979	12,537	460,022	1,951,014					

"Due to" and "Due from" balances are recorded when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash. The total due to the General Fund includes \$742,608 from the Emergency Medical Services enterprise fund for an advance made for cash flow needs. Of this amount, \$268,000 is not expected to re repaid within one year. All remaining balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Transfers To/From Other Funds at August 31, 2002, consists of the following:

Transfer To		Transfer From											
	_	General Fund	Street Construction	Nonmajor Governmental	Lincoln Electric System	Nonmajor Enterprise	Total						
General Fund Street Construction Nonmajor Governmental Nonmajor Enterprise	\$	15,372,023 346,993	2,689,044	311,325 10,114,321 6,445,399	1,140,251	311,031	1,451,576 10,114,321 24,817,497 346,993						
Internal Service	_	2,939	9,660	30,000			42,599						
Total	\$_	15,721,955	2,698,704	16,901,045	1,140,251	311,031	36,772,986						

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The variance of \$17,251 on the Statement of Activities transfers is caused by the different fiscal year end dates used by the City (August 31) and Lincoln Electric System (December 31). Lincoln Electric System records an estimate for payments in lieu of taxes as an accrued liability at the end of their fiscal year. The City however, receives the transfer before the August 31 fiscal year end, and records the exact amount as a transfer in.

(18) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or acts of God. For the year ended August 31, 2002, the City has a self-insured retention for workers' compensation exposures up to \$400,000 per individual; building and contents exposures up to \$25,000 per occurrence; law enforcement liability exposures up to \$250,000 per occurrence; general liability exposures up to \$250,000 per occurrence; public officials exposures up to \$250,000 per occurrence; public transportation liability exposures up to \$250,000 per occurrence; auto liability exposures up to \$250,000, and employee long-term disability benefits, all of which are covered under the Insurance Revolving Fund which is included in the internal service funds. The self-insurance programs are administered through the Risk Management division.

Workers' compensation is covered by a policy which provides statutory limits above the City's retention of \$400,000 per individual. Law enforcement liability is covered by a policy which provides limits of \$2 million per occurrence and \$5 million in aggregate. Both general liability and public officials liability provides limits of \$1 million per occurrence and \$5 million in aggregate. Auto liability and Public transportation liability is covered by a policy which provides a limit of \$5 million. The Nebraska Political Tort Claims Act limits the City's liability for tort claims to \$1 million per individual and \$5 million per occurrence. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.

The City annually retains the services of independent actuaries to analyze the self-insured workers' compensation, general liability, public transportation liability, law enforcement liability, auto liability, and long-term disability exposures. Such analysis has been used to assist the City with its financial planning and management of the self-insurance program. Included in the specific objectives of the studies were to:

- Estimate the outstanding liabilities for the current fiscal year ended August 31,
- Forecast ultimate incurred losses and incurred but not reported (IBNR) losses for future years, and
- Estimate the required funding level for the City's self-insured liabilities.

The City funds its self-insurance program on an "incurred loss" basis. The governmental and proprietary funds pay budgeted annual premium amounts, based on past experience of incurred losses, to the Insurance Revolving Fund. Claim liabilities of \$5,507,344 were recorded at August 31, 2002. This is the actuarially estimated amount of claims based on an estimate of ultimate incurred and IBNR losses as of that date and is calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs, and other economic and social factors. These liabilities have been discounted using a 4.0% discount rate and a claim payment pattern based on the historical data of the City. The City has purchased no annuity contracts in the current fiscal year to resolve City of Lincoln claims.

The following is a summary of the changes in the estimated claims liability for the year ended August 31, 2002:

Balance at September 1 \$ 4,762,334
Current year claims and changes in estimates 2,449,075
Claim payments (1,704,065)
Balance at August 31 \$ 5,507,344

(19) LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The City of Lincoln currently owns and operates a solid waste disposal area and a construction and demolition disposal area. State and federal laws require the City to close the landfills once capacity is reached and to monitor and maintain the site for thirty subsequent years on the solid waste disposal area and five subsequent years on the construction and demolition disposal area. Although certain closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

At August 31, 2002, the City had incurred a liability of approximately \$4,518,000 for the solid waste disposal area which represents the amount of costs reported to date based on the approximately 30 percent of landfill capacity used to date. The remaining estimated liability for these costs is approximately \$10.4 million which will be recognized as the remaining capacity is used (estimated to be approximately 24 years).

As of August 31, 2002, the City had incurred a liability of approximately \$475,000 for the construction and demolition disposal area which represents the amount of costs reported to date based on the approximately 42 percent of landfill capacity used to date. The remaining estimated liability for these costs is approximately \$652,000 which will be recognized as the remaining capacity is used (estimated to be approximately 18 years).

The estimated costs of closure and postclosure care, as determined by an independent engineering consultant, are subject to changes such as the effects of inflation, revision of laws, changes in technology, actual sequence of landfill development and closure, and other variables.

Effective May 2002, the City of Lincoln, in review by the Nebraska Department of Environmental Quality (NDEQ), has demonstrated compliance with the financial assurance requirements as specified in Title 132 - *Integrated Solid Waste Management Regulations*, through the Local Government Financial Test. NDEQ also approved termination of the fund equity reserve mechanism previously used to represent such financial responsibility.

The City of Lincoln also owns a solid waste disposal area which discontinued operations in 1990. Although exempt from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria issued October 9, 1991, the City must still adhere to certain closure and postclosure care requirements under prior legislation, including the construction of final cover soil, monitoring of ground water conditions and landfill gas migration, and general site maintenance. At August 31, 2002, a liability for closure and postclosure care costs is recorded in the amount of approximately \$1,573,000, which is based on appropriations identified in the City's capital improvement projects budgeting process. Additional corrective action costs related to possible landfill gas migration and groundwater conditions will be identified once testing is completed and regulatory officials have made a final review of subsequent findings. Consequently, costs associated with the potential corrective action have not been accrued as of August 31, 2002.

(20) PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

In 1990, the City and the County of Lancaster, pursuant to state statute, activated a separate governmental entity denominated as the Lincoln-Lancaster County Public Building Commission. The purpose of this joint venture is to design, acquire, construct, maintain, operate, improve, remodel, remove and reconstruct, so long as its corporate existence continues, public buildings, structures, or facilities for use jointly by the City and the County. The City and the County each appoint two members to the five-member Commission, with the fifth member being appointed by the other four members. All property held or acquired by the Commission is held or acquired in the name of the City and the County for use by the Commission in its corporate capacity. The Commission's costs of operation and debt service are funded through rental payments made by the City and the County based upon their proportionate occupancy of such buildings to the extent not covered by a maximum property tax levy of 1.7 cents for each \$100 of actual valuation of taxable property in the County. For the year ended August 31, 2002, the City made rental payments of approximately \$2 million to the Commission.

As of August 31, 2002, the Commission has bonds outstanding of \$39,975,000 attributable to several bond issues. Certain proceeds from the bonds totaling \$5,400,000 have been utilized by the Commission to acquire construct and/or renovate certain buildings occupied by the City and County. The City's proportionate share of such buildings and the corresponding debt are reflected as capital leases in the City's financial statements. Lease payments are not recorded as capital lease payments in the Debt Service funds but rather are recorded as current expenditures in the various individual funds.

Additional bond proceeds, totaling \$29,000,000, have been utilized by the Commission to construct a new County-City building and to renovate the prior County-City building to be used as a Hall of Justice. It is estimated that the City occupies approximately 65% of the new building and 38% of the renovated building (Hall of Justice). It is anticipated that property tax levies by the Commission will be sufficient to meet bond principal and interest payments. Should revenues from such property tax levies not be sufficient to meet debt service requirements in any given year, the City and County would contribute the necessary payments based on their proportionate occupancy in such buildings. Such contributions are expected to be minimal and will be expensed in the appropriate funds when incurred. The City's proportionate share of the buildings has been recorded in capital assets in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement regarding the ultimate transfer of assets to the City and County.

Bonds of \$8,330,000 have been issued to acquire and construct a parking facility adjacent to the County-City complex. The City's proportionate share of the parking facility will be recorded in capital assets upon completion, in relation to the ultimate transfer of the asset to the City and County.

Complete separate financial statements for the Commission may be obtained at the Lincoln-Lancaster County Public Building Commission, 920 "O" Street, Room 203, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

(21) JOINT ANTELOPE VALLEY AUTHORITY

Joint Antelope Valley Authority (JAVA) is a joint administrative entity created April 15, 2000, in accordance with Article XV, Section 18 of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska and Nebraska Revenue Statutes Section 13.801 through 13.827 (1997) authorizing the creation of a joint entity by public agencies. Per an interlocal cooperative agreement by and between the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska, a public body corporate, the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, a municipal corporation, and the Lower Platte South Natural Resources District, a political subdivision of the State of Nebraska. JAVA constitutes a separate administrative entity, exercising the public power granted by the interlocal cooperation agreement on behalf of the three aforementioned "Partners" to coordinate planning and implementation of a public project described in the Antelope Valley Study and the U.S. Army corps of Engineers Antelope Creek Feasibility Study (the Project). The Project generally includes community revitalization, transportation, and drainage/flood control improvements.

After completion of a specific component of the Project, JAVA will transfer all real estate and improvements thereon to the appropriate individual Partner, subject to the necessary and agreed upon easements which will be conveyed to such Partner or other appropriate public or private entity, or reserved by such a Partner, for the operation, maintenance, repair and inspection of each specific component.

During the implementation period of the agreement, JAVA shall have the power and authority to acquire and condemn property rights, borrow, mortgage, pledge, or secure loans and bond its appropriated revenues and assets; provided however, that JAVA shall have no power and authority to bond the credit or revenues of the three Partners or each Partner, or levy taxes.

Complete separate financial statements for JAVA may be obtained at the City of Lincoln Public Works Business Office, 555 South 10th Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508.

(22) JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

District Energy Corporation

LES, in conjunction with two other governmental entities, created the District Energy Corporation (DEC) in 1989 to own, operate, maintain, and finance the heating and cooling facilities utilized by certain city, county, and state buildings. The Board of Directors of DEC is comprised of five members: two appointed by the county board of commissioners, two by the Mayor of Lincoln who must be confirmed by the City Council, and one by LES. No participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest.

The DEC Board of Directors, under a twenty-year management agreement, have appointed LES to supervise and manage the system and business affairs of DEC. LES is reimbursed for these management services based on the allocated actual costs. LES also provides electric energy to DEC at an established interruptible commercial rate. The total amount of payments to LES for management, operations, and maintenance services was approximately \$120,000 in 2001. The total amount of payments to LES for energy was approximately \$73,000 in 2001.

Nebraska Utility Corporation

On May 17, 2001, LES, in conjunction with the University of Nebraska, created the Nebraska Utility Corporation (NUCorp). NUCorp was created to purchase, lease, construct and finance facilities and to acquire services in order to furnish energy requirements, utility and infrastructure services and all related energy, utility and infrastructure services to counties, cities, villages, school districts, sanitary and improvement districts or other municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the State of Nebraska or political subdivisions of another state. The Board of Directors of NUCorp is comprised of five members: three members appointed by the University of Nebraska and two members appointed by LES. No participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES

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CITY OF LINCOLN, NE COMBINED BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

	_	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Inventories	\$	19,746,336 2,511,550 1,400,727 5,449 1,850,868 718,378	13,024,464 4,148,678 4,760,682 - 167,826	9,780,042 15,622,565 126,762 502,530 619,559	42,550,842 22,282,793 6,288,171 507,979 2,638,253 718,378
Total Assets	=	26,233,308	22,101,650	26,651,458	74,986,416
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Contracts Payable Retainages Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue Deferred Revenue Bond Principal Payable Bond Interest Payable Total Liabilities		675,769 1,505,141 52,665 98,819 603,155 936,394 - - 3,871,943	250 - - 500,000 - 3,999,963 65,000 39,250 4,604,463	143,484 168,698 590 - - - - 312,772	819,503 168,698 590 1,505,141 552,665 98,819 603,155 4,936,357 65,000 39,250 8,789,178
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Encumbrances Inventories Debt Service Trust Donations Unreserved: Designated for Debt Service Designated for Subsequent Years' Expenditures Undesignated		1,763,320 718,378 - 1,201,549 - 1,002,410 17,675,708	12,630,821 - 4,866,366	1,017,952 - - - - - 25,320,734	2,781,272 718,378 12,630,821 1,201,549 4,866,366 1,002,410 42,996,442
Total Fund Balances	_	22,361,365	17,497,187	26,338,686	66,197,238
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	26,233,308	22,101,650	26,651,458	74,986,416

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES	-				
Taxes:					
Property	\$	8,643,072	7,198,662	-	15,841,734
Wheel		994,648	-	6,763,917	7,758,565
Sundry and In Lieu		9,555	6,737	-	16,292
Special Assessement		425	1,701,533	-	1,701,958
Intergovernmental		25,283,529	1,857,862	267,133	27,408,524
Permits and Fees		9,250,649	-	-	9,250,649
Reimbursement for Services		788,890	-	-	788,890
Program Income		1,354,481	-	-	1,354,481
Investment Earnings		431,194	258,102	687,337	1,376,633
Donations		405,386	-	408,446	813,832
Keno Proceeds		3,209,235	-	, -	3,209,235
Sale of Assets		733,889	-	11,557	745,446
Miscellaneous		438,067	50,755	96,960	585,782
Total Revenues		51,543,020	11,073,651	8,235,350	70,852,021
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government		5,222,926	-	-	5,222,926
Public Safety		9,121,022	-	-	9,121,022
Streets and Highways		1,618,905	-	-	1,618,905
Culture and Recreation		7,331,280	-	-	7,331,280
Economic Opportunity		13,745,195	-	-	13,745,195
Health and Welfare		15,233,545	-	-	15,233,545
Mass Transit		12,691,837	-	-	12,691,837
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement		_	4,974,223	-	4,974,223
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	2,437,266	-	2,437,266
Miscellaneous		-	389	-	389
Capital Outlay		_		12,774,108	12,774,108
Total Expenditures		64,964,710	7,411,878	12,774,108	85,150,696
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(13,421,690)	3,661,773	(4,538,758)	(14,298,675)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		17,696,118	2,601,923	4,519,456	24,817,497
Transfers Out		(3,106,428)	(1,132,071)	(12,662,546)	(16,901,045)
Issuance of Debt		-	1,122,366	17,457,634	18,580,000
Premiums / Discounts on Debt Issued				140,593	140,593
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		14,589,690	2,592,218	9,455,137	26,637,045
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,168,000	6,253,991	4,916,379	12,338,370
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		21,193,365	11,243,196	21,422,307	53,858,868
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	22,361,365	17,497,187	26,338,686	66,197,238

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds from a specific revenue source that is restricted to expenditures for a specified purpose.

Advance Acquisition Fund - To account for funds to be used for the acquisition of real estate for public purposes. Net proceeds from the sale or exchange of real estate owned by the City shall be credited to this fund, and the fund may also be increased by General Fund appropriations, or proceeds from general obligation borrowing.

<u>Athletic Field & Facilities Improvement Fund</u> - To account for proceeds from a surcharge applied to registration fees charged by the Recreation Division for various athletic activities. These monies must be used for improvements to athletic field and facilities.

<u>Cable Access Television Fund</u> - To account for receipt and disbursement of educational and governmental access capital equipment and facilities grants. The Franchise Agreement between the City and Lincoln Cablevision, effective August 5, 1985, required Cablevision to deposit \$400,000 in such a fund. Cablevision is required to match, one for one, any contributions by the City for such purposes up to \$100,000.

<u>Lincoln City Libraries Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing library services to the citizens of Lincoln. Financing is provided by a specific annual tax levy, fines and fees, and reimbursement from Lancaster County for services provided to County residents.

<u>Lincoln Area Agency On Aging Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing various services to senior citizens through the Lincoln/Lancaster Commission on Aging. Financing is provided by Federal, State, County, and City funds.

<u>Tax Sales Revolving Fund</u> - To provide working funds to acquire lots sold at tax sale for which any part of the taxes included in the decree of foreclosure is due to the City as well as to account for expenditures from this fund to purchase such lots and associated expenses, and to account for monies received from the sale of such lots. Financing is provided by transfers from the Advance Acquisition Fund and monies received from the sale of lots.

<u>Lincoln/Lancaster Co. Health Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing health services to the citizens of the City of Lincoln and Lancaster County. Financing is provided by Federal, State, County, and City funds.

<u>Snow Removal Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing snow and ice removal services for all streets in the City of Lincoln. Financing is provided by a percentage of wheel tax receipts and transfers from the Street Construction Fund.

<u>911 Communication Fund</u> - To account for the costs of answering and processing all incoming 911 and nonemergency calls as well as the cost of dispatch service for the Lincoln Police Department, Lincoln Fire Department, Lancaster County Sheriff's Office and Rural Volunteer Fire and Rescue Departments. Financing is provided by County and City funds and a 911 telephone surcharge.

<u>Social Security Fund</u> - To account for the City of Lincoln's matching share of Social Security costs for employees paid from the General Fund and other funds supported primarily from general tax revenue. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy. Such property taxes may only be used for this purpose.

<u>Police & Fire Pension Contributions Fund</u> - To account for the City's contributions to the Police and Fire Pension. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy.

<u>StarTran Fund</u> – To account for the cost of operating the City-owned transit system. Financing is provided primarily through passenger revenue and Federal, State, and City funds.

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<u>Unemployment Compensation Fund</u> - To account for the cost of unemployment benefits paid to former employees of departments supported primarily from tax revenues. The City reimburses the State for actual costs rather than a percentage of payroll. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy. Such property taxes may only be used for this purpose.

<u>Keno Fund</u> - To accumulate resources from the City's percentage of Keno revenue in the City and account for activities financed with Keno revenues.

Federal Grants Fund - Includes federal sub-funds as follows:

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing services under the City's Community Development Block Grant Program. Funding is provided by grants from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

<u>Grants-In-Aid Fund</u> - To account for monies received from various Federal and State agencies under several small categorical grants and the City's matching funds where applicable. Monies are utilized to provide services as stipulated in the individual grant agreements.

<u>Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing services under the Workforce Investment Act, new federal legislation which took effect July 1, 2000. Funding is provided by grants from the Department of Labor.

<u>Disaster Recovery (FEMA) Fund</u> - To account for reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency due to disasters caused by storm and flood damage. Funds are used to reimburse other funds for related costs and to pay disaster related expenses.

<u>Special Assessment Fund</u> - To account for the receipt and disbursement of special assessment bond proceeds and other income which is derived from interest income, developers share of districts and City subsidies. This fund is also used to account for the administrative cost of collection of and accounting for special assessments levied against benefited properties. Expenditures for capital improvement projects are accounted for in the Special Assessment Capital Projects Fund. Periodic transfers are made to the Capital Projects Fund to cover expenditures.

<u>Building & Safety Fund</u> - To account for the cost of providing building and safety permit and inspection services to the citizens of Lincoln. Financing is provided through permit and inspection fee revenues and City funds.

<u>Property Tax Refunds Fund</u> - To accumulate resources for reimbursement of taxes on centrally assessed property per court order. Resources are derived from collection of prior years' tax levies and interest earned on those collections.

<u>Parks And Recreation Special Projects Fund</u> - To account for the proceeds of various trusts and donations to be used for the development of various projects, such as a mini-park, an observatory, landscaping, etc.

<u>Commission On Aging Gift Trust Fund</u> - To account for the proceeds of fund-raising activities by and donations to the Lincoln/Lancaster Senior Center Foundation. These funds are turned over to the City to be used for special projects at the discretion of the Foundation.

<u>Library Special Trust Fund</u> - To account for the receipt of investment earnings from the following trusts:

Joseph J. Hompes Trust - To be used to buy books as stipulated by the trust.

Charles Gere Library Fund - To be used as directed by the Library Board for the benefit of the Lincoln

City Libraries.

Lillian Polley Trust - To be used for the Polley Music Library.

SUBCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

	Advance	Athletic Field & Facilities	Cable Access	Lincoln City	Lincoln Area Agency	Tax Sales	Lincoln/ Lancaster Co.	Snow	911	Social
	Acquisition	Improvement	Television	Libraries	On Aging	Revolving	Health	Removal	Communication	Security
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,911,125	388,162	33,997	2,334,466	253,324	1,376,840	378,524	1,429,102	367,410	1,225,919
Investments	-	140,258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables:										
Taxes	-	-	-	658,413	-	-	-	-	-	195,277
Accounts	-	-	-	1,455	594	-	2,187	-	-	-
Accrued Interest	7,655	1,750	146	6,263	2,363	4,899	1,713	3,744	78	4,176
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	4,174	-	1,207	-	-	-
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	1,071	107,918	-	366,526	91,108	-	314
Inventories			-			-	-	168,824		
Total Assets	1,918,780	530,170	34,143	3,001,668	368,373	1,381,739	750,157	1,692,778	367,488	1,425,686
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	-	-	6	46,195	34,214	-	42,761	-	7,594	-
Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	173,747	98,368	-	237,426	7,957	65,513	171,466
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	660	13,174	-	19,617	1,726	652	_
Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	25	189	-	270	-	200	_
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	212,688	-
Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	153,098	-	-	366,526	-	-	47,235
Total Liabilities		-	6	373,725	145,945	-	666,600	9,683	286,647	218,701
Fund Balances: Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	-	-	_	149,285	14,859	-	129,436	19,054	-	-
Inventories	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	168,824	-	-
Trust Donations	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved:										
Designated for Subsequent										
Years' Expenditures	-	-	-	547,740	53,304	-	=	4,311	29,608	87,105
Undesignated	1,918,780	530,170	34,137	1,930,918	154,265	1,381,739	(45,879)	1,490,906	51,233	1,119,880
Total Fund Balances	1,918,780	530,170	34,137	2,627,943	222,428	1,381,739	83,557	1,683,095	80,841	1,206,985
Total Liabilities and									- <u>-</u>	
Fund Balances	\$ 1,918,780	530,170	34,143	3,001,668	368,373	1,381,739	750,157	1,692,778	367,488	1,425,686

Police & Fire Pension		Unemployment	t	Federal	Special	Building	Property Tax	Parks And Recreation Special	Commission On Aging	Library Special	Total Nonmajor Special
Contributions	StarTran	Compensation	Keno	Grants	Assessment	& Safety	Refunds	Projects	Gift Trust	Trust	Revenue Funds
Contributions											
-	1,730,102	298,056	2,019,310	1,247,824	1,898,308	1,969,863 2,020,000	5,110	293,562 101,292	261,423	323,909 250,000	19,746,336 2,511,550
159,201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,012,891
-	11,661	-	269,630	9,292	-	-	-	412	-	-	295,231
-	1,758	1,173	7,954	2,094	7,512	34,223	19	2,794	1,066	1,225	92,605
-	-	-	-	-	-	68	-	-	-	-	5,449
-	47,985	-	-	1,235,946	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,850,868
	549,554		-	-		-			-	-	718,378
159,201	2,341,060	299,229	2,296,894	2,495,156	1,905,820	4,024,154	5,129	398,060	262,489	575,134	26,233,308
122,137 - - - 37,064 159,201	78,957 198,028 341 - 214,274 24,245 515,845	- - - - - -	82,821 - - 64,064 - - 146,885	324,992 283,147 6,766 33,971 - 308,226 957,102	38,172 - 2,530 - - - 40,702	10,442 142,901 7,183 17 176,193	- - - - -	8,011 - - 83 - - - 8,094	1,018 - 16 - - - 1,034	586 4,451 - - - - - - - - - - - -	675,769 1,505,141 52,665 98,819 603,155 936,394 3,871,943
-	696	-	240,219	1,125,949	41,576	22,277	-	19,233	-	736	1,763,320
-	549,554	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	718,378
-	107,907 1,167,058	95,000 204,229	1,909,790	- 412,105	1,823,542	77,435 3,587,706	5,129	370,733	261,455	569,361	1,201,549 1,002,410 17,675,708
	1,825,215	299,229	2,150,009	1,538,054	1,865,118	3,687,418	5,129	389,966	261,455	570,097	22,361,365
159,201	2,341,060	299,229	2,296,894	2,495,156	1,905,820	4,024,154	5,129	398,060	262,489	575,134	26,233,308

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE SUBCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Advance Acquisition	Athletic Field & Facilities Improvement	Cable Access Television	Lincoln City Libraries	Lincoln Area Agency On Aging	Tax Sales Revolving	Lincoln/ Lancaster Co. Health	Snow Removal	911 Communication	Social Security
Revenues:										
Real Property and										
Personal Property Tax	S -	_	_	5,617,997	_	_	_	_	_	1,654,286
Wheel Tax	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	994,648	_	-
Sundry and In Lieu Tax	-	-	-	6,226	-	-	-	-	_	1,824
Special Assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	425	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	557,578	1,107,196	-	1,909,080	-	86,490	-
Permits and Fees	-	-	-	294,539	117,517	-	1,962,730	-	841,670	-
Reimbursement for Services	573	60,008	-	-	133,052	-	77,353	-	-	-
Program Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	44,458	12,972	1,116	29,243	10,369	30,173	4,770	22,396	1,668	22,005
Donations	-	-	-	-	1,587	-	-	-	-	-
Keno Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of Assets	676,012	-	-	-	1,113	-	663	-	-	-
Private Sector Share of Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	701.040	5,992	1 110	12,389	3,865	- 00.170	11,835	1.017.044	78	1 070 115
Total Revenues	721,043	78,972	1,116	6,517,972	1,374,699	30,173	3,966,856	1,017,044	929,906	1,678,115
Expenditures:										
General Government	251,362	_	23,386	_	_	530	_	_	-	1,540,577
Public Safety	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	2,300,224	-
Streets and Highways	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	1,617,280	-	-
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	6,252,630	-	-	-	-	_	-
Economic Opportunity	-	-	-	-	3,859,195	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,769,981	-	-	-
Mass Transit				-		-		-		
Total Expenditures	251,362		23,386	6,252,630	3,859,195	530	8,769,981	1,617,280	2,300,224	1,540,577
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenu	291									
Over (Under) Expenditures	469,681	78,972	(22,270)	265,342	(2,484,496)	29,643	(4,803,125)	(600,236)	(1,370,318)	137,538
over (emaer) Emperantares	100,001	,	(22,210)	200,012	(2,101,100)	20,010	(1,000,120)	(000,200)	(1,010,010)	101,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers In	-	-	_	-	2,575,023	-	4,524,087	914,260	1,128,535	-
Transfers Out	-	-	(30,000)	-	-	-	(42,011)	-	(19,912)	-
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)			(30,000)	-	2,575,023	-	4,482,076	914,260	1,108,623	_
Net Change In Fund Balances	469,681	78,972	(52,270)	265,342	90,527	29,643	(321,049)	314,024	(261,695)	137,538
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,449,099	451,198	86,407	2,362,601	131,901	1,352,096	404,606	1,369,071	342,536	1,069,447
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,918,780	530,170	34,137	2,627,943	222,428	1,381,739	83,557	1,683,095	80,841	1,206,985

Dolino 9 Eino							Duonantri	Parks And	Commission	Library	Totals
Police & Fire Pension		Unemployment		Federal	Special	Building	Property Tax	Special	Commission On Aging	Special	Nonmajor Special
Contributions	StarTran	Compensation	Keno	Grants	Assessment	& Safety	Refunds	Projects	Gift Trust	Trust	Revenue Funds
						Y					
1,370,789	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,643,072
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	994,648
1,505	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,555 425
_	5,454,548	_	-	16,142,094	26,543	_	_	-	_	_	25,283,529
- -	1,491,183	- -	-	500,788	20,343	4,042,222	_	_	_	_	9,250,649
-	68,267	-	-	235,919	_	137,693	_	76,025	_	_	788,890
=	-	-	-	1,354,481	-	-	_	-	-	_	1,354,481
-	10,044	6,595	38,584	14,438	24,953	110,955	108	11,286	6,350	28,711	431,194
-	-	-	-	84,000	-	-	-	73,073	162,726	84,000	405,386
-	-	-	3,209,235	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,209,235
-	21,903	-	-	34,198	-	-	-	-	-	-	733,889
-	-	-	-	114,408	4,617	-	-	-	-	-	119,025
	29,851			5,111	241,771	7,696	- 100	454	-	- 440 744	319,042
1,372,294	7,075,796	6,595	3,247,819	18,485,437	297,884	4,298,566	108	160,838	169,076	112,711	51,543,020
1,372,294	_	18,615	1,207,354	192,277	616,531	_	_	-	-	_	5,222,926
-	-	-	-	2,607,093	_	4,213,705	-	-	-	_	9,121,022
-	-	-	-	1,625	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,618,905
-	-	-	246,419	556,142	-	-	-	137,223	-	138,866	7,331,280
-	-	-	-	9,746,958	-	-	-	-	139,042	-	13,745,195
-	-	-	-	6,463,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,233,545
	12,540,651			151,186		-					12,691,837
1,372,294	12,540,651	18,615	1,453,773	19,718,845	616,531	4,213,705		137,223	139,042	138,866	64,964,710
	(5,464,855)	(12,020)	1,794,046	(1,233,408)	(318,647)	84,861	108	23,615	30,034	(26,155)	(13,421,690)
						_					
_	4,846,282	_	_	612,714	2,388,730	706,487	_	_	_	_	17,696,118
_	(21,498)	_	(2,691,993)	(5,210)	(281,697)	700,107	_	(14,107)	_	_	(3,106,428)
·	(21,100)		(2,001,000)	(0,210)	(201,001)			(11,101)			(0,100,120)
	4,824,784	- .	(2,691,993)	607,504	2,107,033	706,487		(14,107)			14,589,690
-	(640,071)	(12,020)	(897,947)	(625,904)	1,788,386	791,348	108	9,508	30,034	(26,155)	1,168,000
	0.405.000	011.010	0.047.050	0.100.070	70 700	0.000.070	T 001	000 450	001 404		01 100 007
-	2,465,286	311,249	3,047,956	2,163,958	76,732	2,896,070	5,021	380,458	231,421	596,252	21,193,365
	1,825,215	299,229	2,150,009	1,538,054	1,865,118	3,687,418	5,129	389,966	261,455	570,097	22,361,365

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NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are established to account for the resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Tax Allocation Projects Debt Service Fund</u> - To accumulate resources for payment of principal and interest on the various outstanding tax allocation bonds. Resources are derived from additional taxes generated by the specific properties upon completion of the Redevelopment Projects.

<u>Bond Interest And Redemption Fund</u> - To accumulate resources derived from an annual tax levy for payment of principal and interest on several general obligation bond issues and capital leases outstanding as follows:

- 1989 Sanitary Improvement District #7 Bonds
- 1993 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds
- 1993 Downtown Redevelopment Refunding Bonds
- 1995 Storm Sewer Construction Bonds
- 1995 Various Purpose Bonds
- 1997 Storm Sewer and Drainage System Bonds
- 1999A Various Purpose Bonds
- 1999B Various Purpose Bonds
- 2001 Certificates of Participation Health Lease
- 2002 Storm Sewer and Drainage System Bonds

Tax Supported Bonds Fund – includes bonded debt funds as follows:

MIRF Bond Debt Fund – To accumulate resources for payment of principal and interest on the Municipal Infrastructure Redevelopment Fund Bonds, Series 2000. The bonds are payable from amounts received by the City from the State of Nebraska MIRF fund established pursuant to the MIRF Act (Chapter 18, Article 26, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, as amended), which provides annual appropriations from an imposed cigarette tax.

<u>Antelope Valley Debt Fund</u> – To accumulate resources for payment of principal and interest on the Tax Supported Antelope Valley Project Bonds, Series 2002. The bonds are payable from amounts received from the State of Nebraska City of the Primary Class Development Fund, established pursuant to Chapter 19, articlae 1, Reissure Revised Statutes of Nebraska, which provides annual appropriations from an imposed cigarette tax, and from the sales tax receipts of the City pledged to the payment of the bonds as needed.

<u>Special Assessment Fund</u> - To accumulate resources for payment of principal and interest on the various outstanding special assessment bond issues. Income is derived from special assessment tax collections, interest on special assessment taxes and interest from investments.

SUBCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

	Tax Allocation Projects Debt Service	Bond Interest And Redemption	Tax Supported Bonds	Special Assessment	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,581,677	5,984,074	2,602,321	856,392	13,024,464
Investments	-	=	327,600	3,821,078	4,148,678
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollecti		710 000			775 700
Taxes	63,400	712,330	10 705	40.405	775,730
Accrued Interest	12,429	6,559	16,725	42,435	78,148
Special Assessment Due from Other Governments	-	1,159	166,667	3,906,804	3,906,804 167,826
Due Ironi Other Governments		1,139	100,007		107,820
Total Assets	3,657,506	6,704,122	3,113,313	8,626,709	22,101,650
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	-	250	-	-	250
Due to Other Funds	-	-	500,000	-	500,000
Deferred Revenue	-	165,535	-	3,834,428	3,999,963
Bond Principal Payable	-	10,000	-	55,000	65,000
Bond Interest Payable		1,668		37,582	39,250
Total Liabilities		177,453	500,000	3,927,010	4,604,463
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Debt Service	3,657,506	6,526,669	2,446,646	-	12,630,821
Unreserved - Designated for Debt Service			166,667	4,699,699	4,866,366
Total Fund Balances	3,657,506	6,526,669	2,613,313	4,699,699	17,497,187
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,657,506	6,704,122	3,113,313	8,626,709	22,101,650

SUBCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

Revenues:	Tax Allocation Projects Debt Service	Bond Interest And Redemption	Tax Supported Bonds	Special Assessment	Total
Real Property and Personal Property Tax	\$ 1,174,838	6,023,824			7,198,662
Taxes Collected by Others	3 1,174,030	6,737	_	-	6,737
Special Assessment	_	-	_	1,398,688	1,398,688
Special Assessment Interest	_	_	_	302,845	302,845
Intergovernmental	_	173,800	1,684,062	-	1,857,862
Investment Earnings	60,986	40,023	55,647	101,446	258,102
Miscellaneous	-	50,755	=	-	50,755
Total Revenues	1,235,824	6,295,139	1,739,709	1,802,979	11,073,651
Expenditures Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	398,918	4,137,254	275,000	110,000	4,921,172
Interest	103,138	2,144,322	149,080	24,763	2,421,303
Fiscal Charges	1,024	4,155	950	961	7,090
Captial Lease Principal	-	53,051	-	-	53,051
Captial Lease Interest	-	8,873	-	-	8,873
Miscellaneous				389	389
Total Expenditures	503,080	6,347,655	425,030	136,113	7,411,878
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	732,744	(52,516)	1,314,679	1,666,866	3,661,773
, , ,					
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	-	2,601,923	-	-	2,601,923
Transfers Out	(18, 125)	-	(500,000)	(613,946)	(1,132,071)
Bonds Issued	-	-	1,122,366	-	1,122,366
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(18,125)	2,601,923	622,366	(613,946)	2,592,218
Net Change in Fund Balances	714,619	2,549,407	1,937,045	1,052,920	6,253,991
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,942,887	3,977,262	676,268	3,646,779	11,243,196
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 3,657,506	6,526,669	2,613,313	4,699,699	17,497,187

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for all resources received and used for the acquisition or development of major capital improvements (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

<u>Storm Sewer Construction Fund</u> - To account for the cost of improving and extending storm sewers. Financing is provided through property tax revenue.

<u>Vehicle Tax Fund</u> - To account for monies derived from the payment of wheel tax which is to be used for street improvements in the City.

1991 G. O. Various Purpose Bonds Fund - To account for the cost of providing improvements to the City's existing library system, including the expansion and equipping of Gere Branch Library and to purchase and equip a new bookmobile; and providing improvements to the City's existing storm sewer and drainage system. Financing is provided by general obligation bonds.

<u>Downtown Redevelopment Project Fund</u> - To account for the cost of acquiring real property and development within the area included in the Lincoln Center Retail Revitalization/Redevelopment Project. Financing is provided by general obligation bonds.

<u>Storm Sewer Bonds Fund</u> - To account for the cost of reconstructing the Antelope Creek box culvert and providing other improvements and extensions to the City's storm water sewer and drainage system. Financing is to be provided by a combination of general obligation bond issue proceeds, tax increment financing and reimbursement funds from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

1995 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds Fund - To account for the cost of constructing a new fire station; constructing a classroom addition to the existing fire training center; remodeling and expanding Fire Station #12; replacing three aerial fire trucks; acquiring a hazardous materials command vehicle; acquiring various fire equipment; and upgrading and enhancing the City's 800 Mhz trunked radio system. Financing is provided by general obligation bonds.

<u>1999 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds Fund</u> - To account for the cost of financing, acquiring, and improving interactive recreational facilities for children and families, referred to as the Children's Museum; financing the construction and equipping of two new park and recreational facilities; and financing construction and equipping of two public libraries and necessary site improvements.

<u>2002 Antelope Valley Bonds</u> – To account for the costs of funding portions of new stormwater, transportation, and community revitalization strategies incorporated into the Antelope Valley Project. Financing is provided by tax supported bonds.

Other Capital Projects Fund - To account for the cost of acquiring or improving various general fixed assets. Financing is provided from a variety of sources, such as General fund appropriations, revenue sharing, federal/state grants, bond proceeds, etc.

<u>Special Assessment Fund</u> - To account for the cost of capital improvements to be assessed against benefited properties. Resources are derived from fund transfers from the Special Revenue fund type and interest on investments.

SUBCOMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

	_	Storm Sewer Construction	Vehicle Tax	1991 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	Downtown Redevelopment Project
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	346,609	1,256,688	42,847	98,603
Accrued Interest Receivable		-	10,609	166	383
Due from Other Funds		-	-	-	-
Due from Other Governments			619,559		
Total Assets		346,609	1,886,856	43,013	98,986
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		5,345	-	-	-
Contracts Payable		60,962	-	-	-
Retainages Payable		-			
Total Liabilities		66,307			
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for Encumbrances		155,660	-	-	-
Unreserved, Undesignated		124,642	1,886,856	43,013	98,986
Total Fund Balances		280,302	1,886,856	43,013	98,986
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	346,609	1,886,856	43,013	98,986

Storm Sewer Bonds	1995 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	1999 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	2002 Antelope Valley Bonds	Other Capital Projects	Special Assessment	Total
469,398	8,690	1,829,691	1,993,725	3,733,791	-	9,780,042
6,745,204	-	877,361	8,000,000	-	-	15,622,565
28,725	33	23,521	46,345	16,980	-	126,762
-	-	-	500,000	-	2,530	502,530
						619,559
7,243,327	8,723	2,730,573	10,540,070	3,750,771	2,530	26,651,458
-	-	-	-	138,053	86	143,484
11,368	-	10,476	-	84,038	1,854	168,698
-	-	-	-	-	590	590
11,368		10,476		222,091	2,530	312,772
125,751	7,416	48,109	-	681,016	-	1,017,952
7,106,208	1,307	2,671,988	10,540,070	2,847,664	-	25,320,734
7,231,959	8,723	2,720,097	10,540,070	3,528,680		26,338,686
7,243,327	8,723	2,730,573	10,540,070	3,750,771	2,530	26,651,458

SUBCOMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Storm Sewer Construction	Vehicle Tax	1991 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	Downtown Redevelopment Project
Revenues:				
Wheel Tax	\$ -	6,763,917	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	-	90,474	921	2,117
Donations	-	-	-	-
Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Total Revenues		6,854,391	921	2,117
1 Otal Revenues		0,034,331	921	2,117
Expenditures Capital Outlay:				
General Government	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-
Streets and Highways	191,948	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-
Economic Opportunity				
Total Expenditures	191,948	-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(191,948)	6,854,391	921	2,117
Over (Olider) Expelluttures	(131,340)	0,034,331	321	۵,117
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	400,000	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	(10,114,321)	-	-
Bonds Issued	-	-	-	-
Premiums / (Discounts) on Bonds Issued				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	400,000	(10,114,321)	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	208,052	(3,259,930)	921	2,117
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	72,250	5,146,786	42,092	96,869
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 280,302	1,886,856	43,013	98,986

Storm Sewer Bonds	1995 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	1999 G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	2002 Antelope Valley Bonds	Other Capital Projects	Special Assessment	Total
_	_	_	_	_	_	6,763,917
66,718	_	-	_	200,415	_	267,133
77,842	802	153,607	96,771	264,803	_	687,337
-	-	169,842	-	238,604	-	408,446
-	-	-	-	11,557	-	11,557
-	-	56,970	-	39,990	-	96,960
144,560	802	380,419	96,771	755,369		8,235,350
-	-	-	-	22,803	-	22,803
-	86,056	-	-	210,052	-	296,108
353,207	-	-	157,994	15,495	295,903	1,014,547
-	-	5,971,891	-	4,909,872	-	10,881,763
				558,887		558,887
353,207	86,056	5,971,891	157,994	5,717,109	295,903	12,774,108
(208,647)	(85,254)	(5,591,472)	(61,223)	(4,961,740)	(295,903)	(4,538,758)
(200,017)	(00,201)	(0,001,172)	(01,220)	(1,001,710)	(200,000)	(1,000,700)
-	-	-	500,000	3,323,553	295,903	4,519,456
(740,000)	-	(1,800,000)	-	(8,225)	-	(12,662,546)
7,500,000	-	-	9,957,634	-	-	17,457,634
(3,066)			143,659			140,593
6,756,934		(1,800,000)	10,601,293	3,315,328	295,903	9,455,137
6,548,287	(85,254)	(7,391,472)	10,540,070	(1,646,412)	-	4,916,379
683,672	93,977	10,111,569	<u> </u>	5,175,092		21,422,307
7,231,959	8,723	2,720,097	10,540,070	3,528,680		26,338,686

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ATHLETIC FIELD & FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted .	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Recreation Receipts	\$	110,000	110,000	60,370	(49,630)
Investment Earnings		-	-	13,928	13,928
Miscellaneous				5,991	5,991
Total Revenues		110,000	110,000	80,289	(29,711)
Other Financing Uses:					
Transfers Out	_	(391,826)	(391,826)		391,826
Net Change in Fund Balances		(281,826)	(281,826)	80,289	362,115
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_	451,913	451,913	451,913	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$_	170,087	170,087	532,202	362,115

CABLE ACCESS TELEVISION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Investment Earnings	\$_	57,999	57,999	1,834	(56,165)	
Expenditures General Government:						
Materials and Supplies		3,620	3,620	2,641	979	
Other Services and Charges		19,379	19,379	20,846	(1,467)	
Total Expenditures	_	22,999	22,999	23,487	(488)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		35,000	35,000	(21,653)	(56,653)	
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers Out	_	(35,000)	(35,000)	(30,000)	5,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	(51,653)	(51,653)	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_	85,600	85,600	85,600		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$_	85,600	85,600	33,947	(51,653)	

LINCOLN CITY LIBRARIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
_					
Revenues:	<u> </u>	5 0 40 000	T 0.40 000	5 075 001	000 000
Real Property and Personal Property Tax	\$	5,042,692	5,042,692	5,675,961	633,269
Intergovernmental		551,628	551,628	557,578	5,950
Permits and Fees		300,400	300,400	290,021	(10,379)
Reimbursement for Services		2,200	2,200	-	(2,200)
Investment Earnings		95,000	95,000	39,038	(55,962)
Sale of Assets		100	100	-	(100)
Miscellaneous		8,050	8,050	11,095	3,045
Total Revenues	_	6,000,070	6,000,070	6,573,693	573,623
Expenditures Culture and Recreation:					
Personal Services		4,484,653	4,434,653	4,358,287	76,366
Materials and Supplies		201,974	201,974	214,589	(12,615)
Other Services and Charges		999,479	1,024,479	798,768	225,711
Capital Outlay		843,997	868,997	855,192	13,805
Total Expenditures		6,530,103	6,530,103	6,226,836	303,267
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(530,033)	(530,033)	346,857	876,890
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_	2,296,658	2,296,658	2,296,658	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$_	1,766,625	1,766,625	2,643,515	876,890

LINCOLN AREA AGENCY ON AGING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
	_				
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental \$	1,074,090	1,074,090	1,095,815	21,725	
Permits and Fees	129,663	129,663	116,777	(12,886)	
Client Contributions	154,580	154,580	132,552	(22,028)	
Investment Earnings	-	-	10,392	10,392	
Donations	15,240	15,240	1,587	(13,653)	
Sale of Assets	-	-	1,113	1,113	
Miscellaneous	21,207	21,207	3,873	(17,334)	
Total Revenues	1,394,780	1,394,780	1,362,109	(32,671)	
Expenditures Economic Opportunity:					
Personal Services	2,684,250	2,684,250	2,595,894	88,356	
Materials and Supplies	298,385	298,385	276,427	21,958	
Other Services and Charges	1,047,352	1,047,352	970,186	77,166	
Capital Outlay	12,446	12,446	17,918	(5,472)	
Total Expenditures	4,042,433	4,042,433	3,860,425	182,008	
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(2,647,653)	(2,647,653)	(2,498,316)	149,337	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers In	2,575,023	2,575,023	2,575,023		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(72,630)	(72,630)	76,707	149,337	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	170,971	170,971	170,971		
Fund Balances End of Year \$	98,341	98,341	247,678	149,337	

LINCOLN/LANCASTER COUNTY HEALTH FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Special Assessment \$		-	425	425
Intergovernmental	2,304,068	2,304,068	2,284,092	(19,976)
Permits and Fees	2,028,136	2,028,136	1,968,109	(60,027)
Reimbursement for Services	-	-	78,542	78,542
Investment Earnings	-	-	6,204	6,204
Sale of Assets	-	-	662	662
Miscellaneous			11,805	11,805
Total Revenues	4,332,204	4,332,204	4,349,839	17,635
Expenditures Health and Welfare:				
Personal Services	6,539,704	6,542,444	6,188,993	353,451
Materials and Supplies	302,180	302,180	315,054	(12,874)
Other Services and Charges	2,108,459	2,108,459	2,150,263	(41,804)
Capital Outlay	188,928	188,928	134,048	54,880
Total Expenditures	9,139,271	9,142,011	8,788,358	353,653
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditure	(4,807,067)	(4,809,807)	(4,438,519)	371,288
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	4,491,118	4,491,118	4,524,087	32,969
Transfers Out	-	-	(42,011)	(42,011)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,491,118	4,491,118	4,482,076	(9,042)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(315,949)	(318,689)	43,557	362,246
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	386,912	386,912	386,912	
Fund Balances End of Year \$	70,963	68,223	430,469	362,246

SNOW REMOVAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Wheel Tax \$	1,044,469	1,044,469	997,216	(47,253)
Investment Earnings			27,019	27,019
Total Revenues	1,044,469	1,044,469	1,024,235	(20,234)
Expenditures Streets and Highways:				
Personal Services	972,424	972,424	659,637	312,787
Materials and Supplies	147,175	147,175	138,674	8,501
Other Services and Charges	822,853	822,853	789,119	33,734
Capital Outlay	41,533	41,533	29,423	12,110
Total Expenditures	1,983,985	1,983,985	1,616,853	367,132
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditure	(939,516)	(939,516)	(592,618)	346,898
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	930,262	930,262	914,260	(16,002)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(9,254)	(9,254)	321,642	330,896
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,108,576	1,108,576	1,108,576	
Fund Balances End of Year \$	1,099,322	1,099,322	1,430,218	330,896

911 COMMUNICATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	0.0.400	00.400	00.400	
O	\$ 86,490	86,490	86,490	470.051
Permits and Fees	947,214	947,214	1,417,565	470,351
Reimbursement for Services	-	-	34,513	34,513
Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	-	-	2,057	2,057
Total Revenues	1 022 704	1 000 704	1.540.703	78
Total Revenues	1,033,704	1,033,704	1,540,703	506,999
Expenditures Public Safety:				
Personal Services	1,797,423	1,748,915	1,765,940	(17,025)
Materials and Supplies	10,750	10,750	17,408	(6,658)
Other Services and Charges	486,105	412,693	392,546	20,147
Capital Outlay	3,821	105,829	117,764	(11,935)
Total Expenditures	2,298,099	2,278,187	2,293,658	(15,471)
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditure	s (1,264,395)	(1,244,483)	(752,955)	491,528
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	1,128,535	1,128,535	1,128,535	-
Transfers Out	-	(19,912)	(19,912)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,128,535	1,108,623	1,108,623	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(135,860)	(135,860)	355,668	491,528
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	26,953	26,953	26,953	
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ (108,907)	(108,907)	382,621	491,528

SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Real Property and Personal Property Tax	\$ 1,475,753	1,475,753	1,696,104	220,351
Investment Earnings	42,000	42,000	27,650	(14,350)
Total Revenues	1,517,753	1,517,753	1,723,754	206,001
Expenditures General Government: Personal Services Other Services and Charges	1,573,450 28,622	1,573,450 28,622	1,509,257 28,488	64,193 134
Total Expenditures	1,602,072	1,602,072	1,537,745	64,327
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(84,319)	(84,319)	186,009	270,328
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,240,350	1,240,350	1,240,350	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,156,031	1,156,031	1,426,359	270,328

STARTRAN FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
	_	_			
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	3,009,904	3,009,904	6,468,247	3,458,343
Permits and Fees		1,226,910	1,226,910	1,491,163	264,253
Reimbursement for Services		40,000	40,000	68,267	28,267
Investment Earnings		-	-	18,246	18,246
Sale of Assets		500	500	21,904	21,404
Miscellaneous	_	10,000	10,000	27,035	17,035
Total Revenues	_	4,287,314	4,287,314	8,094,862	3,807,548
Expenditures Mass Transit:					
Personal Services		5,375,001	5,375,001	5,312,732	62,269
Materials and Supplies		832,890	811,392	625,012	186,380
Other Services and Charges		863,005	863,005	881,341	(18,336)
Capital Outlay	_	5,729,849	5,729,849	5,955,878	(226,029)
Total Expenditures		12,800,745	12,779,247	12,774,963	4,284
Deficiency of Revenues					
Under Expenditures		(8,513,431)	(8,491,933)	(4,680,101)	3,811,832
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		4,846,282	4,846,282	4,846,282	-
Transfers Out		(302,396)	(323,894)	(21,498)	302,396
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	4,543,886	4,522,388	4,824,784	302,396
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,969,545)	(3,969,545)	144,683	4,114,228
<u> </u>					
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		4,177,936	4,177,936	4,177,936	-
0 0 0	-	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	208,391	208,391	4,322,619	4,114,228

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Investment Earnings	\$			8,276	8,276
Expenditures General Government: Unemployment Insurance Payments	_	95,000	95,000	18,615	76,385
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		(95,000)	(95,000)	(10,339)	84,661
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		310,300	310,300	310,300	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$_	215,300	215,300	299,961	84,661

KENO FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Investment Earnings	\$ -	_	58,668	58,668
Keno Proceeds	2,833,425	2,833,425	3,197,373	363,948
Total Revenues	2,833,425	2,833,425	3,256,041	422,616
Expenditures: General Government: Other Services and Charges	1,086,500	1,086,500	1,240,269	(153,769)
Culture and Recreation: Capital Outlay	72,207	534,207	171,475	362,732
Total Expenditures	1,158,707	1,620,707	1,411,744	208,963
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,674,718	1,212,718	1,844,297	631,579
Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out	(4,488,998)	(2,519,048)	(2,717,002)	(197,954)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,814,280)	(1,306,330)	(872,705)	433,625
Fund Balances Beginning of Years	3,172,466	3,172,466	3,172,466	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 358,186	1,866,136	2,299,761	433,625

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Da	_	.,			
Revenues: Intergovernmental	s	15,088,706	15,088,706	16,092,181	1,003,475
Permits and Fees	Ş	433,465	433,465	433,465	1,003,473
Reimbursement for Services		228,901	228,901	228,901	-
Client Contributions		150	150	150	_
Program Income		1,088,872	1,088,872	1,354,481	265,609
Investment Earnings		19,107	19,107	19,107	203,003
Donations		91,674	91,674	91,674	_
Sale of Assets		-	-	34,198	34,198
Private Sector Share of Project		114,408	114,408	114,408	-
Miscellaneous		7,930	7,930	7,930	_
Total Revenues	_	17,073,213	17,073,213	18,376,495	1,303,282
	_				
Expenditures:					
General Government:					
Materials and Supplies		755	755	755	-
Other Services and Charges		162,779	162,779	162,779	-
Capital Outlay	_	36,734	36,734	36,734	
Total General Government	_	200,268	200,268	200,268	
Public Safety:					
Personal Services		1,296,293	1,296,293	1,296,293	_
Materials and Supplies		174,970	174,970	174,970	-
Other Services and Charges		671,833	675,301	675,301	-
Capital Outlay		424,116	424,116	424,116	-
Total Public Safety	_	2,567,212	2,570,680	2,570,680	_
Culture and Recreation:	_				
Personal Services		63,924	63,924	63,924	_
Materials and Supplies		25,107	25,107	25,107	_
Other Services and Charges		151,160	151,160	151,160	
Capital Outlay		254,334	254,334	254,334	_
Total Culture and Recreation	_	494,525	494,525	494,525	
	_	101,020	101,020	101,020	
Economic Opportunity:					
Personal Services		2,874,987	2,901,073	2,853,258	47,815
Materials and Supplies		89,492	89,492	88,778	714
Other Services and Charges		1,328,225	1,658,236	1,823,725	(165,489)
Capital Outlay		149,467	1,403,703	771,778	631,925
Loans and Grants	_	3,775,870	5,451,892	4,304,992	1,146,900
Total Economic Opportunity	_	8,218,041	11,504,396	9,842,531	1,661,865

(Continued)

(Federal Grants Fund, Continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Health and Welfare:				
Personal Services	3,013,143	3,013,143	3,013,143	-
Materials and Supplies	151,183	151,183	151,183	-
Other Services and Charges	3,487,987	3,487,987	3,487,987	-
Capital Outlay	89,037	89,037	89,037	-
Loans and Grants	69,091	69,091	69,091	
Total Health and Welfare	6,810,441	6,810,441	6,810,441	
Mass Transit:				
Personal Services	151,120	151,120	151,120	_
Other Services and Charges	569	569	569	_
Total Mass Transit	151,689	151,689	151,689	
Total Expenditures	18,442,176	21,731,999	20,070,134	1,661,865
Total Experiences	10,112,170	21,701,000	20,070,101	1,001,000
Deficiency of Revenues				
Under Expenditures	(1,368,963)	(4,658,786)	(1,693,639)	2,965,147
•				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	628,751	628,751	612,714	(16,037)
Transfers Out	(5,210)	(5,210)	(5,210)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	623,541	623,541	607,504	(16,037)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(745,422)	(4,035,245)	(1,086,135)	2,949,110
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,463,756	1,463,756	1,463,756	
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ 718,334	(2,571,489)	377,621	2,949,110

BUILDING AND SAFETY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Permits and Fees	\$	3,795,132	3,795,132	4,042,236	247,104
Reimbursement for Services		-	-	137,693	137,693
Investment Earnings		-	-	111,277	111,277
Miscellaneous				7,695	7,695
Total Revenues		3,795,132	3,795,132	4,298,901	503,769
Expenditures Public Safety:	_				
Personal Services		3,684,000	3,691,282	3,591,015	100,267
Materials and Supplies		73,114	73,114	45,580	27,534
Other Services and Charges		687,752	685,422	516,140	169,282
Capital Outlay	_	52,497	52,497	38,898	13,599
Total Expenditures		4,497,363	4,502,315	4,191,633	310,682
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(702,231)	(707,183)	107,268	814,451
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In	_	699,204	699,204	706,487	7,283
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,027)	(7,979)	813,755	821,734
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_	3,032,354	3,032,354	3,032,354	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$_	3,029,327	3,024,375	3,846,109	821,734

LIBRARY SPECIAL TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Investment Earnings	\$	13,906	13,906	10,736	(3,170)
Donations		112,510	112,510	84,000	(28,510)
Total Revenues		126,416	126,416	94,736	(31,680)
Expenditures Culture and Recreation:					
Personal Services		111,484	111,484	111,060	424
Materials and Supplies		400	400	-	400
Other Services and Charges		3,337	3,337	2,199	1,138
Capital Outlay		11,195	11,195	11,088	107
Total Expenditures		126,416	126,416	124,347	2,069
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		-	-	(29,611)	(29,611)
Amount Not Required to be Budgeted		-	-	5,872	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_	598,578	598,578	598,578	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$_	598,578	598,578	574,839	(23,739)

TAX ALLOCATION PROJECTS DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Dudget	ad Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Real Property and Personal Property Tax	\$ 470,700	470,700	1,148,277	677,577
Investment Earnings			74,386	74,386
Total Revenues	470,700	470,700	1,222,663	751,963
Expenditures Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	380,700	380,700	398,918	(18,218)
Interest	90,000	90,000	103,138	(13, 138)
Fiscal Charges			1,024	(1,024)
Total Expenditures	470,700	470,700	503,080	(32,380)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	719,583	719,583
Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out	(18,125) (18,125)	(18,125)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(18,125	(18,125)	701,458	719,583
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,579,472	2,579,472	2,579,472	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 2,561,347	2,561,347	3,280,930	719,583

BOND INTEREST AND REDEMPTION DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

					Variance with Final Budget
	_	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	-	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Real Property and Personal Property Tax	Ś	5,450,607	5,450,607	6,340,938	890,331
Taxes Collected by Others	Ÿ	7,350	7,350	7,454	104
Intergovernmental		173,800	173,800	173,800	-
Investment Earnings		140,000	140,000	53,873	(86,127)
Miscellaneous		· -	· -	50,755	50,755
Total Revenues		5,771,757	5,771,757	6,626,820	855,063
Expenditures Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement		4,137,700	4,137,700	4,137,254	446
Interest		2,144,400	2,144,400	2,144,322	78
Fiscal Charges		-	-	3,905	(3,905)
Capital Lease Principal		_	-	53,051	(53,051)
Capital Lease Interest		_	_	8,873	(8,873)
Total Expenditures		6,282,100	6,282,100	6,347,405	(65,305)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		(510,343)	(510,343)	279,415	789,758
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers In	-	2,601,923	2,601,923	2,601,923	
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,091,580	2,091,580	2,881,338	789,758
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		3,905,815	3,905,815	3,905,815	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	5,997,395	5,997,395	6,787,153	789,758

TAX SUPPORTED BONDS DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

				Variance with Final Budget
		Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 424,100	424,100	1,517,395	1,093,295
Investment Earnings			46,601	46,601
Total Revenues	424,100	424,100	1,563,996	1,139,896
Expenditures Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	275,000	275,000	275,000	-
Interest	149,100	149,100	149,080	20
Fiscal Charges			950	(950)
Total Expenditures	424,100	424,100	425,030	(930)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	1,138,966	1,138,966
Other Financing Sources: Bonds Issued	- _	<u> </u>	1,122,366	1,122,366
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	2,261,332	2,261,332
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	665,180	665,180	665,180	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 665,180	665,180	2,926,512	2,261,332

COMMUNITY HEALTH PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Investment Earnings \$	2,055,301	2,055,301	2,264,416	209,115
Miscellaneous			13,629	13,629
Total Revenues	2,055,301	2,055,301	2,278,045	222,744
Expenditures Health and Welfare:				
Personal Services	159,629	159,629	161,143	(1,514)
Materials and Supplies	8,250	8,250	4,065	4,185
Other Services and Charges	279,647	279,647	849,596	(569,949)
Grants	2,390,229	2,390,229	1,520,163	870,066
Total Expenditures	2,837,755	2,837,755	2,534,967	302,788
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditure	(782,454)	(782,454)	(256,922)	525,532
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	43,681,113	43,681,113	43,681,113	
Fund Balances End of Year \$	42,898,659	42,898,659	43,424,191	525,532

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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs of providing goods or services are recovered primarily through user charges and where periodic determination of net income is appropriate.

<u>Parking Lot Revolving Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenses of several City-owned parking lots.

<u>Golf Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenses of the four public adult golf courses and one youth golf course.

<u>Parking Facilities Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenses of seven downtown parking garages: Carriage Park, Que Place, Center Park, Cornhusker Square, University Square, Market Place, and Haymarket.

<u>Pershing Municipal Auditorium Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenses of the Cityowned municipal auditorium.

 $\underline{Sanitary\ Landfill\ Revenue\ Fund}\ \textbf{-}\ To\ account\ for\ the\ revenues\ and\ expenses\ of\ the\ City-owned\ landfill.}$

<u>Emergency Medical Services Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenses of the City-operated emergency and non-emergency ambulance service.

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

	Parking Lot Revolving	Golf	Parking Facilities	Pershing Municipal Auditorium	Sanitary Landfill	Emergency Medical Services	Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,261,779	353,264	941,314	333,331	926,007		3,815,695
Investments	-	151,938	-	-	5,448,002	=	5,599,940
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)	-	30,451	938	49,672	822,279	1,098,892	2,002,232
Accrued Interest Receivable	4,859	3,565	-	140	45,778	-	54,342
Due from Other Funds	=	-	=	-	12,537	-	12,537
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	-	6,702	-	6,702
Inventories	-	78,377	-	19,976	-	66,359	164,712
Prepaid Expenses				92,328		18,126	110,454
Total Current Assets	1,266,638	617,595	942,252	495,447	7,261,305	1,183,377	11,766,614
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted Assets:		500 774	1 007 000	050 150			0.470.005
Cash and Cash Equivalents	=	528,774	1,697,962	250,159	-	-	2,476,895
Investments	-	- 	2,785,695	-	-	-	2,785,695
Accounts Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable	-	5,553 2,132	22 400	-	-	-	5,553
Total Restricted Assets		536,459	4,506,147	250,159			5,292,765
Deferred Charges	-	69,488	563,621	230,139		12,626	645,735
Capital Assets:		00,100	000,021			12,020	010,100
Land	320,200	1,082,623	4,267,844	46,500	1,942,957	=-	7,660,124
Buildings	9,765	2,118,631	40,550,169	4,337,825	1,304,907	_	48,321,297
Improvements Other Than Buildings	261,520	6,603,917	226,428	179,024	14,618,023	_	21,888,912
Machinery and Equipment	59,424	1,907,337	508,437	768,548	4,703,508	1,231,207	9,178,461
Construction in Progress	-	299,925	=	· =	1,200	=	301,125
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(115,525)	(3,925,389)	(8,267,440)	(4,566,801)	(7,637,954)	(245,348)	(24,758,457)
Total Capital Assets, Net	535,384	8,087,044	37,285,438	765,096	14,932,641	985,859	62,591,462
Total Assets	1,802,022	9,310,586	43,297,458	1,510,702	22,193,946	2,181,862	80,296,576
LIABILITIES (P. 11 f. C. 14 f. 1)							
Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Assets):	4 700	110.040	101.054	144.000	000.040	001 700	000 005
Accounts Payable	4,789	118,643 57,313	131,854	144,068	202,249 54,110	221,722	823,325 235,468
Accrued Liabilities Accrued Compensated Absences	-	57,864	3,330 2,443	16,205	54,339	104,510 91,418	206,064
Due to Other Governments	_	27,088	326	25,935	68,739	220	122,308
Due to Other Funds	5	9,744	1,602	198,527	2,069	503,357	715,304
Unearned Revenue	-	24,337	-	53,663	£,000	-	78,000
Accrued Interest	_	5,350	_	-	_	1,806	7,156
Current Portion of Capital Lease	16,143	113,395	-	-	_	160,000	289,538
Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Current Assets)	20,937	413,734	139,555	438,398	381,506	1,083,033	2,477,163
Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets):							
Accounts Payable	-	16,945	535,812	-	-	=-	552,757
Arbitrage Rebate	-	-	40,666	-	-	-	40,666
Accrued Interest	-	4,103	40,102	-	=	-	44,205
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds		280,000	1,085,000	=		=	1,365,000
Total Current Liabilities (Payable from Restricted Assets)		301,048	1,701,580				2,002,628
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Due to Other Funds	=	=	=	=	=	268,000	268,000
Long-Term Debt, Net	=	2,535,134	18,185,000	=	=	=	20,720,134
Obligations Under Capital Leases	95,497	363,597	-	-	-	890,000	1,349,094
Accrued Compensated Absences	-	10,397	-	-	11,523	-	21,920
Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual					6,566,000		6,566,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	95,497	2,909,128	18,185,000		6,577,523	1,158,000	28,925,148
Total Liabilities	116,434	3,623,910	20,026,135	438,398	6,959,029	2,241,033	33,404,939
NET ASSETS							
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	423,744	4,864,405	18,579,059	765,096	14,932,641	(51,515)	39,513,430
Restricted Net Assets for:	180,111	1,001,100	10,0.0,000	. 50,000	11,000,011	(01,010)	55,510,100
Debt Service	-	316,500	2,033,893	-	-	_	2,350,393
Improvements	-	198,911	1,855,674	176,263	-	-	2,230,848
Other	-		-	73,896	-	=	73,896
Unrestricted	1,261,844	306,860	802,697	57,049	302,276	(7,656)	2,723,070
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,685,588	5,686,676	23,271,323	1,072,304	15,234,917	(59,171)	46,891,637

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Parking Lot Revolving	Golf	Parking Facilities	Pershing Municipal Auditorium	Sanitary Landfill	Emergency Medical Services	Total
Operating Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ -	-	-	-	-	3,894,100	3,894,100
Fees	-	2,546,892	-	-	5,474,193	-	8,021,085
Parking Facility Revenue	203,360	-	4,343,232	-	-	-	4,546,592
Performance Revenue	-	-	-	1,732,094	-	-	1,732,094
Other Operating Revenue	155	90,469	4,753	72,161	137,320		304,858
Total Operating Revenues	203,515	2,637,361	4,347,985	1,804,255	5,611,513	3,894,100	18,498,729
Operating Expenses							
Personal Services	-	1,212,220	85,622	913,944	1,426,566	2,539,138	6,177,490
Contractual Services	24,491	47,024	1,303,999	-	1,459,427	457,706	3,292,647
Operation and Maintenance	132,076	882,463	574,768	1,234,554	1,022,164	261,666	4,107,691
Depreciation	21,995	469,001	896,419	153,451	1,370,918	176,114	3,087,898
Total Operating Expenses	178,562	2,610,708	2,860,808	2,301,949	5,279,075	3,434,624	16,665,726
Operating Income (Loss)	24,953	26,653	1,487,177	(497,694)	332,438	459,476	1,833,003
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Investment Earnings	26,571	35,717	200,561	1,556	179,795	-	444,200
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets	-	(2,310)	-	-	(832)	-	(3,142)
Amortization of Deferred Charges	-	(12,195)	(33,234)	-	-	(2,331)	(47,760)
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(9,024)	(160,580)	(832,596)	(1,831)		(81,809)	(1,085,840)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	17,547	(139,368)	(665,269)	(275)	178,963	(84,140)	(692,542)
Income (Loss) Before Capital							
Contributions and Transfers	42,500	(112,715)	821,908	(497,969)	511,401	375,336	1,140,461
Capital Contributions	-	145,230	-	5,365	36,734	-	187,329
Transfers In	-	_	-	346,993	-	-	346,993
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	(311,031)	-	(311,031)
Change in Net Assets	42,500	32,515	821,908	(145,611)	237,104	375,336	1,363,752
Total Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,643,088	5,654,161	22,449,415	1,217,915	14,997,813	(434,507)	45,527,885
Total Net Assets End of Year	\$ 1,685,588	5,686,676	23,271,323	1,072,304	15,234,917	(59,171)	46,891,637

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Parking Lot Revolving	Golf	Parking Facilities	Pershing Municipal Auditorium	Sanitary Landfill	Emergency Medical Services	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 203,360	2,564,439	4,342,294	1,648,993	5,241,016	4,242,122	18.242.224
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	-	1,487	-	-	165,637	-	167,124
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(143, 129)	(512,236)	(1,176,807)	(1,088,305)	(1,752,882)	(550,381)	(5,223,740)
Payments to Employees Payments for Interfund Services Provided	(10,247)	(1,208,636) (372,784)	(82,599) (250,433)	(910,374)	(1,428,514) (247,358)	(2,473,882) (224,122)	(6,104,005) (1,104,944)
Other Receipts	155	90,469	4,753	72,161	137,320	(224,122)	304,858
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	50,139	562,739	2,837,208	(277,525)	2,115,219	993,737	6,281,517
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Transfers from Other Funds	_	_	-	388,000	_	_	388.000
Transfers to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	(311,031)	-	(311,031)
Advance from General Fund	-	-	-	-	-	70,388	70,388
Payment to General Fund Interest Paid to General Fund	-	-	-	-	-	(810,736) (83,344)	(810,736) (83,344)
Net Cash Provided (Used)						(00,044)	(00,011)
by Non-Capital Financing Activities				388,000	(311,031)	(823,692)	(746,723)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activ	ities						
Additions to Capital Assets	-	(625,462)	(5,981,308)	(12,527)	(428,236)	_	(7,047,533)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	148,652	-	148,652
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	-	3,165,000	6,000,000	-	-	-	9,165,000
Debt Issuance Cost Principal Payments of Capital Lease	(14,976)	(76,898) (109,704)	(117,935)	-	-	(150,000)	(194,833) (274,680)
Principal Payments of Capital Debt	(14,570)	(3,615,000)	(1,115,000)	(34,889)	-	(130,000)	(4,764,889)
Interest Paid and Fiscal Charges	(9,024)	(162,127)	(926,469)	(1,831)		(47,538)	(1,146,989)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activ	viti (24,000)	(1,424,191)	(2,140,712)	(49,247)	(279,584)	(197,538)	(4,115,272)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments	-	1,368,023	8,487,174	-	4,647,191	-	14,502,388
Purchases of Investments	- 04.005	(506,509)	(10,649,187)	- 1.044	(6,083,279)	-	(17,238,975)
Interest and Other Receipts Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	34,365 34,365	74,994 936,508	$\frac{199,565}{(1,962,448)}$	1,644 1,644	(1,207,040)		539,616 (2,196,971)
	01,000		(1,002,110)		(1,201,010)		(2,100,011)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	60,504	75,056	(1,265,952)	62,872	317,564	(27,493)	(777,449)
Balances Beginning of Year Balances End of Year	1,201,275 \$ 1,261,779	806,982 882,038	3,905,228 2,639,276	520,618 583,490	926,007	27,493	7,070,039 6,292,590
Datances Life of Teal	3 1,201,773	002,030	2,033,210	303,430	320,007		0,232,330
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	1						
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 24,953	26,653	1,487,177	(497,694)	332,438	459,476	1,833,003
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to	0 24,000	20,033	1,407,177	(437,034)	332,430	433,470	1,033,003
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
Depreciation	21,995	469,001	896,419	153,451	1,370,918	176,114	3,087,898
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts Receivable and Unbilled Revenues	_	12,312	(938)	82,473	(76,391)	248,022	265,478
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	3,349	-	3,349
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	-	1,064	-	1,064
Inventories Prepaid Expenses	-	(3,247)	-	(3,152) 22,631	-	1,410 12,795	(4,989) 35,426
Accounts Payable	3,186	44,157	450,247	114,793	(331,919)	87,936	368,400
Accrued Liabilities	-	7,317	1,262	3,570	6,695	8,400	27,244
Accrued Compensated Absences	-	7,628	1,949	- (222)	4,431	59,228	73,236
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	5	(34,892) 27,088	766 326	(268) 12,245	(12,135) 7,769	(59,864) 220	(106,393) 47,653
Unearned Revenue	-	6,722	-	(165,574)	-	-	(158,852)
Landfill Closure/Postclosure Accrual		-		-	809,000		809,000
Total Adjustments	25,186	536,086	1,350,031	220,169	1,782,781	534,261	4,448,514
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 50,139	562,739	2,837,208	(277,525)	2,115,219	993,737	6,281,517
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital,							
and Financing Activities:	•	145.000		F 00F	00.704		107 222
Contribution of Capital Assets Capital Asset Trade-Ins	\$ -	145,230 16,763	-	5,365	36,734	-	187,329 16,763
Capital Asset Trade-IIIS Change in Fair Value of Investments	-	10,703	16,003	-	7,232	-	23,235

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to account for the financing of goods or services rendered by one department or agency to other departments or agencies or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Information Services Fund</u> - To account for the cost of operating a central data processing facility for the City of Lincoln and Lancaster County. User City and County departments are charged for the resources used. Resources used are billed at cost plus an administrative overhead.

<u>Engineering Revolving Fund</u> - To account for the cost of operating a central engineering pool. Revenues are derived from billings to various capital improvement projects.

<u>Insurance Revolving Fund</u> - To account for the cost of providing a self-insurance program for workers' compensation, liability, property insurance, long-term disability and Blue Cross/Blue Shield Health Insurance Plan. Revenues are derived from billings to operating departments.

<u>Fleet Services Fund</u> - To account for the operation of a centralized maintenance facility for equipment used by other City departments, such as trucks, heavy equipment, and miscellaneous other equipment. Revenues are derived from billings to user departments.

<u>Police Garage Fund</u> - To account for the operation of a maintenance facility for the Police fleet and vehicles from various other City departments. Revenues are derived from billings to the Police and other user departments.

<u>Communication Services Fund</u> - To account for the costs of providing graphic arts and telecommunication services. Revenues are derived from billings to user departments.

<u>Copy Services Fund</u> - To account for the cost of providing copy services to the City of Lincoln and Lancaster County. User City and County departments are charged on a per copy basis.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

	Information Services	Engineering Revolving	Insurance Revolving	Fleet Services
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,987,779	659,619	1,960,234	369,227
Investments	-	-	9,331,396	-
Accounts Receivable	44,579	325,454	3,997	4,798
Accrued Interest Receivable	6,920	2,694	93,774	2,083
Due from Other Funds	162,395	34,170	-	15,975
Due from Other Governments	192,628	75,761	-	9,133
Inventories	-	-	-	330,316
Prepaid Expenses	 231,160			
Total Current Assets	 2,625,461	1,097,698	11,389,401	731,532
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	-	-	-	-
Buildings	12,335	-	-	-
Improvements Other Than Buildings	-	693,733	-	420,192
Machinery and Equipment	1,950,827	509,258	38,400	12,969,197
Less Accumulated Depreciation	 (1,653,397)	(601,548)	(17,863)	(8,191,186)
Total Capital Assets, Net	 309,765	601,443	20,537	5,198,203
Total Assets	 2,935,226	1,699,141	11,409,938	5,929,735
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	103,676	27,131	127,022	173,411
Accrued Liabilities	116,168	172,900	13,585	45,824
Accrued Compensated Absences	143,866	243,773	14,273	52,710
Due to Other Funds	136	13,321	1,346	4,664
Due to Other Governments	2,770	419	135	161
Unearned Revenue	-	652,296	-	-
Claims	 -		2,692,407	-
Total Current Liabilities	 366,616	1,109,840	2,848,768	276,770
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Accrued Compensated Absences	5,761	64,632	-	46,031
Claims	 		2,814,937	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 5,761	64,632	2,814,937	46,031
Total Liabilities	 372,377	1,174,472	5,663,705	322,801
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets	309,765	601,443	20,537	5,198,203
Unrestricted	 2,253,084	(76,774)	5,725,696	408,731
Total Net Assets	\$ 2,562,849	524,669	5,746,233	5,606,934

Police Garage	Communication Services	Copy Services	Total
Garage	Services	Services	Total
983,814	121,799	378,929	6,461,401
500,000	-	-	9,831,396
20,703	245	1,010	400,786
5,037	409	1,394	112,311
222,340	9,810	15,332	460,022
1,235	1,596	19,346	299,699
80,359	-	-	410,675
			231,160
1,813,488	133,859	416,011	18,207,450
48,250	-	-	48,250
338,746	-	-	351,081
49,234	-	-	1,163,159
4,254,211	78,802	-	19,800,695
(2,699,086)	(62,724)		(13,225,804)
1,991,355	16,078	_	8,137,381
3,804,843	149,937	416,011	26,344,831
37,782	7,058	25,833	501,913
25,642	5,984	735	380,838
29,445	4,989	1,017	490,073
13	-	-	19,480
-	-	-	3,485
-	-	-	652,296
		-	2,692,407
92,882	18,031	27,585	4,740,492
40.070			444.050
19,673	5,761	-	141,858
			2,814,937
19,673	5,761		2,956,795
112,555	23,792	27,585	7,697,287
1 001 055	10.070		0.107.004
1,991,355	16,078	-	8,137,381
1,700,933	110,067	388,426	10,510,163
3,692,288	126,145	388,426	18,647,544

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	_	Information Services	Engineering Revolving	Insurance Revolving	Fleet Services
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	5,749,233	6,204,017	3,555,294	4,188,983
Operating Expenses					
Personal Services		3,029,234	4,382,014	335,926	1,185,830
Materials and Supplies		193,823	56,136	11,085	1,123,337
Other Services and Charges		2,035,844	1,287,570	4,339,128	985,122
Depreciation		255,725	189,675	5,619	964,604
Total Operating Expenses		5,514,626	5,915,395	4,691,758	4,258,893
Operating Income (Loss)		234,607	288,622	(1,136,464)	(69,910)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment Earnings		35,154	7,234	353,905	2,965
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Assets		(5,531)	1,119	-	57,995
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges		(197)	-	-	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		29,426	8,353	353,905	60,960
Income (Loss) Before					
Contributions and Transfers		264,033	296,975	(782,559)	(8,950)
Capital Contributions		12,324	-	-	271,830
Transfers In		-	9,660	2,939	-
Change in Net Assets		276,357	306,635	(779,620)	262,880
Total Net Assets Beginning of Year		2,286,492	218,034	6,525,853	5,344,054
Total Net Assets End of Year	\$	2,562,849	524,669	5,746,233	5,606,934

Police Garage	Communication Services	Copy Services	Totals
2,479,414	203,620	397,991	22,778,552
695,789	137,114	20,171	9,786,078
735,021	3,977	27,908	2,151,287
321,984	76,034	308,150	9,353,832
606,415	16,373	-	2,038,411
2,359,209	233,498	356,229	23,329,608
120,205	(29,878)	41,762	(551,056)
25,606	2,114	10,275	437,253
1,427	(1,013)	-	53,997
			(197)
27,033	1,101	10,275	491,053
147,238	(28,777)	52,037	(60,003)
20,964	-	-	305,118
	30,000		42,599
168,202	1,223	52,037	287,714
3,524,086	124,922	336,389	18,359,830
3,692,288	126,145	388,426	18,647,544

CITY OF LINCOLN, NECOMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Information Services	Engineering Revolving	Insurance Revolving	Fleet Services
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		8		
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 2,976,996	1,985,894	683,450	303,293
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	2,871,047	4,604,230	2,868,367	3,958,988
Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(2,315,768)	(1,105,391)	(3,473,404)	(2,023,801)
Payments to Employees	(3,036,912)	(4,389,755)	(334,309)	(1,179,626)
Payments for Interfund Services Provided	(93,551)	(257,583)	(32,956)	(175,542)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	401,812	837,395	(288,852)	883,312
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Transfers from Other Funds	-	9,660	2,939	-
Payment to General Fund	- (4.07)	(181,334)	-	-
Interest Paid	(197)	- (4.574 0.574)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(197)	(171,674)	2,939	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Additions to Capital Assets	(110,664)	(14,515)	(12,712)	(1,294,763)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	- (110.001)	2,856	- (10.710)	119,107
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(110,664)	(11,659)	(12,712)	(1,175,656)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments	-	-	10,914,533	-
Purchases of Investments	-	-	(9,898,228)	=
Interest and Other Receipts	42,927	4,540	586,770	6,690
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	42,927	4,540	1,603,075	6,690
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	333,878	658,602	1,304,450	(285,654)
Balances Beginning of Year	1,653,901	1,017	655,784	654,881
Balances End of Year	\$ 1,987,779	659,619	1,960,234	369,227
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	0 004.007	000 000	(1.100.404)	(00.010)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 234,607	288,622	(1,136,464)	(69,910)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation	255,725	189,675	5,619	964,604
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	200,120	100,070	0,010	001,001
Accounts Receivable	13,985	159,269	(3,477)	(4,352)
Due from Other Funds	26,067	(15,223)	-	(5,647)
Due from Other Governments	58,758	(46,466)	-	83,297
Inventories	-	-	-	(26,546)
Prepaid Expenses	(231,160)	-	-	-
Accounts Payable	60,113	(19,333)	108,536	(55,636)
Accrued Liabilities	4,830	8,554	1,502	4,934
Accrued Compensated Absences	18,580	27,932	3,634	12,468
Due to Other Funds	(31,512)	(44,581)	(13,347)	(19,303)
Due to Other Governments	(8,181)	419	135	(597)
Unearned Revenue	-	288,527	-	-
Claims			745,010	
Total Adjustments	167,205	548,773	847,612	953,222
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 401,812	837,395	(288,852)	883,312
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing,				
Capital, and Financing Activities:				
Contribution of Capital Assets	\$ 12,324	-	-	271,830
Capital Asset Trade-Ins	1,888	-	- (14.000)	-
Change in Fair Value of Investments			(11,036)	

Garage	Services	Services	Total
42,225	34,756	210,753	6,237,367
2,432,327	170,052	203,387	17,108,398
(561,798)	(67,956)	(332,095)	(9,880,213)
(697,558)	(134, 153)	(19,970)	(9,792,283)
(480,017)	(7,826)	(8,139)	(1,055,614)
735,179	(5,127)	53,936	2,617,655
_	30,000	-	42,599
-	, -	_	(181,334)
-	-	_	(197)
	30,000	-	(138,932)
(556,028)	-	-	(1,988,682)
40,318	-	-	162,281
(515,710)		-	(1,826,401)
1,329,576	_	175,102	12,419,211
(1,500,571)	_	-	(11,398,799)
49,295	2,664	11,447	704,333
(121,700)	2,664	186,549	1,724,745
(121,700)	2,004	100,343	1,724,740
97,769	27,537	240,485	2,377,067
886,045	94,262	138,444	4,084,334
983,814	121,799	378,929	6,461,401
120,205	(29,878)	41,762	(551,056)
120,200	(20,0.0)	11,102	(001,000)
000 415	10.070		0.000.411
606,415	16,373	-	2,038,411
19,097	66	247	184,835
(23,533)	1,299	10,724	(6,313)
(426)	(177)	5,178	100,164
10,987	-	-	(15,559)
_	_	_	(231,160)
4,205	4,229	(4,176)	97,938
1,870	1,552	43	23,285
2,768	2,342	360	68,084
(6,409)	(933)	(202)	(116,287)
(0,100)	(000)	(202)	(8,224)
_	_	_	288,527
-	_	_	745,010
614,974	24,751	12,174	3,168,711
735,179	(5,127)	53,936	2,617,655
755,175	(0,127)	55,550	۵,017,000
_			
20,964	-	-	305,118
-	-	-	1,888
			(11,036)

Police

Communication

Сору

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AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to report fiduciary resources held by the City for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

<u>Collections Due Other Governments</u> - To account for the collection and payment to:

Airport Authority - Taxes collected on its behalf.

State of Nebraska - Sales tax collections on sales made by the City of

Lincoln and Lottery Tax Collections on Keno

Proceeds to be remitted to the State.

Lincoln Public Schools - Fines, fees, licenses and permits collected on its

behalf.

Department of Housing and

Urban Development - Various bank accounts used for Home

Improvement Loans, Down-payment Assistance and Rental Rehabilitation programs. The City is

the Fiduciary agent for these accounts.

<u>Contractor Deposits</u> - To account for good faith money deposited with the City to assure the completion of special projects. The money will be returned to the contractors upon completion.

Payroll Revolving - To account for payroll liabilities such as taxes and fringes.

Outstanding Warrants - To account for money held by the City to pay outstanding warrants.

<u>Telephone Bill Suspense</u> - To account for the accumulation and disbursement of funds to pay for the City's phone system charges.

<u>Defeased Bond Proceeds</u> - To account for the proceeds from the 1992 Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds issued to defease the 1980 Sanitary Sewer Revenue Bonds. The City Treasurer is the Trustee for this bond defeasance.

<u>Joint Antelope Valley Authority</u> – To account for the accumulation and disbursement of funds for the joint administrative entity known as JAVA, created to coordinate planning and implementation of the Antelope Valley Project.

<u>Gateway Center Joint Venture Escrow</u> - To account for funds deposited with the City by the Gateway Shopping Center in fulfillment of a condition of the use permit for expansion of the shopping center. Funds may be drawn upon for construction of roadway improvements for the purpose of controlling the flow of off-site traffic in the "O" street corridor between Cotner Boulevard and 73rd Street.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET AGENCY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2002

ASSETS	-	Collections Due Other Governments	Contractor Deposits	Payroll Revolving	Outstanding Warrants
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables: Accrued Interest Other	\$	276,147	629,347	315,006	2,920,905
Contractor Retainage	_	<u> </u>	1,162,558		
Total Assets	=	276,147	1,791,905	315,006	2,920,905
LIABILITIES					
Warrants Payable		-	-	-	2,920,905
Accounts Payable		-	-	34,890	-
Due to Other Governments		276,147	-	280,116	-
Due to Contractors		-	1,791,905	-	-
Due to Joint Venture		-	-	-	-
Due to Bondholders	_				
Total Liabilities	\$_	276,147	1,791,905	315,006	2,920,905

Telephone Bill Suspense	Defeased Bond Proceeds	Joint Antelope Valley Authority	Gateway Center Joint Venture Escrow	Totals
65,494	12,372	14,209	4,093	4,237,573
- - -	- - -	- - -	16 155,473	16 155,473 1,162,558
65,494	12,372	14,209	159,582	5,555,620
-	_	_	-	2,920,905
65,494	-	-	-	100,384
-	-	-	-	556,263
-	-	-	-	1,791,905
-	-	14,209	159,582	173,791
	12,372			12,372
65,494	12,372	14,209	159,582	5,555,620

CITY OF LINCOLN, NECOMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

		Balance			Balance
	_	Sep. 1, 2001	Additions	Deductions	Aug. 31, 2002
COLLECTIONS DUE OTHER GOVERN	MENTS	:			
Assets:	Ċ	75 100	1 010 645	001 779	102.055
Cash Held by City Treasurer Cash in Other Accounts	\$	75,182 98,680	1,018,645 795,597	991,772 720,185	$102,055 \\ 174,092$
Cash in Other Accounts	_	173,862	1,814,242	1,711,957	276,147
	=	173,002	1,014,242	1,711,007	210,141
Liabilities:					
Due to Other Governments	\$	173,862	806,242	703,957	276,147
	=				
CONTRACTOR DEPOSITS:					
Assets:					
Cash in Other Accounts	\$	402,103	286,875	59,631	629,347
Contractor Retainage	_	2,527,270	54,095	1,418,807	1,162,558
	=	2,929,373	340,970	1,478,438	1,791,905
* • 1.44					
Liabilities:	٥	0.000.070	0.40.070	1 470 400	1 701 005
Due to Contractors	\$ ₌	2,929,373	340,970	1,478,438	1,791,905
PAYROLL REVOLVING:					
Assets:					
Cash Held by City Treasurer	S	302,071	108,778,050	108,767,400	312,721
Cash in Other Accounts	Ŷ	2,341	48,406,551	48,406,607	2,285
	_	304,412	157,184,601	157,174,007	315,006
	=				
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		46,428	107,620,075	107,631,613	34,890
Due to Other Governments		257,984	23,594,848	23,572,716	280,116
	\$	304,412	131,214,923	131,204,329	315,006
	_				
OUTSTANDING WARRANTS:					
Assets:		4 000 001	000 404 004	000 007 500	0.000.005
Cash Held by City Treasurer	\$=	4,093,631	308,464,864	309,637,590	2,920,905
Tinkilisina.					
Liabilities: Warrants Payable	\$	4,093,631	308,464,864	309,637,590	2,920,905
vvaitains i ayable	٠ =	4,033,031	500,404,004	303,037,330	۵,320,303

(Continued)

(Agency Funds, Continued)

	_	Balance Sep. 1, 2001	Additions	Deductions	Balance Aug. 31, 2002
TELEPHONE BILL SUSPENSE:					
Assets:	_	00.000	070 070	075 007	07.404
Cash Held by City Treasurer	\$	63,603	676,958	675,067	65,494
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	63,603	676,958	675,067	65,494
	_				
DEFEASED BOND PROCEEDS:					
Assets:					
Cash Held by City Treasurer	\$	12,372			12,372
Tinkilisin.					
Liabilities: Due to Bondholders	\$	12,372	-	_	12,372
	•				7-1
JOINT ANTELOPE VALLEY AUTHORITY					
Assets:					
Cash Held by City Treasurer	\$	35,796	1,628,150	1,649,737	14,209
Liabilities:					
Due to Joint Venture	\$	35,796	1,628,150	1,649,737	14,209
	=				
GATEWAY CENTER JOINT VENTURE ES	CRC)W/•			
Assets:		, , , ,			
Cash Held by City Treasurer	\$	41,789	1,435,620	1,473,316	4,093
Investments		1,224,988	12	1,225,000	-
Receivables	-	189,367 1,456,144	155,490 1,591,122	<u>189,368</u> 2,887,684	155,489 159,582
	=	1,430,144	1,551,122	2,007,004	133,362
Liabilities:					
Due to Joint Venture	\$_	1,456,144		1,296,562	159,582
AGENCY FUND TOTALS:	-				
AGENCI FUND IOTALS.					
Total Assets	\$_	9,069,193	471,700,907	475,214,480	5,555,620
Total Liabilities	\$	9,069,193	442 122 107	446,645,680	5,555,620
Total Elabilities	ې =	9,009,193	443,132,107	440,040,080	5,555,020

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE GENERAL INFORMATION

Table 1

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS 1

F: 1		0 1	D 11'	Streets	Culture	.	Health	N 2	D 14	
Fiscal		General	Public	And	And	Economic	And	Mass ²	Debt	
Year	_	Government	Safety	Highways	Recreation	Opportunity	Welfare	Transit	Service	Totals
2002	\$	27,237,134	49,913,169	10,833,055	16,974,798	14,017,601	15,513,515	12,691,837	7,411,878	154,592,987
2001		23,821,580	48,122,074	11,175,059	14,806,760	12,559,336	14,232,879	-	7,742,690	132,460,378
2000		23,529,495	44,042,882	9,039,840	13,958,414	11,204,029	12,589,907	-	7,924,295	122,288,862
1999		21,891,174	41,555,922	9,406,531	13,254,994	10,215,261	11,226,029	-	6,937,983	114,487,894
1998		30,170,768	41,140,827	8,992,439	13,111,328	12,009,990	10,979,131	-	7,317,239	123,721,722
1997		17,791,275	35,073,010	10,348,129	12,655,548	8,581,741	9,491,687	-	7,807,532	101,748,922
1996		21,642,981	35,208,168	8,204,830	12,475,318	8,638,263	8,874,148	-	7,468,367	102,512,075
1995		19,324,778	32,268,654	7,707,436	11,546,106	9,027,752	7,838,386	-	7,161,326	94,874,438
1994		17,757,517	29,709,169	7,039,926	10,611,776	8,104,312	7,019,362	-	9,116,154	89,358,216
1993		15,561,262	28,560,001	7,724,395	10,355,012	8,091,916	6,067,846	-	9,647,393	86,007,825
1										

¹ Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds. ² StarTran added as Special Revenue Fund in 2002.

Table 2

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS 1

Fiscal Year	Taxes And Special Assessment	Inter- Governmental	Permits And Fees	Reimbursement For Services	Investment Earnings	Other	Totals
2002 2 \$	98,375,135	58,762,476	12,449,879	5,605,557	2,018,695	10,548,354	187,760,096
2001	89,503,325	48,369,359	9,638,476	3,685,621	4,072,585	9,668,449	164,937,815
2000	86,831,572	35,469,904	9,838,028	3,360,901	3,955,026	9,228,060	148,683,491
1999	82,998,188	34,847,767	8,690,565	306,506	3,328,425	8,894,527	139,065,978
1998	79,200,331	40,261,744	8,040,655	2,603,350	3,525,748	10,363,736	143,995,564
1997	78,164,628	26,909,591	7,903,461	3,841,495	3,203,760	8,414,170	128,437,105
1996	75,624,598	27,398,828	7,587,645	3,012,387	2,891,696	9,518,249	126,033,403
1995	71,429,314	24,447,377	6,325,774	3,211,819	2,636,591	9,503,980	117,554,855
1994	72,266,306	24,954,144	4,289,234	2,862,622	1,352,122	8,583,766	114,308,194
1993	65,691,255	24,165,654	3,441,494	2,116,029	1,279,216	5,923,261	102,616,909

¹ Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.
² StarTran added as Special Revenue Fund in 2002.

Table 3

PROPERTY TAX LEVIED AND COLLECTED LAST TEN YEARS

The fiscal year of the City begins September 1 and ends August 31. Taxes are levied in October. First installments of real estate taxes are delinquent the following April 1, second installments delinquent August 1; personal property taxes are delinquent April 1 and August 1. Delinquent taxes bear 14 percent interest. The figures below include interest and penalties. The figures below do not include motor vehicle in lieu of ad valorem taxes.

Tax Year	Taxes Levied		-	Collected As Of August 31 After Levy Amount Percent			Accumulated As Of Augu Amount	
2001	\$	33,731,282	\$	32,501,760	96.35 %	\$	32,501,760	96.35 %
2000		31,159,364		29,936,079	96.07		31,119,625	99.87
1999		29,603,794		28,665,780	96.83		29,751,358	100.50
1998		27,597,664		26,411,546	95.70		27,401,301	99.29
1997		26,812,692		25,758,577	96.07		27,002,912	100.71
1996		27,022,949		25,894,971	95.83		27,012,941	99.96
1995		26,717,464		25,626,901	95.92		26,807,251	100.34
1994		26,289,058		25,209,483	95.89		26,295,505	100.02
1993		25,962,618		25,108,543	96.71		26,253,275	101.12
1992		24,951,389		23,789,500	95.34		24,936,187	99.94

TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN YEARS ¹

Tax	Real	All	Motor	T 1
<u>Year</u>	Estate	Other	<u>Vehicle</u>	Total
2002	\$ 10,350,628,778	779,959,389		11,130,588,167
2001	9,903,888,713	820,797,124		10,724,685,837
2000	8,814,516,041	806,431,814		9,620,947,855
1999	8,423,860,600	716,780,457		9,140,641,057
1998	7,859,292,010	660,609,204		8,519,901,214
1997	6,850,027,133	637,669,384		7,487,696,517
1996	6,516,782,050	525,762,951	706,470,078	7,749,015,079
1995	6,243,138,433	442,913,618	639,647,617	7,325,699,668
1994	6,040,320,804	431,628,371	598,259,561	7,070,208,736
1993	4,569,474,800	424,296,765	542,119,130	5,535,890,695

¹ Assessment is at 100% of actual. Effective in the 1997 tax year, Motor Vehicles are excluded from the taxable assessed valuation.

TOTAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES
ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN YEARS ¹

Table 5

		Tax Year									
	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993	
City Of Lincoln	0.3145	0.3145	0.3239	0.3239	0.3239	0.3581	0.3837	0.3996	0.4062	0.5199	
School District No. 1	1.2830	1.2732	1.3684	1.3813	1.3050	1.6308	1.6260	1.5946	1.6084	1.9098	
Lancaster County	0.2683	0.2583	0.2643	0.2584	0.2782	0.2966	0.3106	0.3169	0.3051	0.3584	
Educational Service Unit #18	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150	0.0150	0.0149	0.0089	0.0081	0.0082	0.0082	0.0078	
Community Technical College	0.0655	0.0636	0.0295	0.0334	0.0696	0.0782	0.0840	0.0864	0.0843	0.0917	
Lower Platte South Natural Res. Dist.	0.0359	0.0365	0.0367	0.0372	0.0389	0.0365	0.0346	0.0346	0.0293	0.0349	
Railroad Transportation Safety Dist.	0.0220	0.0221	0.0260	0.0260	0.0260	0.0260	0.0091	0.0096	0.0096	0.0130	
Agricultural Society Of Lancaster County	0.0012	0.0024	0.0073	0.0032	0.0013	0.0364	0.0364	0.0014	0.0014	0.0017	
Lancaster County Fairgrounds	0.0050	0.0052									
Public Building Commission	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170	0.0169	0.0170	0.0127	0.0170	
	2.0274	2.0078	2.0881	2.0954	2.0748	2.4885	2.5094	2.4683	2.4652	2.9542	

The assessment rate is 100% of market and the levy is expressed as the tax per \$100 of estimated market value.

Table 6

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ¹

Fiscal Year Ended August 31	Special Assessment Collections Including Interest
2002	\$ 1,867,653
2001	1,796,924
2000	1,948,791
1999	2,359,812
1998	2,104,022
1997	2,390,085
1996	2,484,416
1995	2,337,275
1994	2,770,059
1993	2,903,065

¹ Special assessment collections are not tracked by levy year, therefore the portion of collections during any year which apply to any particular levy cannot be determined. Special assessment billings by year are not available.

CITY SALES TAX INFORMATION

The City had a one percent (1%) sales and use tax through June 30, 1985. Effective July 1, 1985 the sales and use tax was raised to one and one half percent (1.5%). These taxes are administered and collected for the City by the State of Nebraska. The State receives three percent (3%) for their service. The City has had a sales tax since 1969.

SALES AND USE TAX COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	
Ended August 31	Amount
2002	\$ 45,393,491
2001	44,486,127
2000	43,608,313
1999	41,642,771
1998	37,479,413
1997	36,549,194
1996	33,543,308
1995	31,420,946
1994	29,739,476
1993	25,920,431

Table 8

SCHEDULE OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT IN RELATION TO POPULATION, TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION, AND REAL PROPERTY VALUATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	1	100	LUULD VII	LU	7111011, 7111			LICITI	7 1 1	CITION END	TENTISCHE I	Li III	
													Ratio Of
					Net						Ratio Of		Net Debt
	General				General			Net G.O.		Assessed	Net Debt	Assessed	To Estimated
	Obligation				Obligation			Bonded		Valuation	To Assessed	Valuation	Valuation
Fiscal	Bonded		Sinking		Bonded			Debt Per		Real And 2	Valuation	Of Taxable 2	Of Taxable
Year	Debt		Funds		Debt	Population	1	Capita		Personal	Real & Personal	Real Property	Real Property
		•											
2002 \$	56,997,000	\$	15,847,000	\$	41,150,000	231,800	\$	177.52	\$	11,130,588,167	0.37 % \$	10,350,628,778	0.40 %
2001	54,418,000		11,243,000		43,175,000	225,588		191.39		10,724,685,837	0.40	9,903,888,713	0.44
2000	58,814,000		9,739,000		49,075,000	218,497		224.60		9,620,947,855	0.51	8,814,516,041	0.56
1999	60,508,000		12,182,000		48,326,000	217,537		222.15		9,140,641,057	0.53	8,423,860,600	0.57
1998	40,492,000		17,707,000		22,785,000	215,000		105.98		8,519,901,214	0.27	7,859,292,010	0.29
1997	47,665,000		16,121,000		31,544,000	209,192		150.79		7,487,696,517	0.42	6,850,027,133	0.46
1996	44,885,000		14,529,594		30,355,406	206,100		147.28		7,749,015,079	0.39	6,516,782,050	0.47
1995	49,573,000		13,486,759		36,086,241	203,076		177.70		7,325,699,668	0.49	6,243,138,433	0.58
1994	42,845,000		12,423,441		30,421,559	199,350		152.60		7,070,208,736	0.43	6,040,320,804	0.50
1993	47,954,000		12,945,562		35,008,438	197,482		177.27		5,535,890,695	0.63	4,569,474,800	0.77

¹ Source: Lincoln/Lancaster Planning Department.

Table 9

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT AUGUST 31, 2002

Units	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To The City	Direct And Overlapping Debt To The City
Direct:	Outstanding	10 The City	10 The City
City	\$ 41,150,000	100.0 %	\$ 41,150,000
Overlapping:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
School District #1	123,590,000	97.2	120,129,000
Airport Authority	3,577,000	100.0	3,577,000
Lancaster County	10,616,000	84.6	8,981,000
Public Building Commission	37,620,000	84.6	31,827,000
Southeast Community College	None_	35.9	None
	175,403,000		164,514,000
Total	\$ 216,553,000		\$ 205,664,000

The City has no direct liability for the School District, Airport Authority, Lancaster County, or Southeast Community College debt summarized above. See Note 20 regarding the Public Building Commission. This results in a per capita direct City debt of \$177.52; a per capita direct and overlapping debt of \$954.27; a ratio of direct City debt to 2001 actual valuation of .37 percent; and a ratio of direct and overlapping debt to 2002 actual valuation of 1.99 percent.

² Assessed valuation is 100% of actual. Effective in the 1997 tax year, Motor Vehicles are excluded from the taxable assessed valuation.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ²

					Ratio Of
				Total	Debt Service
			Total	General	To Total
Fiscal		3	Debt	Governmental	General
Year	Principal	Interest	Service	Expenditures 1, 4	Expenditures
2002	\$ 4,921,172	\$ 2,421,303	\$ 7,342,475	\$ 154,592,987	4.75 %
2001	4,966,405	2,753,247	7,719,652	159,878,390	4.83
2000	5,125,296	2,772,021	7,897,317	141,358,841	5.59
1999	4,209,267	2,301,745	6,511,012	130,523,312	4.99
1998	4,927,317	2,329,696	7,257,013	138,023,575	5.26
1997	5,469,089	2,274,947	7,744,036	115,145,942	6.73
1996	4,959,621	2,445,185	7,404,806	115,693,553	6.40
1995	4,827,845	2,086,601	6,914,446	102,504,650	6.75
1994	6,603,251	2,349,574	8,952,825	96,549,425	9.27
1993	6,380,195	3,093,979	9,474,174	95,555,093	9.91

Table 11

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Direct	Net Revenue				
	Gross	Operating	Available		Debt Service F		
	Revenue	Expenses	For Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
Wastewater	System						
2002	\$ 15,731,749	8,632,287	7,099,462	992,500	316,847	1,309,347	5.42
2001	16,663,975	8,087,688	8,576,287	952,500	364,972	1,317,472	6.51
2000	16,741,692	7,707,242	9,034,450	912,500	411,097	1,323,597	6.83
1999	16,286,632	7,591,990	8,694,642	1,255,000	474,743	1,729,743	5.03
1998	15,873,036	7,512,753	8,360,283	1,217,500	554,216	1,771,716	4.72
1997	15,521,150	7,339,135	8,182,015	1,120,000	627,402	1,747,402	4.68
1996	15,158,461	7,082,660	8,075,801	1,070,000	677,886	1,747,886	4.62
1995	14,978,232	6,785,101	8,193,131	1,020,000	728,840	1,748,840	4.68
1994	14,366,125	6,538,152	7,827,973	970,000	776,009	1,746,009	4.48
1993	13,145,256	6,398,829	6,746,427	910,000	821,593	1,731,593	3.90
Water Syste	<u>em</u>						
2002	\$ 22,687,789	11,474,433	11,213,356	2,880,000	2,110,590	4,990,590	2.25
2001	22,287,139	10,960,315	11,326,824	2,755,000	2,240,075	4,995,075	2.27
2000	23,823,957	9,812,147	14,011,810	2,640,000	2,361,515	5,001,515	2.80
1999	20,787,797	9,067,262	11,720,535	2,530,000	2,514,373	5,044,373	2.32
1998	21,009,615	8,894,295	12,115,320	2,435,000	2,621,365	5,056,365	2.40
1997	20,426,318	8,161,529	12,264,789	2,345,000	2,730,407	5,075,407	2.42
1996	20,152,071	8,072,097	12,079,974	2,265,000	2,829,751	5,094,751	2.37
1995	20,467,243	7,622,280	12,844,963	2,195,000	2,963,950	5,158,950	2.49
1994	20,256,136	6,858,777	13,397,359	2,145,000	3,036,215	5,181,215	2.59
1993	17,866,972	6,359,712	11,507,260	1,230,000	3,096,495	4,326,495	2.66
Parking Fac							
2002	\$ 5,483,546	1,964,389	3,519,157	1,115,000	924,470	2,039,470	1.73
2001	5,172,264	2,127,350	3,044,914	795,000	787,419	1,582,419	1.92
2000	4,853,708	1,393,637	3,460,071	455,000	761,521	1,216,521	2.84
1999	4,209,988	2,329,165	1,880,823	585,000	640,712	1,225,712	1.53
1998	4,068,991	1,340,709	2,728,282	455,000	651,694	1,106,694	2.47
1997	3,623,705	1,110,085	2,513,620	435,000	670,847	1,105,847	2.27
1996	3,411,735	1,271,655	2,140,080	415,000	908,380	1,323,380	1.62
1995	3,205,953	1,025,468	2,180,485	400,000	483,214	883,214	2.47
1994	2,242,835	724,003	1,518,832	110,000	316,975	426,975	3.56
1993	2,101,383	608,667	1,492,716	220,000	331,262	551,262	2.71

¹ Parking Facilities' gross revenues include parking meter revenues which were deposited to the General Fund but are pledged per bond

¹ Includes: General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds.
² In-substance defeasances are excluded from this table.
³ Does not include fiscal and miscellaneous charges.
⁴ StarTran added as Special Revenue Fund in 2002.

ordinance.

Information in this table does not agree with information in the transmittal letter because transmittal letter information is calculated in accordance with specific requirements of the bond covenants.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

	City Of Lincoln	ity Of Lincoln Per Capita		Unemploymer		
Year	Population 1	Income 2	Enrollment ³	Rate ⁴		
2002	231,800	\$	31,867	3.0 %		
2001	225,588		31,581	2.6		
2000	218,497	28,752	31,354	2.7		
1999	217,537	28,493	31,052	1.9		
1998	215,000	27,487	31,000	1.5		
1997	209,192	24,602	30,924	1.7		
1996	206,100	23,591	30,779	2.4		
1995	203,076	22,446	30,693	2.2		
1994	199,350	21,169	30,041	2.4		
1993	197,482	20,130	29,943	2.4		
1992	195,168	18,995	29,743	3.1		
1993	199,350 197,482	21,169 20,130	29,943	2.4		

Sources:

Median age from 2000 census was 31.3. Education statistics per the 2000 Census indicate that 90.2% of the population 25 years and older has a high school degree or greater with 33.3% of the same population holding a Bachelor's degree or greater.

Table 13

PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Commercia	al Construction 1	Residentia	al Construction 1		2	
Fiscal	Number Of		Number Of		Propert	y Value 2	
Year	Permits	Value	Permits	Value	Commercial	Residential	Totals
2002	1,013	\$ 245,476,386	3,405	\$ 262,293,941	3,094,988,486	7,255,640,292	\$ 10,350,628,778
2001	1,017	215,856,679	3,212	231,390,626	2,855,200,333	7,048,688,380	9,903,888,713
2000	1,069	181,983,107	3,385	225,622,611	2,540,905,431	6,273,610,610	8,814,516,041
1999	1,148	186,569,754	3,235	206,065,342	2,356,367,014	6,067,493,586	8,423,860,600
1998	1,093	119,532,867	3,109	185,894,741	2,132,780,337	5,726,511,673	7,859,292,010
1997	1,107	90,599,429	3,284	191,975,903	1,986,422,642	4,863,604,491	6,850,027,133
1996	1,212	148,033,633	2,976	167,561,114	1,840,136,792	4,676,645,258	6,516,782,050
1995	1,140	110,994,400	2,739	146,598,151	1,734,716,053	4,508,422,380	6,243,138,433
1994	1,117	136,104,897	3,114	156,183,375	1,703,370,467	4,336,950,337	6,040,320,804
1993	1,027	105,463,763	2,528	129,375,506	1,359,824,873	3,209,649,927	4,569,474,800

Sources:

 ¹ Lincoln/Lancaster Planning Department.
 ² U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. Per Capita Income for 2001 and 2002 is unavailable.
 ³ Lincoln Public Schools.
 ⁴ State of Nebraska, Department of Labor.

¹ City of Lincoln, Department of Building and Safety. ² Lancaster County Assessor.

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS

Listed below are the ten largest taxpayers in the City of Lincoln as reported by the County Assessor. These taxpayers each pay less than five percent of the total taxes levied.

<u>Taxpayers</u>	Type Of Business	2002 Assessed <u>Valuations</u>	Percentage Of Total Assessed Valuation
Alltel Communications	Telecommunications	\$ 84,443,473	.76%
Kawasaki	Manufacturing	61,047,430	.55
Pfizer	Animal Health	51,035,883	.46
Burlington Northern	Railroad	48,504,622	.44
Molex Inc.	Manufacturing	44,982,045	.40
WEA Gateway LLC	Retail Management	43,142,298	.39
B & J Partnership Ltd.	Building Management	39,222,660	.35
Chateau Van Dorn LLC	Real Estate Development	37,319,079	.34
RED Capital Management	Retail Management	36,133,814	.32
Peoples Natural Gas	Utility	30,842,051	28
		\$ 476,673,355	4.29%

Table 15

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS AUGUST 31, 2002

Date of Incorporation: 1869

Form of Government: Mayor-Council,

Home Rule Charter Area: 79.55 square miles

Lane Miles of Streets: 2,729 miles Number of Street Lights: 24,677

Culture And Recreation

Park System: 105 parks & 81 playgrounds, 5,455 acres maintained for public use. Parks, trails, Right-of-ways, etc.

Trail Miles: 80 Libraries: 8

Recreation Centers: 8 Swimming Pools (Public): 11 Golf Courses (Public): 5

Fire Protection / Emergency Services

Number of Stations: 14 Number of Firefighters: 244 Number of Ambulances: 11

Number of Certified Paramedics: 62

Police Protection

Number of Stations: 1

Number of Police Officers: 303

Water Department

Number of Consumers: 69,704

Average Daily Consumption: 40,091,014 gallons

Miles of Water Mains: 1,085 miles

Sanitary Sewer

Number of Consumers: 69,292 Miles of Wastewater Mains: 875

Education

Public Schools:

Senior High Schools: 5 Middle Schools: 10 Elementary Schools: 37 Number of Students: 31,867

Private and Parochial Schools: Number of Schools: 31 Number of Students: 6,591 (THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY)

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2002

	Federal CFDA			
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grant Number	Federal Exper	nditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Direct Programs:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559 10.559	6/02-8/02 \$ 6/01-8/01	51,703 5,432	57,135
Pass-Through State Department of Health and Human Services: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants & Children	10.557	2000	59	
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants & Children Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants & Children	10.557 10.557	2001 2002	59,046 347,467	406,572
Nutrition Services Incentive (Commodities)	10.570		_	169,164
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	632,871
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Direct Programs:				
Congregate Housing Services Program (Mahoney Manor) Congregate Housing Services Program (Burke Plaza) CDBG - Entitlement and Small Cities Cluster:	14.170 14.170	NE26-G940-001 \$ NE26-G940-002	64,737 39,444	104,181
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-99-00-01 MC-31-0001		4,013,551
Emergency Shelter Grant Program	14.231	S 00-01 MC-310002		85,603
HOME Investment Partnerships Program HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239 14.239	M-98-99-00 MC-31-0202 M-99-MC-31-0202	1,488,686 280	1,488,966
Community Development Block Grants/Economic Development Initiative Fair Housing Assistance Program - State and Local	14.246 14.401	B-99-SP-NE-1085 FF207K007017		81,392 38,747
Pass-Through State Department of Health and Human Services: Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing	14.900	2002		1,261
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$	5,813,701
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR Pass-Through State Historical Society:				
Historical Preservation Fund Grants-in-Aid Historical Preservation Fund Grants-in-Aid	15.904 15.904	01/02 \$ 02/03	21,651 14,926 \$	36,577
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Programs:				
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	16.007	2002.TE-CX-0062 \$		115,247
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592 16.592	2000-LB-BX-0438 2000-LB-BX-1374	142,824 121,188	264,012
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grant (Cops Ahead)	16.607 16.710	95-CC-WX-0426		1,774 348,521
Pass-Through State Comm. on Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice: Crime Victim Assistance Crime Victim Assistance	16.575 16.575	00-VA-900/00-VA-227 01-VA-220/01-VA-900	20,921 117,225	138,146
Byrne Formula Grant Program (Street Drug Dealer Apprehension Program) Byrne Formula Grant Program (Street Drug Dealer Apprehension Program)	16.579 16.579	00-DA-317 01-DA-307	10,865 380,996	391,861
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	1,259,561

(Continued) See Accompanying Notes to Supplementary Schedule of Federal Awards

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Ex	penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR				
Pass-Through State Department of Health and Human Services:				
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235	NGA 2003-048 \$		
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235	NGA 2002-143	44,790	45,557
Pass-Through State Department of Labor:				
WIA Cluster:				
Workforce Investment Act (Adult)	17.258	2000	66	
Workforce Investment Act (Dislocated Worker)	17.260	2000	12	
Workforce Investment Act (Youth)	17.259	2000	207	
Workforce Investment Act (Adult)	17.258	2001	132,610	
Workforce Investment Act (Dislocated Worker)	17.260	2001	194,578	
Workforce Investment Act (Youth)	17.259	2001	236,329	
Workforce Investment Act Incentive/Capacity WIA Dislocated Workers	17.255 17.260	2001 EM-11756-01-60	56,612 2,619	623,033
Total U.S. Department of Labor			\$	668,590
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
Direct Programs:				
Federal Transit Cluster:				
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Sec. 9 Capital)		* NE-90-X046 \$,,	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Transit Planning)		* RPT-CP990(020)	11,419	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Transit Planning)		* RPT-CP990(01)	55,580	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Sec. 9 Operating)		* NE-90-X048	79,828	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Sec. 9 Capital)		* NE-90-X048	1,161,200	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Sec. 9 Capital)		* NE-90-X052	995,912	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Maint. Facility)		* NE-03-0029	260,578	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Sec. 9 Operating)		* NE-90-X054	747,115	
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Sec. 9 Capital)		* NE-90-X054	1,774,758	6 162 010
Federal Transit: Formula Grants (Transit Planning)	20.507	* RPT-C990(022)	50,691	6,163,919
Pass-Through State Department of Roads:				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:	20.205	* HDD DI 1/20)	266 227	
Highway Planning and Construction (Planning)		* HPR-PL1(39)	266,237	
Highway Planning and Construction (Bison Trail) Highway Planning and Construction (O Street - 52nd to Wedgewood)		* STPB-55(130)	212,023	
Highway Planning and Construction (O Street - 52nd to Wedgewood) Highway Planning and Construction (Antelope Valley)		* EACNH-34-6(124)	9,036,003	
Highway Planning and Construction (Anterope Variey) Highway Planning and Construction (Baseball Pedestrian Overpass)		* STPAA -BR-TMT-5244(3) * RABA-55(138)	2,186,595 2,989,726	
Highway Planning and Construction (33rd Street & Sheridan)		* STPP-5214(2)	99,230	
Highway Planning and Construction (35td Steet & Steridan) Highway Planning and Construction (84th Street - Kathy Lane to Old Cheney)		* STPAA-5249(5)	10,516	
Highway Planning and Construction (84th Street - Cheney Ridge to Hwy 2)		* STPAA-5249(5)	16,330	
Highway Planning and Construction (64th Street - Chency Ridge to Flwy 2) Highway Planning and Construction (South & East Beltway Study)		* DPU-3300(1)	160,346	
Highway Planning and Construction (South & East Betway Study) Highway Planning and Construction (Sun Valley Blvd & Charleston Bride)		* BR-5242(2)	15,362	
Highway Planning and Construction (Old Cheney - Hwy 2 to 70th Street)		* STPAA-5202(7)	265,328	15,257,696
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Lancaster County Rural Transit)	20.509	RPT-C551(202)	14,766	
Formula Grants for Other Than Urbanized Areas (Lancaster County Rural Transit)	20.509	RPT-C551(203)	2,628	17,394
Pass-Through State Department of Highway & Safety:				
Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	01-5		3,193
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	410-96-109		40,353
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	21,482,555
EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION				
Direct Programs: Employment Discrimination - State and Local Fair Employment Practices Agency Contracts	30.002	0/5010/0157	\$	41,771
INSTITUTE OF MUSEUM AND LIBRARY SERVICES				
Pass-Through State Library Commission:				
Pass-Through State Library Commission: State Library Program (Library Services and Technology Act)	45.310	2001	,	
Pass-Through State Library Commission:	45.310 45.310	2001	3,605 \$	18,958

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Number	Fede	ral Expenditures
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Direct Programs:				
CEPP Technical Assistance Grants Program (Risk Management Program)	66.810	X99786101-0	\$	1,352
Pass-Through State Department of Environmental Quality:				
Air Pollution Control Program Support	66.001	M-007056(00)		33
Air Pollution Control Program Support	66.001	M-007056(01)	18,2	
Air Pollution Control Program Support	66.001	M-007056(02)	80,3	<u>64</u> 99,426
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants (Safe Water Tomorrow-South) Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants (Holmes Lake Water Shed & Sediment/Channel Stab)	66.460 66.460	C9007403-00-0	10,8 20,2	
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants (Air Toxic Monitoring)	66.606	X-98705701-0	15,7	67
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants (103 PM Monitoring)	66.606	PM997527-01(01)	16,7	66
Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants (103 PM Monitoring)	66.606	PM997527-01(02)	16,2	34 48,767
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				\$180,626_
EEMA				
FEMA Direct Programs:				
National Urban Search and Rescue (US&R) Response System	83.526	EMW-97-CA-0402		\$ 260,631
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Pass-Through State Department of Education:				
Special Education: Grants for Infants and Families with Disabilities (Innovative Projects)	84.181	965508-248-3C3-01		\$ 2,091
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Direct Programs:				
Community Service Block Grant Discretionary Awards-Community Food & Nutrition Program	93.571	90EN0436	\$	34,886
Pass-Through State Department of Health and Human Services: Special Programs for Aging Title VII, Chapter 3: Programs for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, & Explo	93 041	NGA 2002-045		5,000
Special Fred and Fred Fred Fred St. Fred and Fred Fred Fred Fred St. Fred Fred Fred Fred Fred Fred Fred Fred	75.011	110112002010		2,000
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part D: Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part D: Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services Aging Cluster:	93.043 93.043	NGA 2003-045 NGA 2002-141	5 18,2	00 57 18,757
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part B: Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	* NGA 2003-042	20,0	57
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part B: Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers		* NGA 2002-138	336,9	
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part C: Nutrition Services	93.045	* NGA 2003-043	15,3	68
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part C: Nutrition Services		* NGA 2002-139	357,8	
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part C: Nutrition Services		* NGA 2003-044	5,1	
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part C: Nutrition Services	93.045	* NGA 2002-140	101,7	<u>09</u> 837,100
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part E: National Family Caregiver Support Group	93.052	NGA 2003-046	7,4	30
Special Programs for Aging Title III, Part E: National Family Caregiver Support Group	93.052	NGA 2002-092	37,1	49 44,579
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	2001	10,1	94
Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	2002	14,2	
Acquired Immunodaticianay Syndroma (Aida) Activity (STD)	93.118	2001	10.1	02
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (Aids) Activity (STD) Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (Aids) Activity (STD)	93.118	2001	10,1 11,0	
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects (CDC 03)	93.197	99033 99033	7,2	
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects (CDC 02)	93.197	99033	45,5	<u>47</u> 52,763
Immunization Grants (Hepatitis B)	93.268	2002	5,4	
Immunization Grants (Hepatitis B)	93.268	2001	4,2	
Immunization Grants (NE Immunization Action Plan)	93.268	2002	30,0	
Immunization Grants (NE Immunization Action Plan) Immunization Grants (NE Immunization Action Plan)	93.268 93.268	2001 2000	30,0 9	99 70,814
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Tobacco Prevention & Control and Prevention & Prevention & Control and Prevention & Control and Prevention & Control and Prevention & Control		2002	54,9	
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Tobacco Prevention & Control for Disease Centrol and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Tobacco Prevention)		2003	13,7	
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Tobacco Free Coalition) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Tobacco Free Coalition)	93.283 93.283	2002 2001		09 60
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Bioterrorism Grant)	93.283	99051	8,5	
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Bioterrorism Grant)	93.283	99051	23,1	
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Investigations and Tech Assistance (Bioterrorism Grant)	93.283	99051	24,8	18 126,232

(Continued) See Accompanying Notes to Supplementary Schedule of Federal Awards

	Federal CFDA				
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grant Number	F	ederal Exp	penditures
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grant (Elderly Refugee Services) Social Services Block Grant (SSBG)	93.576 93.667	2001			50,542 12,633
Cooperative Agreements for State-Based Comprehensive Breast & Cervical CancerEarly Detection Program		2001	\$	3,065	
Cooperative Agreements for State-Based Comprehensive Breast & Cervical CancerEarly Detection Program Cooperative Agreements for State-Based Comprehensive Breast & Cervical CancerEarly Detection Program		2002 2003		65,000 6,786	64,851
HIV Prevention Activities Health Dept Based (HIV Prevention Program)	93.940	2002		9,805	
HIV Prevention Activities Health Dept Based (HIV Prevention Program)	93.940	2001		4,992	
HIV Prevention Activities Health Dept Based (HIV Testing CTR/PCRS)	93.940	U62/CCU702039-15-1	3	32,369	
HIV Prevention Activities Health Dept Based (HIV Testing CTR/PCRS)	93.940	U62/CCU702039-15-1	1	7,538	64,704
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Injury Prevention & Control)	93.991	2003-PHHS-10-LHD-C		1,897	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Injury Prevention & Control)	93.991	2002-PHHS-10-LHD-C		6,727	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Local Director's Training Grant)	93.991	2002-PHHS-02-DDF	1	9,758	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Local Director's Training Grant)	93.991	2001-PHHS-02-DDF		163	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Cardiovascular)	93.991	2003-PHHS-08-LHD-C		3,700	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Cardiovascular)	93.991	2002-PHHS-08-LHD-C	1	5,020	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Diabetes)	93.991	2002		2,125	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Epidemiology 2001)	93.991	2003-PHHS-09-LHD-C		3,423	
Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (Epidemiology 2000)	93.991	2002-PHHS-09-LHD-C	1	2,314	65,127
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States (High Risk Newborns)	93.994	MCH-02-35			73,736
Pass-Through State Department of Labor:					
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (Welfare to Work)	93.558	Y-7052-9-00-81-50			183,863
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				\$	1,751,236
DRPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE Direct Programs:					
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	02SRNNE 070	\$		77,164
Foster Grandparent / Senior Companion Cluster:	74.002	025KNNE 070	Ψ		77,104
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	439NO64-04	S	39.451	
Foster Grandparent Program	94.011	02SFNNE 068		89,614	
Senior Companion Program	94.016	01SCNNE 011		5,861	
Senior Companion Program	94.016	01SCNNE 011		1,486	256,412
Pass-Through Nebraska Volunteer Commission:					
AmeriCorps (Urban Revitalization Project)	94.006	ASFNE0281201(01)	2	20,579	
AmeriCorps (Urban Revitalization Project)	94.006	ASFNE0281201(02)		1,440	22,019
Total Corporation for National and Community Service				\$	355,595
Total Federal Expenditures				\$	32,504,763

CITY OF LINCOLN, NE Notes to Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards August 31, 2002

(1) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) is not prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Encumbrances are not included.

Federal awards provided to subrecipients are treated as expenditures when paid to the subrecipient.

(2) REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Lincoln, Nebraska, for purposes of the Schedule, includes all funds of the City as defined in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, including Lincoln Electric System, Lincoln Water System, and Lincoln Wastewater System.

Lincoln Electric System (LES) operates on a calendar year basis for reporting purposes as opposed to the August 31 fiscal year basis of the City. As a result, the amounts included in the City's August 31, 2002, basic financial statements for LES are audited figures as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001.

(3) PASS-THROUGH AWARDS

The City of Lincoln receives certain federal awards in the form of pass-through awards from the State of Nebraska. Such amounts received as pass-through awards are specifically identified on the Schedule.

(4) MAJOR PROGRAMS

In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, major programs are determined using a risk-based approach. Programs in the accompanying Schedule denoted with an asterisk (*) are determined by the independent auditor to be major programs.

(5) FEDERAL LOANS OUTSTANDING

The City administers the following loan programs for which the federal government imposes continuing compliance requirements on the following outstanding balances:

CFDA#	<u>Program</u>	f August 31, 2002
14.218	Community Development Block Grant	\$ 9,215,289
14.239	HOME Investment Partnership Program	7,654,969

New loans included in the Schedule totaled \$937,210 and \$993,531, respectively.

The City administers the following loan programs for which the federal government does not impose continuing compliance requirements on the following outstanding balances:

CFDA#	<u>Program</u>	Outstanding Balance as of August 31, 2002
14.230	Rental Rehabilitation Program	\$ 681,722
14.240	Hope 3 Loan Program	30,319
66.458	Capitalization Grant Project Loan No. C317008-01	5,592,566

(6) CONTINGENCIES

The City receives funds under various federal grant programs and such awards are to be expended in accordance with the provisions of the various grants. Compliance with the grants is subject to audit by various government agencies which may impose sanctions in the event of non-compliance. Management believes that they have complied with all aspects of the various grant provisions and the results of adjustments, if any, relating to such audits would not have any material financial impact.

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lincoln, Nebraska:

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska (the City) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated January 3, 2003.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the City Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

/s/ KPMG LLP

January 3, 2003

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lincoln, Nebraska:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2002. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item #02-02 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the City did not comply with the requirement regarding the Davis-Bacon Act that is applicable to its Federal Transit Cluster program. Compliance with the requirement is necessary, in our opinion, for the City to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2002.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

We noted certain matters involving internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to administer a major federal program in accordance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items #02-01 and #02-02.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with the applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider item #02-02 to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the City Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

/s/ KPMG LLP

January 3, 2003

CITY OF LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended August 31, 2002

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

- (a) Type of report issued as it relates to the financial statements: Unqualified.
- (b) The audit did not disclose any reportable conditions in internal control over the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) The audit did disclose reportable conditions in internal controls over a major program.
- (e) Type of report issued on compliance for major programs: Qualified.
- (f) The audit disclosed audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- (g) Major programs:

CFDA #20.205 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster

CFDA #20.507 Federal Transit Cluster

CFDA #93.044 and #93.045 Aging Cluster

- (h) Dollar threshold to distinguish Type A and B programs: \$1,423,328.
- (i) The City of Lincoln, Nebraska did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

None.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

Finding #02-01

Program: CFDA #20.507 – Federal Transit Cluster – Reporting

Federal Grantor Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

Criteria: The Code of Federal Regulations requires quarterly submission of the SF-269A, *Financial Status Report*. Recipients have the responsibility to ensure compliance with federal requirements through the use of sound internal controls.

Condition: Review procedures performed prior to the submission of the March 31, 2002 report did not discover reporting errors.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: The errors were later found, the federal government was contacted, and a corrected report was submitted.

Cause: Employee turnover and the review procedures performed were not sufficient to discover errors

Effect: Inaccurate reporting and increased risk of future submission of inaccurate reports.

Recommendation: We recommend the department analyze and update their current review procedures to ensure they are sufficient to prevent the submission of inaccurate reports; for example, the City could require the preparer of the report to submit supporting documentation for all amounts included within the report so the reviewer may verify the amounts reported agree to the City's accounting records.

Finding #02-02

Program: CFDA #20.507 – Federal Transit Cluster – Davis-Bacon Act

Federal Grantor Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

Criteria: Non-federal entities shall include in their construction contracts subject to Davis-Bacon Act a requirement that the contractor or subcontractor comply with the requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act and the DOL regulations (29 CFR part 5, "Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Governing Federally Financed and Assisted Construction"). This includes a requirement for the contractor or subcontractor to submit to the non-Federal entity weekly, for each week in which any contract work is performed, a copy of the payroll and a statement of compliance (certified payrolls) (29 CFR sections 5.5 and 5.6). This reporting is often done using Optional Form WH-347, which includes the required statement of compliance (OMB No. 1215-0149).

Condition: The City did not require contractors to submit certified payrolls.

Questioned Costs: Unknown.

Context: No Davis-Bacon monitoring procedures were performed.

Cause: Employee turnover.

Effect: Inability to test for compliance.

Recommendation: We recommend the City develop policies and procedures to ensure they are in compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act.

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